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NEWS FOR HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

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Amnesty International Reports & Statements

28 March: Libya: [Thorough investigation urged over Libya rape case](#). The Libyan authorities must thoroughly investigate the case of a woman who said she had been raped by forces loyal to Colonel Muammar al-Gaddafi, Amnesty International said.

28 March: Global: [Death Penalty in 2010: Executing countries left isolated after decade of progress](#). Countries which continue to use the death penalty are being left increasingly isolated following a decade of progress towards abolition, Amnesty International has said in its new report *Death Sentences and Executions in 2010*.

25 March: Iran: [UN to monitor human rights situation in Iran](#). The UN Human Rights Council's decision to appoint a Special Rapporteur to monitor and report on the deteriorating human rights situation in Iran was welcomed by Amnesty International.

24 March: USA: [Fresh call for end to harsh detention of Wikileaks soldier](#). The US authorities must put an end to the harsh pre-trial detention conditions of Bradley Manning, the soldier accused of leaking information to Wikileaks, Amnesty International said.

23 March: Egypt: [Egyptian women protesters forced to take 'virginity tests'](#). Amnesty International has called on the Egyptian authorities to investigate serious allegations of torture, including forced 'virginity tests', inflicted by the army on women protesters arrested in Tahrir Square in March.

21 March: Libya: [Q&A: Human rights and war in Libya](#). Following a United Nations Security Council resolution on 18 March 2011 to allow foreign military action against Libya, conflict still rages between al-Gaddafi's forces, rebels based in Benghazi, and international forces attacking from the air. Amnesty International examines some of the human rights issues at stake.

18 March: Bahrain: [Bahrain must free detained opposition activists \(including doctors\)](#). Amnesty International is calling for the immediate release of eight prominent Bahraini opposition activists arrested following a violent dispersal of demonstrators in Manama.

17 March: Bahrain: [Evidence of Bahraini security forces' brutality revealed](#). In a new report released today, *Bloodied but Unbowed: Unwarranted State Violence against Bahraini Protesters*, the organization documents how security forces used live ammunition and extreme force against protesters in February without warning and impeded and assaulted medical staff trying to help the wounded.

17 March: Iran: [Deaths in Iranian prison must be investigated](#). Amnesty International has called for an investigation into reports that up to 14 people were killed in a disturbance in a jail near Tehran.

16 March: Afghanistan: [Afghan citizens beaten in detention at Ukraine airport](#). Amnesty International has condemned the mistreatment of eight Afghan citizens awaiting deportation from Ukraine, who are being beaten by border guards and denied adequate food, water and medical treatment.

16 March: Greece: [Greece must urgently remedy deplorable detention conditions](#). Amnesty International has called on the Greek authorities to act immediately to remedy the deplorable conditions which foreign nationals who have been deprived of their liberty and prisoners have been enduring, including in many cases detention conditions so poor as to amount to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment. Greece should immediately halt the routine detention of foreign nationals solely on the grounds of their immigration status.

15 March: Middle East: [UN urged to put human rights first in Middle East](#). Amnesty International Secretary-General Salil Shetty has urged the UN to support human rights in the Middle East and North Africa, as protests calling for reform continued to erupt.

15 March: Bahrain: [Violent crackdown in Bahrain condemned](#). Amnesty International has called on the governments of Bahrain and Saudi Arabia to immediately restrain their security forces after an anti-government protester was shot dead in Bahrain and many others sustained gunshot injuries.

14 March: Yemen: [Yemeni Protesters Killed in Violent Attacks](#). Amnesty International has urged the Yemeni authorities to identify and prosecute members of the security forces responsible for the killings of at least eight anti-government demonstrators.

14 March: Bahrain: [Tear gas and rubber bullets as Bahrain security forces crackdown on protests](#). Amnesty International has called on the Bahrain authorities to hold security forces accountable over the use of excessive force after police fired rubber bullets at close range at demonstrators in the capital Manama.

