Madame President,

This session marks one year since the COVID-19 pandemic began. As detailed in the OHCHR report, the crisis has had a significant and far-reaching impact on the rights of people around the world. Nearly 2.5 million people have lost their lives. Many more have lost their livelihoods and up to 150 million are at risk of extreme poverty. Frontline workers have faced reprisals for speaking up or criticising the response, while minorities and marginalised communities have faced further discrimination. As of early February, over 75% of global vaccine supply had been used by 10 countries while some other 130 countries, representing 2.5 billion people, had yet to administer a single dose. As noted by the Secretary General on Monday, some states have used the pandemic as a pretext to "crush dissent, criminalize basic freedoms, silence independent reporting and curtail the activities of non-governmental organisations."

States must work together – in close and meaningful consultation with civil society and frontline workers – if they are to effectively end this pandemic; truly “build back better”; and ensure that no one is left behind. They must urgently commit to work together – including at this Council – to guarantee the rights of all people no matter where they live – without discrimination – by ensuring fair and universal access to diagnostics, treatment and vaccines. No state should use the pandemic as a cover to curtail rights. This Council should ensure continued space for discussion on the broad human rights impacts of the pandemic.

We welcome the OHCHR’s attention to the crisis in Ethiopia, particularly in relation to the conflict in the Tigray region. For the past three months, the full scale of human suffering in Tigray has been largely unknown, compounded by restricted access to the region, and internet and telephone blackouts. There is, however, significant evidence of massacres of civilians, indiscriminate bombardment, extrajudicial killings, looting and sexual violence. Over 450,000 people have been displaced and 2.3 million people are in urgent need of life-saving assistance. We urge all parties to the conflict to comply with international human rights and humanitarian

law, and to allow full access to humanitarian assistance and human rights monitors to the region. This Council must take action to prevent further violations and abuses and to ensure accountability.

We remain alarmed by increased violations in the Philippines over the past months. Attacks against activists, human rights defenders, and Indigenous peoples, have escalated and extrajudicial killings in the context of the ‘war on drugs’ continue to be reported, fuelled by ongoing impunity and further incitement by the President. We urge states to hold the government of the Philippines to the commitments made to this Council in resolution 45/33 and remain convinced an investigation is warranted.

Thank you.

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5 Philippine Daily Inquirer, 3 found bound and shot dead on Bulacan roadside were abducted from MM, by Carmela Reyes-Estrope, 16 January 2021, available at: https://newsinfo.inquirer.net/1384354/3-found-bound-and-shot-dead-on-bulacan-roadside-were-abducted-from-mm#Echobox=1610775614.