URGENT ACTION

FOUR BIDUN MEN RELEASED, THREE STILL DETAINED Four of the seven men from Kuwait's Bidun ("stateless") community arrested in February were released on bail on 10 March. The three others are still detained, and may be prisoners of conscience.

A General Court ordered the release of four Bidun men, **Hussein Jabr**, **Youssef Matar**, **Ahmad Sa'ad** and **Mush'el Mut'eb** on bail of 100 Kuwaiti Dinars (US\$355). They were accused of "illegal gathering" and may still face trial. The judge in the same court also extended the detention of the three other Bidun activists, **'Abdullah 'Atallah, 'Abdulhakim al-Fadhli** and his brother **Abdulnasser al-Fadhli**. They are due in court on 17 March.

'Abdullah 'Atallah was arrested on 19 February. He is accused of "insulting the Amir", "illegal gathering" and damaging police property (car)". Abdulhakim al-Fadhli and his brother Abdulhasser al-Fadhli were arrested on 24 February. They are both facing charges of damaging police patrol cars and assaulting security officers, while Abdulhakim al-Fadhli is also accused of "inciting rebellion" and his brother of "harbouring a fugitive". Abdulhakim al-Fadhli said that during the four hours after his arrest he was beaten and threatened with rape. The three men are held in the Central Prison in Kuwait City.

Please write immediately in Arabic, English or your own language:

Calling on the authorities to release 'Abdullah 'Atallah, 'Abdulhakim al-Fadhli and his brother Abdulnasser al-Fadhli immediately and unconditionally, if they are held solely for peacefully exercising their rights to freedom of expression, assembly and association;

Calling on them to ensure that they are protected from torture and other ill-treatment and that they are granted regular access to their families and lawyers;

Calling on them to order an impartial and independent investigation into the reported torture of 'Abdulhakim al-Fadhli and bring those responsible to justice.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS BEFORE 21 APRIL 2014TO:

Amir of the State of Kuwait His Highness Sheikh Sabah al-Ahmad al-Jaber Al Sabah Al Diwan Al Amiri, P.O.Box: 1 - Safat – 13001, State of Kuwait. Fax: +965 22430559 Email: amirsoffice@da.gov.kw Salutation: Your Highness

Minister of Justice His Excellency Dr. Nayef Mohammed Al-Ajmi Ministry of Justice PO Box 6, al-Safat 1300, Kuwait Email: info@moj.gov.kw Salutation: Your Excellency And copies to: <u>Chairperson</u> Parliamentary Human Rights Committee National Assembly P.O. Box 716, al-Safat 13008, Kuwait Fax +965 22436331 Email: ipu-grp@kna.kw (In subject line: FAO Chairperson of the Parliamentary Human Right Committee

Also send copies to diplomatic representatives accredited to your country. Please insert local diplomatic addresses below: Name Address 1 Address 2 Address 3 Fax Fax number Email Email address Salutation Salutation

Please check with your section office if sending appeals after the above date. This is the first update of UA 47/14. Further information: http://amnesty.org/en/library/info/MDE17/001/2014/en





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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Inspired by protests which broke out in 2011 in the wider Middle East and North Africa region, the Bidun community began protesting peacefully in February 2011, demanding to be recognized as citizens of Kuwait. The security forces have used force to disperse demonstrations and arrest protesters, some of whom are still on trial for taking part in the demonstrations. The Kuwaiti Prime Minister told Amnesty International on 18 October 2012 that the government would extend Kuwaiti nationality to 34,000 Bidun and resolve the remaining cases within five years. Kuwait's parliament passed a bill in March 2013 to grant citizenship to up to 4,000 'foreigners' by the end of 2013. However no Bidun have yet been naturalized.

2011 marked the 50th anniversary of Kuwait's independence as well as the 50th anniversary of statelessness for the Bidun community in Kuwait. They have been protesting against their continuing statelessness and to demand Kuwaiti nationality, which would allow them to access free education, free healthcare and employment opportunities on the same basis as Kuwaiti citizens.

There are more than 100,000 Bidun in Kuwait. Many are descendants of migrant, Bedouin tribes that roamed freely across the borders of the Gulf region, but because their ancestors did not understand the importance of citizenship, or given their centuries-old way of life they did not want to belong to any one country, and still others were illiterate, they did not apply for nationality. A great many Bidun assert that the majority are in possession of legal documents that prove their longstanding and continuous settlement in Kuwait.

The Nationality Law was brought to effect in 1959: it defined Kuwaiti nationals as persons who were settled in Kuwait prior to 1920 and who maintained their normal residence there until the publication of the law. Many were therefore recognized as Kuwaiti citizens; others were naturalized and granted partial rights, and the remaining group were identified as Bidun.

Many were included in the 1965 census, a key criterion towards gaining recognition as Kuwaiti citizens. Others served in the army and the police forces. During the 1980s, the security situation in Kuwait deteriorated, and the attitude towards the Bidun changed: they no longer had access to government schools, free healthcare or certain government jobs. Government officials stated that most Bidun were nationals of neighbouring countries and that they had destroyed their documents in order to claim the benefits granted to Kuwaiti nationals, and that they were therefore "illegal residents." Following the 1991 Iraqi invasion and the subsequent liberation of Kuwaiti society. Many lost their jobs in the country's army and police forces and other jobs in the public sector.

For further information, see the September 2013 campaign digest: *The 'Withouts' of Kuwait: Nationality for stateless Bidun now*, http://amnesty.org/en/library/info/MDE17/001/2013/en.

Names: 'Abdullah 'Atallah, 'Abdulhakim al-Fadhli, Abdulnasser al-Fadhli, Gender m/f: m

Further information on UA: 47/14 Index: MDE 17/002/2014 Issue Date: 10 March 2014