11 March: Cuba: [Cuba must release prisoner of conscience on hunger strike.](#) Amnesty International has called on the Cuban authorities to release an activist on hunger strike who was detained for his human rights work three months ago and is set to face trial at the end of March.

11 March: Iraq: [Iraqi anti-government protesters freed.](#) Amnesty International has welcomed yesterday's release of four anti-government protesters reported missing since their arrest in Baghdad and called on the authorities to free others still in detention.

10 March: Iraq: [Iraqi activists' torture allegations spark fears for detained protesters.](#) A group of anti-government protesters missing since they were arrested this week in Baghdad are feared to be at risk of torture, after other recently released protestors told Amnesty International they were tortured in detention.

10 March: USA: [Illinois abolishes the death penalty.](#) Amnesty International has welcomed the decision by Governor Pat Quinn of Illinois to sign into law a bill abolishing the death penalty. He also commuted the death sentences of the 15 men on death row in the state. Illinois will become the 16th state in the USA to ban capital punishment when the law signed by Governor Quinn yesterday comes into effect on 1 July.

9 March: Sri Lanka: [Sri Lanka must release thousands being held under repressive laws.](#) Amnesty International has called on the Sri Lankan government to immediately release thousands of people currently being held in detention without charge or trial and to amend its repressive anti-terrorism laws to conform to international standards.

8 March: Egypt: [Video footage shows Egyptian prison inmates apparently tortured and killed.](#) Amnesty International has called for an urgent investigation by the Egyptian authorities after receiving video footage from inside a morgue showing the bodies of scores of prisoners, some of whom had apparently been tortured before being killed.

8 March: Syria: [Syria must release all prisoners of conscience after human rights lawyer freed.](#) Amnesty International has urged the Syrian authorities to free all prisoners of conscience following the release of a 79-year-old human rights lawyer.

4 March: Libya: [Libyan paramedics targeted by pro-Gaddafi forces.](#) Libyan medical teams have told Amnesty International how they came under fire from pro-Gaddafi security forces yesterday while carrying out their work.

4 March: Taiwan: [Executions of five men in Taiwan condemned.](#) Amnesty International has condemned the execution of five men in Taiwan. The five men – Wang Chih-huang, Wang Kuo-hua, Chuang Tien-chu, Guang Chung-yen and Chung Teh-shu - were all executed by shooting. They had been separately sentenced to death for crimes committed between 1988 and 2005.

1 March: Tunisia: The 46-page report [Tunisia in Revolt: State Violence during Anti Government Protests](#) reveals that security forces shot bystanders and fleeing protesters and fired live ammunition at protesters who did not pose a threat to their lives, nor that of others.

1 March: [Rape and sexual violence: Human rights law and standards in the International Criminal Court.](#) New document by Amnesty International.

Actions for Health Professionals

Please click on the link and take action by writing appeals to the addresses listed.

23 March: Bahrain: [Urgent Action for Further Arrests of Protesters and Doctors](#). A crackdown on Shi'a opposition activists and doctors continues in Bahrain, with six more people detained in the past few days. Amnesty International believes that they have been detained solely for their criticism of and involvement in the protests and that therefore they are prisoners of conscience.

18 March: USA: [Health Concern for Pre-trial Detainee](#). Amnesty International is concerned for the health and well-being of Bradley Manning, a 23 year old US army private accused of leaking information to Wikileaks, who has been subjected to prolonged isolation, forced nudity, and other restrictive measures. Authorities have failed to implement the recommendations of military psychiatrists that restrictive measures should be lifted. These measures could have a negative impact on his mental health and well-being, and violate the prohibition of cruel, inhuman and degrading treatment as well as the right of all prisoners to be treated humanely and with respect for their human dignity.

11 March: Russian Federation: [Rasul Kudaev must receive a full and independent medical assessment: First Update to Health Professional Action](#). Rasul Kudaev, who is being held in FBU IZ-7/1, a remand centre in Kabardino-Balkaria Republic, Russia, is reportedly being denied adequate medical care by remand centre authorities and has not yet received an independent medical examination, despite his repeated requests.

