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UA 245/02 Fear of torture/ill-health/ 5 August 2002

death in custody/prisoners of conscience

PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC Yang Jiahua (m), aged 54, peasant farmer

OF CHINA + nine other farmers from Chongqing municipality

Dead: Zeng Lingyun (m)

Yang Jiahua, a peasant farmer from Dianjiang county in Chongqing municipality, is reportedly very ill in detention. He was detained for protesting against government corruption. He has reportedly been ill-treated in detention, and there are fears he is being denied medical care for his current illness.

Nine other farmers, arrested with Yang Jiahua, are also believed to remain in detention solely for the peaceful expression of their beliefs. Amnesty International believes they and Yang Jiahua are all prisoners of conscience.

Yang Jiahua is reportedly suffering from serious stomach pains as well as a skin disease. He has reportedly been vomiting frequently, and has a fever.

Yang Jiahua was arrested in August 1999 for calling for an end to corruption and excessive taxation in his area, and was sentenced to 15 years imprisonment. Former prisoners held in jail with Yang Jiahua report that he was frequently beaten and ill-treated while in prison, where he was forced to wear heavy handcuffs and chains.

In June 1998, Yang Jiahua was among a group of 20 farmers who organized the "Chinese People's Workers and Farmers Anti-Corruption Army's Southwest Yangtze River Division" in Chongqing's Dianjiang county. The group held many rallies in the region protesting against corruption, calling for a reduction in the burdens on peasants and calling for a reversal of the government's verdict on the pro-democracy protests in Tiananmen square which called the events "counter-revolutionary".

Ten of them were detained when they passed out fliers in Chongqing on the  $10^{\rm th}$  anniversary of the Tiananmen massacre on 4 June 1999. The whereabouts of some of those arrested remain unknown, although it is reported that most have been sentenced to long terms of imprisonment.

In a separate incident, Zeng Lingyun, from Longxing town, also in Chongqing municipality, has allegedly been shot and beaten to death while in police custody. He was reportedly detained on 26 July, apparently on suspicion of failing to register his motorcycle properly. His family was notified on 28 July that Zeng had died on the morning of 28 July. When they were allowed to see the body, his family reported that it was covered with bruising and blood and with what appeared to be a bullet hole in his head.

Conflicting accounts of the cause of Zeng Lingyun's death have since emerged. Zeng's sister, Linglan reportedly received a note from Longxing Police Substation on 28 July, informing them that Zeng Lingyun was shot dead at their police substation that morning. However, the head of Longxing police substation, Zhou Ping, has reportedly since stated that another police substation, at Tongjing, had taken Zeng away to investigate him for stealing pigeons and that Longxing police had been informed of Zeng's death by Tongjing police. Zhou Ping also alleged that the cause of death was uncertain and that an investigation was underway. There has been no official confirmation of this.

#### BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Social unrest in the countryside in China is growing as economic reforms continue and disparities between rich and poor become more marked. Social welfare systems have been weakened in recent years and excessive taxation and rampant corruption by local officials is a growing problem.

Many protests in the countryside - like those in the cities - have been put down with violence and many leaders or participants have been sentenced to long terms of imprisonment. In some cases, the use of force has been greater in the countryside as the media spotlight is less intense. Reports of the abuse of power by local officials have been growing and are becoming more frequently reported in the Chinese media. However, in many cases it seems there is no proper investigation into complaints of torture or deaths by the local villagers.

# FURTHER RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send appeals to arrive as quickly as possible, in English or your own language:

- urging the authorities to ensure that Yang Jiahua is given immediate medical treatment, and calling for a guarantee that he will not be ill-treated in detention; calling for the immediate and unconditional release of Yang Jiahua and the other nine farmers sentenced with him as Amnesty International believes they are being detained solely for the peaceful expression of their rights to freedom of expression and association;
- calling for an immediate and impartial investigation into the alleged death in custody of Zeng Lingyun and asking that any officials responsible for the beating and killing of Zeng be brought to justice;
- urging the authorities to ensure that local officials in the countryside in China, and in this case, in Chongqing municipality, are strictly regulated and any abuses of power are investigated.

#### APPEALS TO:

Mayor of Chongqing
Bao Xuding
C/O Chongqing People's Government
232 Renmin Lu
Yu Zhong District
Chongqing Shi
400015
People's Republic of China

Telegram: Mayor, Chongqing People's Government, Chongqing Shi,

China

Email: cqgov@.cq.gov.cn Salutation: Dear Mayor

### **Director, Chongqing People's Government Foreign Affairs Office**

33 4th New Road Yu Zhong Qu Chongqing Shi 400015

People's Republic of China

Telegram: Director ,Foreign Affairs Office, Chongqing People's

Government, Chongqing Shi, China Email: zidonghua@cq.gov.cn

Salutation: Dear Director

## <u>Head of Dianjiang County People's Government</u> Nannei Jie

Dianjiang County Chongqing shi

People's Republic of China

Telegrams: Dianjiang County People's Government, Dianjiang County,

Chongqing Shi, China Salutation: Dear County Chair

Copies to:

China's Central TV, Beijing

E-mail: webmaster@mail.cctv.com / michael@nic.cctv.com

Xinhua News Agency

E-mail: english\_mail@xinhuanet.com

and to diplomatic representatives of the People's Republic of China accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 16 September 2002.