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THE DEATH PENALTY
LIST OF ABOLITIONIST AND RETENTIONIST COUNTRIES
(OCTOBER 1997)

More than half the countries in the world have abolished the death penalty in law or practice.

Attached is a list of countries, indicating whether or not their laws provide for the death penalty. For abolitionist countries, information is also given, where available, on the date of abolition and the date of the last execution carried out; and for countries which have abolished the death penalty for all crimes, the date when it was abolished for ordinary offences if this was done before. (The date given for abolition is normally the date when the decision to abolish the death penalty was taken, but if that decision only came into effect several years later, the latter date is given.)

Also attached is a list of countries which have abolished the death penalty in law since 1976. It shows that in recent years, an average of two countries a year have abolished the death penalty in law or, having done so for ordinary offences, have gone on to abolish it for all offences.

The number of abolitionist and retentionist countries is now as follows:

Abolitionist for all crimes	58
Abolitionist for ordinary crimes only	15
Abolitionist <u>de facto</u>	26
Total abolitionist in law or practice	99
Retentionist	94

The countries are designated as follows: **Abolitionist for all crimes** are those countries whose laws do not provide for the death penalty for any crimes; **Abolitionist for ordinary crimes only** are countries whose laws provide for the death penalty only for exceptional crimes such as crimes under military law or crimes committed in exceptional circumstances such as wartime; **Abolitionist de facto** are countries and territories which retain the death penalty for ordinary crimes but can be considered abolitionist in practice in that they have not executed anyone during the past 10 years or more, or have made an international commitment not to carry out executions; **Retentionist** are those countries which retain and use the death penalty for ordinary crimes. (Most retentionist countries are known to have carried out executions during the past 10 years. On some countries Amnesty International has no record of executions but is unable to ascertain whether or not executions have in fact been carried out. Several retentionist countries have carried out executions in the past 10 years but have since instituted moratoria on executions.)

The list has been compiled on the basis of information available to Amnesty International as of 1 October 1997. It is an updated version of the August 1997 List of Abolitionist and Retentionist Countries (AI Index: ACT 50/09/97) and shows that Poland abolished the death penalty for all crimes in July 1997. Any further changes or corrections will be issued as necessary.

ABOLITIONIST FOR ALL CRIMES

Country	Date of Abolition	Date of Abolition for Ordinary Crimes	Date of Last Execution
ANDORRA	1990		1943
ANGOLA	1992		
AUSTRALIA	1995	1984	1967
AUSTRIA	1968	1950	1950
BELGIUM	1996		1950
CAMBODIA	1989		
CAPE VERDE	1981		1835
COLOMBIA	1910		1909
COSTA RICA	1877		
CROATIA	1990		
CZECH REPUBLIC	1990*		
DENMARK	1978	1933	1950
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	1966		
ECUADOR	1906		
FINLAND	1972	1949	1944
FRANCE	1981		1977
GERMANY	1949/1987**		1949**
GREECE	1993		1972
GUINEA-BISSAU	1993		1986***
HAITI	1987		1972***
HONDURAS	1956		1940
HUNGARY	1990		1988
ICELAND	1928		1830
IRELAND	1990		1954
ITALY	1994	1947	1947
KIRIBATI			****
LIECHTENSTEIN	1987		1785
LUXEMBOURG	1979		1949
MACEDONIA			
MARSHALL ISLANDS			****

MAURITIUS	1995		1987
MICRONESIA (Federated States)			****
Country	Date of Abolition	Date of Abolition for Ordinary Crimes	Date of Last Execution
MOLDOVA	1995		
MONACO	1962		1847
MOZAMBIQUE	1990		1986
NAMIBIA	1990		1988****
NETHERLANDS	1982	1870	1952
NEW ZEALAND	1989	1961	1957
NICARAGUA	1979		1930
NORWAY	1979	1905	1948
PALAU			
PANAMA			1903***
POLAND	1997		1988
PORTUGAL	1976	1867	1849***
ROMANIA	1989		1989
SAN MARINO	1865	1848	1468***
SAO TOMÉ AND PRINCIPE	1990		****
SLOVAK REPUBLIC	1990*		
SLOVENIA	1989		
SOLOMON ISLANDS		1966	****
SPAIN	1995	1978	1975
SWEDEN	1972	1921	1910
SWITZERLAND	1992	1942	1944
TUVALU			****
URUGUAY	1907		
VANUATU			****
VATICAN CITY STATE	1969		
VENEZUELA	1863		

TOTAL: 58 countries

** The death penalty was abolished in the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic in 1990. On 1 January 1993 the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic divided into two states, the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic. The last execution in the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic was in 1988.*

*** The death penalty was abolished in the Federal Republic of Germany (FRG) in 1949 and in the German Democratic Republic (GDR) in 1987. The last execution in the FRG was in 1949; the date of the last execution in the GDR is not known. The FRG and the GDR were unified in October 1990.*

**** Date of last known execution*

***** No executions since independence*

ABOLITIONIST FOR ORDINARY CRIMES ONLY

Country	Date of Abolition	Date of Last Execution
ARGENTINA	1984	
BRAZIL	1979	1855
CANADA	1976	1962
CYPRUS	1983	1962
EL SALVADOR	1983	1973*
FIJI	1979	1964
ISRAEL	1954	1962
MALTA	1971	1943
MEXICO		1937
NEPAL	1990	1979
PARAGUAY	1992	1928
PERU	1979	1979
SEYCHELLES		**
SOUTH AFRICA	1995	1991
UNITED KINGDOM	1973	1964