11 March: China: [Demand Release for Seriously Ill Uighur](#). Memet Eli Rozi, an ethnic Uighur, is said to be seriously ill in prison in the Xinjiang Uighur Autonomous Region (XUAR) in China. He has been held in detention since March 2010, without charge or trial.

7 March: Russian Federation: [Zubair Isaevich ZubairaeV must get proper evaluation and treatment: Third update to Health Professional Action](#). Zubair Isaevich ZubairaeV, an ethnic Chechen imprisoned at FBU UP-288-T, in Minusinsk, Eastern Siberia has still not received adequate assessment, despite his repeated requests, of his multiple health problems. These include chronic pain and possible traumatic head and spinal injury reportedly due to the torture and ill-treatment he sustained while in detention.

Web Actions

24 March: Bahrain: Amnesty International has documented how in February, security forces in Bahrain used excessive force against peaceful protesters without warning and impeded and assaulted medical staff trying to help the wounded. Sign the petition to urge the King of Bahrain to establish an immediate full, thorough, transparent and independent commission of inquiry to investigate the use of lethal and other excessive force by the security forces against protesters, medical staff and others. Sign [here](#).

4 March: Guatemala: María Isabel Franco was a 15 year old student when she was raped and brutally killed in December 2001. Stand with Rosa in calling on the Attorney General of Guatemala to ensure that a full and effective investigation into the rape and murder of María Isabel Franco is carried out. Signatures will be delivered to the Attorney General in July 2011. Demand that the investigation follows up on all possible leads, carries out all necessary tests, and brings those responsible for these abuses to justice, in the case María Isabel Franco, and for the thousands of other unsolved murders of women. Take Action [here](#).

NEWS ARTICLES

Children

Sierra Leone: [A Boy Named Abdul: Sierra Leone's child inmates.](#) "Sierra Leone's Freetown prison is a hell-hole where both children and adults suffer appalling deprivations." *The Independent* (5 March)

South Africa: [Rape study yields 'disturbing' results](#) "The National Ministry for Women, Children and People with Disabilities on Wednesday described the findings of a study on sexual crime against children as disturbing. The study, which was carried out at various Thuthuzela rape survivor centres nationwide, has revealed that children between the ages of 12 and 17 are the most likely to fall victim of rape in South Africa." *EyeWitness News* (30 March)

USA: [City to Revise Treatment of Children in Foster Care.](#) "New York City is no longer allowed to keep troubled foster-care children in psychiatric hospitals after doctors have recommended their release, and must closely adhere to laws that require such children to be placed in the least restrictive setting possible, after reaching a settlement agreement in federal court last week." *New York Times* (14 March)

USA: [Shock tactics: Treatment or torture?](#) "Ed Pilkington visits the Boston school that uses electric shock as a treatment for children and adults with severe autism or emotional problems." *The Guardian* (12 March)

Death Penalty (Special Focus on USA):

[Federal Prisons Run Out Of Key Execution Drug.](#) "The federal government has told state attorneys general that it has run out of a key execution drug and is exploring alternatives, dashing states' hopes of obtaining a federal supply of the drug. Concerns about the shortage were highlighted Thursday when Ohio executed a man with another drug never before used alone in an execution." *The Associated Press* (10 March)

[Ohio executes inmate using new, single-drug method for death penalty.](#) "Ohio executed an inmate Thursday with a single drug previously used to euthanize animals, the first execution of its kind in the United States and a potentially pivotal development in the nation's emotional battle over capital punishment'." *Washington Post* (11 March)

[LETHAL INJECTION: Federal Agency Seizes Georgia Execution Drug.](#) "The federal Drug Enforcement Administration has seized Georgia's foreign supply of sodium thiopental, saying it will hold the drug while it investigates whether the Department of Corrections imported the drug legally." *Death Penalty Information Center* (16 March)

