EXTERNAL (for general distribution)

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Further information on UA 55/94 (AMR 23/20/94, 17 February 1994) - Extrajudicial Executions/Fear for Safety

COLOMBIA: José del Carmen BALCEDO Ciro BLANCO CACERES Adolfo CALDERÓN FLOREZ José Alexis FUENTES GUERRERO Juan LOZANO GONZÁLEZ Fructuoso RINCÓN PAEZ Elizabeth TABARES (f).

Amnesty International has received further information on the extrajudicial execution of nine (not ten people as previously reported) people, including those named above, in the community of Puerto Lleras, Saravena municipality, department of Arauca on 3 January 1994.

According to reports received the *Procuraduría General de la Nación* -Procurator General's Office, has charged nine soldiers: a lieutenant-colonel, two majors, a captain, a lieutenant, a sub-lieutenant and three volunteer soldiers for their part in the extrajudicial executions of the nine people who they claimed had been guerrillas, as well as ill-treatment and illegal detention of several hundred other civilians. The soldiers all belong to the *Batallón General Gabriel Reveiz Pizarro* - General Gabriel Reveiz Pizarro Batallion based in Saravena.

According to the preliminary conclusions reached by the Procurator General's Office, the victims were peasant farmers who had been killed in retaliation for a guerrilla attack; also on 3 January 1994, on a military base in Saravena in which 3 soldiers had been killed and four injured.

The military unit involved in the killings had first blocked all entry and exit points to Saravena and forced approximately 500 inhabitants into the central park. They were held for approximately eight hours. On the same day forces from the General Gabriel Reveiz Pizarro Batallion moved into Puerto Lleras and killed the nine civilians. They claimed that the nine were guerrillas killed in combat. The remainder of the Puerto Lleras community were retained for 24 hours during which time they were subjected to ill-treatment at the hands of the military.

The charges of the Procurator General's Office range from the illegal retention of 500 people, attempts to cover up the events of the case and presenting untruthful testimony, torture and ill-treatment, and the extrajudicial executions of the nine civilians.

Amnesty International welcomes the fact that the Procurator General's Office has identified some of the perpetrators of the extrajudicial executions and other human rights violations in Puerto Lleras. A sanction by the Procurator General's Office can lead at most to dismissal or a fine. Amnesty International is concerned that as yet no criminal charges have been brought to bear on any member of the security forces for these extrajudicial executions. The organization is also concerned that the criminal case continues to be under the jurisdiction of the military justice system which has consistently failed to convict members of the security forces responsible for human rights violations.

In recent years members of the security forces responsible for human rights violations have rarely been brought to justice. On the occasions when they are brought to trial their cases are judged within the military justice system which has consistently failed to convict security force agents. This impunity has contributed to the systematic violation of human rights by the security forces.

FURTHER RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/faxes/express and airmail letters:

- expressing continuing concern for the extrajudicial execution of nine members of the community of Puerto Lleras by members of the armed forces on 3 January 1994;

- welcoming the fact that the Procurator General's Office has identified several members of the armed forces involved in the killings;

- urging that the Colombian authorities should ensure that members of the security forces responsible for these killings should now be brought to justice and that criminal investigations should be handled by the civilian justice system, such a commitment on the part of the Colombian authorities would be in line with the stated policy objectives of the new government of President Samper to stamp out impunity.

APPEALS TO:

President of Colombia: Señor Ernesto Samper Pizano Presidente de la República Palacio de Nariño Santa Fé de Bogotá, Colombia Telegrams: President Samper, Bogotá, Colombia Telex: 44281 PALP CO Fax: + 57 1 286 7434/287 7939 Salutation: Excelentísimo Sr. Presidente/Dear President Samper Procurator General: Dr. Orlando Vásquez Velásquez Procurador General de la Nación Procuraduría General Edificio Banco Ganadero Carrera 5, No. 15-80 Santafé de Bogotá, Colombia Telegrams: Procurador General Velásquez, Bogotá, Colombia Fax:+ 57 1 342 9723 Salutation:Sr. Procurador de la Nación/Dear Dr. Velásquez Minister of Defence

Dr. Fernando Botero Zea Ministro de Defensa Nacional Ministerio de Defensa Nacional Avenida El Dorado - Carrera 52 Santafé de Bogotá, Colombia Telegrams:Ministro de Defensa Botero Zea, Bogota, Colombia Telex:42411 INPRE CO; 44561 CFAC CO

Fax:+ 57 1 222 1874 Salutation: Sr. Ministro/Dear Minister

Minister of the Interior Dr. Horacio Serpa Uribe Ministro de Gobierno Carrera 8A, No.8-09, Piso 7⁰ Santafé de Bogotá DE Colombia **Telegrams: Ministro de Gobierno, Bogota, Colombia Teles:45406 MINGO CO** Salutation:Sr. Ministro/Dear Minister

COPIES OF YOUR APPEALS TO:

Human Rights and Educational Organization Señores CINEP AA 25916 Santa Fé de Bogotá Colombia

Andean Commission of Jurists Comisión Andina de Juristas AA 58533 Santa Fé de Bogotá Colombia

and to diplomatic representatives of COLOMBIA accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after October 27 1994.