URGENT ACTION

MOTHER WITH BABY DENIED PROPER CARE IN JAIL

Prosecution authorities and Ministry of Intelligence agents are denying arbitrarily detained Kurdish Iranian woman So’ada Khadirzadeh postnatal and post-surgical care after she gave birth on 20 June 2022 in hospital through a caesarean section operation. She is also denied adequate healthcare for her kidney and heart conditions, and back pain. Hours after the delivery, authorities transferred her and her newborn to Urumieh prison, West Azerbaijan province, where she has been denied access to her lawyer since her arrest on 14 October 2021.

TAKE ACTION: WRITE AN APPEAL IN YOUR OWN WORDS OR USE THIS MODEL LETTER

Head of judiciary, Gholamhossein Mohseni Ejei
c/o Embassy of Iran to the European Union, Avenue Franklin Roosevelt No. 15
1050 Bruxelles, Belgium

Dear Mr Gholamhossein Mohseni Ejei,

Authorities are denying arbitrarily detained Iranian Kurdish woman So’ada Khadirzadeh, 32, postnatal and post-surgical care, as well as treatment for her serious kidney and heart conditions, and lower back pain in Urumieh prison, West Azerbaijan province. Throughout her pregnancy and while Covid-19 was rampant in prisons in Iran, prosecution authorities and Ministry of Intelligence agents repeatedly denied her access to the specialized health care she required. According to an informed source, authorities ignored medical advice for her to be under close medical observation during her last month of pregnancy. On 20 June 2022, So’ada Khadirzadeh was transferred from Urumieh prison to hospital, where Ministry of Intelligence agents kept her hands and feet shackled to the bed while she was in active labour, in violation to the absolute prohibition of torture and other ill-treatment. The shackles were removed after medical staff protested. Her child was born following a caesarean operation, but authorities transferred her and her newborn back to Urumieh prison on the same day, against medical advice.

In a leaked audio message recorded inside prison in late April 2022, So’ada Khadirzadeh stated that following her 14 October 2021 arbitrary arrest by Ministry of Intelligence agents in Piranshahr, West Azerbaijan province, she was held for 25 days in a Ministry of Intelligence detention centre. There, agents subjected her to intense interrogations, which included verbal abuse of a sexual nature, to compel her to “confess” to helping her husband, who left Iran a day prior to her arrest and who they said was wanted. She was then transferred to Urumieh prison, where she has been denied access to a lawyer. She was held without charge until prosecution officials indicted her around March 2022 for “membership of a group with the purpose of disrupting national security” in apparent reference to the Kurdish Democratic Party of Iran and being accessory to murder, all of which So’ada Khadirzadeh denies. She was arrested in the days after the reported killing of a man in Piranshahr identified by human rights activists abroad as a Ministry of Intelligence agent. A first court hearing before a criminal court is scheduled for 24 August 2022.

I urge you to release So’ada Khadirzadeh, whose detention is arbitrary on the basis of the non-observance of international norms relating to the right to a fair trial and as it stems from her family affiliation, and who as a nursing mother with pre-existing health conditions is at heightened risk of severe illness and health complications. Pending her release, I urge you to immediately provide her and her newborn with the medical care they require, including at facility outside of prison, as well as access to her lawyer and visits with her family. I also urge you to ensure that mother and newborn are provided with nutritious food and formula as well as a healthy environment.