Ethics

USA: [Giving life after death: prisoner on death row requests right to donate organs.](#) "According to the United Network for Organ sharing, there are more than 110, 000 Americans on organ waiting lists. Around 19 of them die each day.' Christian Longo, a prisoner at Oregon State Penitentiary and founder of the organisation Gifts of Anatomical Value From Everyone, puts forth his argument for the right of prisoners on death row to become organ donors." *New York Times* (5 March)

Gender

Egypt: [Virginity Checks Are Army's Latest Weapon.](#) "Rights groups have demanded an inquiry into the allegations of torture and abuse, which were said to have occurred on Mar. 9 after soldiers and thugs moved in to dislodge protesters camped out in Tahrir Square. More than 170 protesters, including 18 women, were arrested in the violent crackdown and taken to the annex of the Egyptian Museum. Protesters claim they were beaten and tortured by army officers in the museum before being released or transferred to a military prison, where they were subjected to more torture and humiliation. A joint statement by 17 Egyptian rights organisations condemned the physical

and psychological abuse of detainees, and said the participation of doctors in these acts was a flagrant violation of medical ethics." *Inter Press Service* (24 March)

Global: [The Hidden Victims of Wartime Rape](#). "As disturbing new reports of male rape in Congo made clear, wartime sexual violence isn't limited to women and girls. But in its ongoing effort to eradicate rape during conflict, the United Nations continues to overlook a significant imperative: ending wartime sexual assault of men and boys as well." *New York Times* (1 March)

India: [Ex-women prisoners say conditions bad, inmates tortured](#). "A few women who served prison terms have alleged torture and inhuman treatment within the prisons across Tamil Nadu." *Times of India* (8 March)

Israel: [Women Are Shackled During Childbirth](#). Female Palestinian prisoners detained in Israel are often denied legal representation and medical care while being housed in squalid conditions that can include sharing cells with rodents. *Inter Press Service* (10 March)

UK: [Rape and crimes against the disabled: the state admits it should do more](#). "The press can be unforgiving when it comes to the failure of the authorities to protect victims from crime. And two types of crime in particular – crimes against disabled people, and rape – attract particularly vehement criticism in this paper and others victims are let down by the authorities." *The Guardian* (2 March)

UK: [Female prisoner numbers in Scotland 'double'](#). "The number of women in Scottish prisons has almost doubled over the past 10 years, researchers have said." *BBC News* (15 March)

Health Services

India: [Only 2 doctors for 4,000 central jail inmates](#). "Many prisoners suffer from depression once the stark reality of being locked away hits them hard. But the central jail of Parappana Agrahara hasn't had a psychiatrist for the past three weeks. Adding to their woes, the dermatologist at the prison was transferred to a government hospital three months ago." *Times of India* (4 January)

USA: [Despite medical parole law, hospitalized prisoners are costing California taxpayers millions](#). "In September, then-Gov. Arnold Schwarzenegger signed a "medical parole" law designed to spare taxpayers the cost of guarding inmates like Ortiz and dozens of others who officials say are incapacitated. Some are in comas, others paraplegic. If the prisoners were released from custody, the medical costs would shift to their families if they could afford to pay, or to other government programs if they could not. The expense of guarding the patients would be eliminated. But the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation has yet to schedule a parole hearing for even one such inmate." *Los Angeles Times* (2 March)

Mental Health

Canada: [Mental-health issues in prisons at all-time high: expert](#). "The numbers of people with serious mental disorders in Canada's prisons and jails are "higher than they've ever been" and they continue to rise, an Ontario forensic psychiatrist says." *Ottawa Citizen* (24 March)

France (in French**):** [109 inmates committed suicide in French prisons in 2010](#) French prisons are notorious for their relatively high suicide rates. In 2009, 115 inmates committed suicide inside French detention facilities. The figure for 2010 represents the deaths recorded either in detention facilities or later in hospital, according to *Opale*, the Observatory of Prisons and Other Detention Centers Journal. *Le Monde* (3 March).