TOTAL: 15 countries

* *Date of last known execution*

** *No executions since independence*

ABOLITIONIST DE FACTO

<i>Country</i>	<i>Date of Last Execution</i>
ALBANIA*	
BERMUDA	1977
BHUTAN	1964**
BOLIVIA	1974
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM	1957
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC	1981
CONGO (Republic)	1982
COTE D'IVOIRE	
DJIBOUTI	***
GAMBIA	1981
GRENADA	1978
MADAGASCAR	1958**
MALDIVES	1952**
MALI	1980
NAURU	***
NIGER	1976**
PAPUA NEW GUINEA	1950
PHILIPPINES	1976
RWANDA	1982
SENEGAL	1967
SRI LANKA	1976
SURINAME	1982
TOGO	
TONGA	1982
TURKEY	1984
WESTERN SAMOA	***

TOTAL: 26 countries and territories

* Preparatory to Albania's joining the Council of Europe, in a declaration signed on 29 June 1996, Pjeter Arbnoori, President of the Albanian Parliament, said he was willing to commit his country "to put into place a moratorium on executions until [the] total abolition of capital punishment".

** Date of last known execution

*** No executions since independence

RETENTIONIST

Country	Country	Country
AFGHANISTAN	GHANA	PAKISTAN
ALGERIA	GUATEMALA	QATAR
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	GUINEA	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
ARMENIA	GUYANA	SAINT CHRISTOPHER & NEVIS
AZERBAIDZHAN	INDIA	SAINT LUCIA
BAHAMAS	INDONESIA	SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES
BAHRAIN	IRAN	SAUDI ARABIA
BANGLADESH	IRAQ	SIERRA LEONE
BARBADOS	JAMAICA	SINGAPORE
BELARUS	JAPAN	SOMALIA
BELIZE	JORDAN	SUDAN
BENIN	KAZAKSTAN	SWAZILAND
BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA	KENYA	SYRIA
BOTSWANA	KOREA (Democratic People's Republic) (North Korea)	TADZHIKISTAN
BULGARIA	KOREA (Republic) (South Korea)	TAIWAN (Republic of China)
BURKINA FASO	KUWAIT	TANZANIA
BURUNDI	KYRGYZSTAN	THAILAND
CAMEROON	LAOS	TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
CHAD	LATVIA	TUNISIA
CHILE	LEBANON	TURKMENISTAN
CHINA (People's Republic)	LESOTHO	UGANDA
COMOROS	LIBERIA	UKRAINE
CONGO (Democratic Republic)	LIBYA	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES
CUBA	LITHUANIA	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
DOMINICA	MALAWI	UZBEKISTAN
EGYPT	MALAYSIA	VIET NAM
EQUATORIAL GUINEA	MAURITANIA	YEMEN
ERITREA	MONGOLIA	YUGOSLAVIA (Federal Rep.)
ESTONIA	MOROCCO	ZAMBIA

ETHIOPIA

MYANMAR

ZIMBABWE

GABON

NIGERIA

GEORGIA

OMAN

TOTAL: 94 countries and territories

LIST OF COUNTRIES WHICH HAVE ABOLISHED THE DEATH PENALTY SINCE 1976

- 1976: PORTUGAL abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
CANADA abolished the death penalty for ordinary crimes.
- 1978: DENMARK abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
SPAIN abolished the death penalty for ordinary crimes.
- 1979: LUXEMBOURG, NICARAGUA and NORWAY abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
BRAZIL, FIJI and PERU abolished the death penalty for ordinary crimes.
- 1981: FRANCE and CAPE VERDE abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
- 1982: The NETHERLANDS abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
- 1983: CYPRUS and EL SALVADOR abolished the death penalty for ordinary crimes.
- 1984: ARGENTINA abolished the death penalty for ordinary crimes.
- 1985: AUSTRALIA abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
- 1987: HAITI, LIECHTENSTEIN and the GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC abolished the death penalty for all crimes. (1)
- 1989: CAMBODIA, NEW ZEALAND, ROMANIA and SLOVENIA abolished the death penalty for all crimes. (2)
- 1990: ANDORRA, CROATIA, the CZECH AND SLOVAK FEDERAL REPUBLIC, HUNGARY, IRELAND, MOZAMBIQUE, NAMIBIA and SAO TOMÉ AND PRÍNCIPE abolished the death penalty for all crimes. (2) (3) NEPAL abolished the death penalty for ordinary crimes.
- 1992: ANGOLA and SWITZERLAND abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
PARAGUAY abolished the death penalty for ordinary crimes.
- 1993: GREECE, GUINEA-BISSAU and HONG KONG (4) abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
- 1994 ITALY abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
- 1995: MAURITIUS, MOLDOVA and SPAIN abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
SOUTH AFRICA abolished the death penalty for ordinary crimes.
- 1996: BELGIUM abolished the death penalty for all crimes.
- 1997: POLAND abolished the death penalty for all crimes.

Notes:

1. In 1990 the German Democratic Republic became unified with the Federal Republic of Germany, where the death penalty had been abolished in 1949.
2. Slovenia and Croatia abolished the death penalty while they were still republics of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. The two republics became independent in 1991.
3. In 1993 the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic divided into two states, the Czech Republic and the Slovak Republic.
4. In 1996 Hong Kong was returned to Chinese rule as a special administrative region of China. Amnesty International understands that Hong Kong will remain abolitionist.