Yours sincerely,
Following So’ada Khadirzadeh’s arbitrary arrest, when she was about six weeks pregnant, on 14 October 2021, she was subjected to an enforced disappearance for 25 days whereby her family was denied information about her fate and whereabouts until she was transferred to Urumieh prison on 8 November 2021. In December 2021, prison doctors issued a medical note confirming she required specialized medical care outside of prison, but prosecution authorities, together with Ministry of Intelligence agents, barred her access to such healthcare. On 26 April 2022, So’ada Khadirzadeh began a 12-day hunger strike in protest at her continued detention and being denied the specialized health care she required. During this time, she also refused all medication. In a leaked audio message recorded inside the prison and made public on 27 April 2022 during her hunger strike, So’ada Khadirzadeh recounted that Ministry of Intelligence agents forcibly disappeared her following her arrest and subjected her to intense interrogations, verbally abused her and “even made immoral suggestions to me”. In the same audio message, she also referred to herself as being held “hostage”, alluding to Ministry of Intelligence agents holding her to compel her husband to return to Iran. So’ada Khadirzadeh subsequently agreed to stop her hunger strike after prison officials said they would release her on bail, though this never took place. According to an informed source, doctors from the Legal Medical Organization of Iran, a state forensic body, examined So’ada Khadirzadeh after her hunger-strike and held that she should not remain jailed during the remaining period of pregnancy. Their medical advice was dismissed. In early June 2022, authorities set her bail to over thirty billion rials (GBP£70,000), which neither she nor her family could afford. Since giving birth, she has relied on other prisoners in the ward to help care and nurse her child. Prison officials failed to provide adequate accommodation to So’ada Khadirzadeh and her child, prompting another prisoner to volunteer her bed, which was more suited for mother and newborn. So’ada Khadirzadeh’s is also being denied nutrient food, including for nursing her child, and has not been permitted to accompany her child to health examinations outside of prison. Rule 48 for the Treatment of Women Prisoners and Non-custodial Measures for Women Offenders (the Bangkok Rules), states that pregnant or breastfeeding women prisoners must be provided with an adequate diet organized and monitored by a qualified health practitioner, and a healthy environment for both mother and child.

State-affiliated media referred to a man killed in early October 2021 as a “martyr” and claimed the Kurdish Democratic Party of Iran, an armed Kurdish opposition group, was responsible. Human rights activists abroad identified him as a Ministry of Intelligence agent in Piranshahr.

Amnesty International has documented a pattern of systematic fair trial rights violations in Iran, beginning from the time of arrest right up until when defendants stand trial. Detainees are often arrested without warrants and held in prolonged solitary confinement in undisclosed locations without access to their families. Individuals detained, investigated and prosecuted, especially those arrested on politically motivated charges, are subjected to grossly unfair judicial proceedings. Prosecution authorities and interrogators belonging to security and intelligence bodies, including the Ministry of Intelligence, systematically deny detainees their right to access a lawyer from the time of arrest during the investigation phase, and at times, even beyond. Torture and other ill-treatment are widespread and systematic, especially during interrogations. Prison and prosecution authorities have also deliberately denied prisoners of conscience and other prisoners held for politically motivated reasons access to adequate health care, in many cases as an intentional act of cruelty intended to intimidate and punish them.

Ethnic minorities, including Ahwazi Arabs, Azerbaijani Turks, Baluchis, Kurds and Turkmen face entrenched discrimination in Iran which curtails their access to education, employment, adequate housing and political office. Despite ongoing calls for linguistic diversity, Persian is the sole language of instruction in primary and secondary education. The Iranian authorities also refuse to cease and provide accountability for the unlawful killing of scores of unarmed Kurdish cross-border couriers (kulbars) between the Kurdistan regions of Iran and Iraq.

Under international law, detention pending trial is a preventive measure aimed at averting further harm or obstruction of justice, rather than a punishment. It must not be used for improper purposes or constitute an abuse of power and must not last any longer than is necessary with ongoing examinations into the continued necessity of keeping an individual in detention. Additionally, under Rule 64 of the Bangkok Rules, non-custodial sentences are preferred for pregnant women and women with dependent children.

PREFERRED LANGUAGE TO ADDRESS TARGET: Persian, English
You can also write in your own language.

PLEASE TAKE ACTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE UNTIL: 1 September 2022
Please check with the Amnesty office in your country if you wish to send appeals after the deadline.

NAME AND PREFERRED PRONOUN: So’ada Khadirzadeh (her, she)

ADDIONAL INFORMATION