UK: [Broadmoor patient makes history with court appeal](#) "A patient in Broadmoor Hospital who has spent more than two decades alongside some of Britain's most dangerous criminals has won the right to have a review into his detention heard in public, *The Independent* has learned. The decision, which is thought to be a legal first, has major implications for the way Mental Health

Tribunals function and will open the doors to one of the country's most secretive arbitration systems." *The Independent* (9 March)

USA: [Oakland Effect: Trauma common among mentally ill death row inmates](#). This article concerns the impact of violence and trauma on the mental health of inmates awaiting capital punishment. *The Oakland Tribune* (3 March)

USA: [Professors: Prison fails mentally ill women](#). "A criminology professor at Indiana University of Pennsylvania, Gido said an estimated 42 percent of women in U.S. jails and prisons are mentally ill, compared with 24 percent of men." *Pittsburgh Tribune-Review* (13 March)

Prisons and Detention Centres

Iraq: [Official: Iraq to close prison rife with abuse](#). "A spokesman says Iraq's Justice Ministry will shut down a Green Zone prison where human rights watchdogs believe inmates have been abused." *Associated Press* (14 March)

The Israeli Occupied Palestine Territories: [International Conference on the Rights of Palestinian Prisoners](#). "After six decades, the illegal detention, torture and prison abuse of Palestinians by the Israeli regime, is being seriously addressed on the international stage. Just days after the UN heard testimonies from former Palestinian prisoners at a special meeting in Vienna, a comprehensive conference has taken place on the same issue, in Geneva." *The Palestine Telegraph* (13 March)

Nepal: [Nepal officials warn of increased prison violence](#). "Security officials in Nepal say there is a risk of more violence in the country's jails because they are overcrowded, understaffed and lack basic equipment." *Associated Press* (14 March)

Venezuela: [NGOs report 356% overcrowding in Venezuelan prisons](#). "The inhuman conditions under which 44,000 Venezuelan inmates barely survive and the inability of authorities to improve the conditions and to conform to international standards were reported to Navi Pillay, the UN High Commissioner of Human Rights, and to the UN Human Rights Council by two Venezuelan Non Governmental Organizations." *El Universal* (25 March)

Yemen: [Inmates riot at Yemen prison](#). "Unconfirmed reports of deaths and injuries after security forces open fire on inmates protesting against the president." *Aljazeera* (8 March)

Refugees and Migrants

Australia: [Government urged to speed up processing of asylum seekers and take better care of mental health](#). "I remain concerned about timeliness in processing refugee applications, delays in security agency clearances and various health issues - particularly those related to mental health," Commonwealth Ombudsman Allan Asher said in a statement, the day after Immigration Minister Chris Bowen announced plans to build a new detention immigration centre in Darwin. The Refugee Council of Australia said the centre would not resolve the underlying problems with government policy and Australia should look to Europe and the United States where asylum seekers are released into community-based detention after basic identity and health checks." *The Sydney Morning Herald* (4 March)

UK: [Failures Of HIV Treatment In Immigration Removal Centres Are Inexcusable, UK](#). "A new report from Medical Justice '*Detained and Denied*' outlines 35 cases where people being detained in Immigration Removal Centres (IRCs) have not received the HIV treatment and care to which they are entitled." *Medical News Today* (22 March)

Report here: <http://www.medicaljustice.org.uk/>

USA: [Report criticizes immigrant detention system](#). “Immigrants detained in the United States lack adequate access to legal representation and medical care, while the system itself is over reliant on detention, a human rights report released on Thursday found.” *Reuters* (17 March)

USA: [Proving Torture, to Help Win Asylum](#). “Dr. Ramin Asgary, director of the human rights program at the Mount Sinai School of Medicine, runs one of several clinics across the country evaluating asylum seekers who claimed to have been tortured. His testimony and affidavits have played a crucial role in convincing immigration judges that individuals were victims of torture in their home countries. “The legal standard for being granted asylum is a well-founded fear of persecution if a person is sent back. Past torture may be evidence that such a fear is real.” *New York Times/International Herald Tribune* (4 March)

