EXTERNAL

Further information on UA 266/95 (MDE 13/21/95, 29 November 1995) and follow-up (MDE 13/03/96, 23 January 1996; MDE 13/10/96, 22 March; MDE 13/20/96, 26 June; MDE 13/32/96, 20 August) - Fear of Torture / Legal Concern / Fear of death penalty IRANHojjatoleslam val muslimin Mohammad Taqi Dhakeri Hojjatoleslam val muslimin Mohammad Fazel Mohammad al-SaffarHojjatoleslam Fu'ad Fujian Mohammad Ghaffari Hadi Dhakeri Hojjatoleslam val muslimin Sayed Morteza Shirazi Hojjatoleslam Mohammad Saleh Hedayati Hojjatoleslam Sayed Mehdi Shirazi (brother of Sayed Morteza) and 7 others

Amnesty International has learned that Hojjatoleslam val muslimin Sayed Morteza Shirazi, the second son of Grand Ayatollah Shirazi, was released from detention for almost 48 hours between 21 and 23 October 1996 after which he was summoned back to prison and detained. Reports that he had what looked like burn scars on his neck and hands have heightened concern for his safety, and the safety of the others listed above who all remain in detention.

Sayed Morteza Shirazi was arrested in Qom on 21 November 1995. Indeed all except Sayed Mehdi Shirazi have been in detention for a year or more. Sayed Mehdi Shirazi was arrested in June 1996 and has been held in incommunicado detention ever since. Hojjatoleslam Muhammad Saleh Hedayati is the only one reported to have been tried; it is not clear whether the others have been formally charged with any offences, despite responses sent to members of the UA Network from Iranian embassies listing a number of allegations against some of the detainees. It also appears that none has been granted access to a lawyer of his choice. There continues to be no information as to the fate of seven students arrested on 12 November 1995.

Amnesty International remains concerned that those detained may be held solely on account of their relationship to, or their peaceful support for, Grand Ayatollah Shirazi. If so, they would be prisoners of conscience, and should be released immediately and unconditionally. In any event, they should be allowed regular access to family members and to lawyers of their choice. In addition, the organization is concerned that these men, and others who have since been released, have been tortured, and that if tried and convicted some could face the death penalty.

## FURTHER RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/faxes/express/ airmail letters in English, French or in your own language:

calling for a prompt, thorough, and independent investigation into all allegations of torture, the methods and findings of which should be made public;
seeking assurances that all those who remain in detention will be protected from torture and ill-treatment;

- seeking details of the legal status of all those who remain detained including full details of all the charges and evidence against them and details of any trial proceedings, judgements and sentences;

- urging that they be released if not promptly and fairly tried on recognizably criminal charges. Any prisoners of conscience should be released immediately and unconditionally.

## APPEALS TO:

Leader of the Islamic Republic
 His Excellency Ayatollah Sayed 'Ali Khamanei
 The Presidency, Palestine Avenue
 Azerbaijan Intersection, Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran
 Telegrams: Ayatollah Khamanei, Tehran, Iran
 Salutation: Your Excellency

2) His Excellency Hojjatoleslam Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani The Presidency, Palestine Avenue Azerbaijan Intersection, Tehran, The Islamic Republic of Iran Telegrams: President Rafsanjani, Tehran, Iran Salutation: Your Excellency

3) Head of the Judiciary His Excellency Ayatollah Mohammad Yazdi Ministry of Justice Park-e Shahr, Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran Telegrams: Head of the Judiciary, Tehran, Iran Salutation: Your Excellency

4) Minister of Information
His Excellency Hojjatoleslam Ali Fallahian
Ministry of Information
Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran
Telegrams: Information Minister, Tehran, Iran
Salutation: Your Excellency

## COPIES TO:

Minister of Foreign Affairs His Excellency Dr Ali Akbar Velayati Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Sheikh Abdolmajid Keshk-e Mesri Avenue Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran

Chairman of the Islamic Consultative Assembly's Human Rights Committee Imam Khomeini Avenue, Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran

Mr Hussain Farahi, Secretary, Islamic Human Rights Commission PO Box 13165-137, Tehran Islamic Republic of Iran

and to diplomatic representatives of Iran accredited to your country.

**PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY.** Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 31 December 1996.

2