Torture and Ill-treatment

Canada: [B.C.'s \[British Columbia\] civil liberties watchdog calls on federal government to end 'cruel' solitary detention of female prisoners](#). “B.C.'s civil liberties watchdog has filed suit against the federal government (on behalf of Bobby Lee-Worm), calling for an end to the practice of holding female prisoners in solitary confinement for months or even years at a time. The claim contends that extended periods of isolation can lead to psychosis, depression, hallucination, paranoia, aggression and suicidal behaviour.” *CTV News* (7 March)

Global: [Narrowing the definition of torture to the point of hypocrisy](#). “On 25 February, the court of appeal ruled on the case of Rangzieb Ahmed, a British citizen..serving a life sentence after being convicted of membership of al-Qaida and directing a terrorist organisation. He claimed he was tortured in Pakistan when he was held in custody there and that the UK authorities were complicit in his treatment.’ The judgement raises serious questions about the use of torture-induced intelligence.” *The Guardian* (3 March)

Global: [Campaign to Stop Torture in Healthcare Settings launched](#). Visit this link for more information on this recently launched campaign that includes forced sterilization, denial of pain relief and detention as treatment.

Kenya: [KENYA: In the dock over torture, murder claims](#). “Kenya’s failure to investigate allegations of extrajudicial killings and torture during counter-insurgency operations in the Mt Elgon district has landed the country in the East African Court of Justice (EACJ).” *IRIN* (1 April)

Lebanon: [Rights Groups Seek torture prevention and criminalization](#). “Human rights activists gathered in Beirut Tuesday for a professional workshop on tools to monitor and prevent torture in prisons and detention centers. “In Lebanon [torture] happens in official and other unofficial detention centers,” said Darine al-Hage, executive director of the Human Rights organization Alef.” *The Daily Star* (2 March)

Libya: [Al-Jazeera talks to Benghazi residents about torture](#) “In Benghazi, the opposition says they have unearthed equipment used by the government to torture dissidents, while more and more allegations of cruelty towards political prisoners are emerging. Al Jazeera's Tony Birtley talked to residents in Benghazi and described some of the torture methods used by the Qaddafi regime against dissenters. He visited the destroyed torched cells of the State Security apparatus where many young Libyans were tortured, some still bearing the scars of brutal treatment.” *The Examiner* (2 March)

USA: [Cruel and unusual treatment of WikiLeaks suspect](#). Terry Kupers, a psychologistpsychologist and author of *Prison Madness: The Mental Health Crisis Behind Bars and What We Must Do About It* gives his opinion on the mental effects of solitary confinement in the case of Bradley Manning, an army private accused to leaking information to Wikileaks. *CNN* (16 March)

[Cruel and usual: US solitary confinement](#). “As incarceration rates explode in the US, thousands are placed in solitary confinement, often without cause.” *Al-Jazeera* (19 March)

Zimbabwe: [Zimbabwe Activists May Have Been Tortured, Official Says](#). “The United Nations torture investigator confirmed Monday that he had written the government of Zimbabwe to express concern about allegations that state security agents had assaulted the 45 activists who, after watching reports of the uprisings in Egypt and Tunisia, were recently detained and charged with treason.” *New York Times* (28 February)

Transmissible Diseases

UK: [300% Increase In Hep B Prison Vaccine Helps To Drive Down Infection Rates In Injecting Drug Users, UK](#). “The uptake of the hepatitis B vaccine in prisons across England and Wales has increased three fold in the last six years from 27,161 vaccinations administered in 2003 to 80,762 in 2009...Introduced in prisons in England and Wales in 2003 the hepatitis B vaccination programme has been responsible for a significant reduction in the transmission of the infection in injecting drug users (IDUs) overall.” *Medical News Today* (16 March)

Conferences and Courses

[Music Torture: Research Perspectives](#)

Friday, 29 April 2011, University of Göttingen Germany

In April 2011, the research group “Music, Conflict and the State” at the University of Göttingen will hold an international, interdisciplinary workshop with the aim of determining the current state of research on this issue and to establish research priorities in this area. The workshop is the first event hosted by the group in the context of its work on the use of music in connection with torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading punishment (CID punishment). If you are interested in attending, please contact us per e-mail via mcs-info@uni-goettingen.de as soon as possible and no later than Friday, 15 April 2011.

[Sexual Violence conference - Call for Papers, 8 September 2011, London, UK](#). Proposals for papers, debate papers and posters addressing topics in all areas of Sexual Violence are invited. Proposals that are empirically based and those that involve new and emerging topics within Sexual Violence are especially welcomed. Application closing date: 15 April 2011.

Vacancies

[Torture in Healthcare Six-month Funded INTERIGHTS Internship](#). INTERIGHTS is pleased to invite applications for a six month funded internship starting in May 2011, for a lawyer/academic to work on a strategic litigation project addressing torture and/or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment within healthcare settings in Central and Eastern Europe and Sub Saharan Africa. Closing Date: 13 April 2011

Publications

[A national survey of self-injurious behavior in american prisons. Appelbaum KL, Savageau JA, Trestman RL, Metzner JL, Baillargeon J. *Psychiatric Services* 2011 March; 62\(3\):285-90.](#)

[Challenges Experienced by Service Providers in the Delivery of Medico-Legal Services to Survivors of Sexual Violence in Kenya. Ajema C, Mukoma W, Kilonzo N, Bwire B, Otvombe K. *Journal of Forensic and Legal Medicine*, Article in Press, Corrected Proof, 2011.](#)

[Child Abuse Experts Disagree About the Threshold for Mandated Reporting. Levi B.H, Crowell K. *Clinical Pediatrics*; 50\(4\): 321-329, 2011.](#)

[Child Sex Tourism: Extending the Borders of Sexual Offender Legislation. Newman W.J, Holt B.W, Rabun J.S, Phillips G, Scott C.L. *International Journal of Law Psychiatry*; ePub, 2011.](#)

[Correlates of Violence in Guinea's Maison Centrale Prison: A statistical approach in documenting human rights abuses. Osborn, R. *Health and Human Rights: An International Journal* 2010; 12:2.](#)

[Defining the Boundaries: How Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners \(SANEs\) Balance Patient Care and Law Enforcement Collaboration. Campbell R, Greeson M, Patterson D. *J. Forensic Nursing* 2011; 7\(1\): 17-26.](#)

[Detained and Denied: the clinical care of immigration detainees living with HIV. Burnett J, Fessahaye E, Stopes A. *Medical Justice* 2011; March.](#)

[Facing Medical Care Problems of Victims Of Sexual Violence in Goma/Eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo. Baelani I, Dünser M.W. *Conflict and Health*; 5\(1\): 2, 2011.](#)

[Health services for prisoners: Still cause for concern, but also for hope. Levy M. *British Medical Journal*; 2011 Feb. 342:d351](#)

[Sexual Assault of Postmenopausal Women: A Retrospective Review. Morgan L, Dill A, Welch J. *British Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology*; ePub; 2011.](#)

[Sexual and physical violence against female sex workers in Kenya: a qualitative enquiry. Okal J, Chersich MF, Tsui S, Sutherland E, Temmerman M, Luchters S. *AIDS Care*. 2011 Mar; 3:1-7.](#)

[The Rights of Women With Disabilities in Africa: Does the Protocol on the Rights of Women in Africa Offer Any Hope? Djoyou Kamga S.A. Barbara Faye Waxman Fiduccia Papers On Women And Girls With Disabilities 2011, Center For Women Policy Studies 2011 Feb.](#)

[Torture Journal Volume 21, No. 1, 2011 Journal on Rehabilitation of Torture Victims and Prevention of Torture](#)

[Understanding Feminism: Considerations for Nurses Working to End Violence against Women. Fontenot H.B and Fantasia H.C. *J Forensic Nurs*, 7\(1\):27-31, 2011:](#)

[Violence exposure and health related risk among African American adolescent female detainees: A strategy for reducing recidivism. Woodson KM, Hives C, Sanders-Phillips K. *J Offender Rehabil*. 2010 Nov; 49\(8\): 571-584.](#)

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