EXTERNAL AI Index: MDE 12/26/97

UA 154/97 Death Penalty 29 May 1997

EGYPTMohammad Hussein al-Sayyid

On 19 May 1997 the Court of Cassation upheld the death sentence against Mohammad Hussein al-Sayyid. His final hope for clemency now lies with the President of the Republic. If the President ratifies the sentence, the prisoner could be executed within the next few weeks.

Mohammad Hussein al-Sayyid was sentenced to death by a criminal court on 25 July 1995, after being found guilty of a murder committed in December 1994.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The death penalty, which is imposed in Egypt for criminal offences such as drug use or trafficking and murder, and for offences qualified as "terrorism", has been used extensively in the country in recent years. So far this year Amnesty International has recorded 18 death sentences passed by military, criminal and (Emergency) State Security courts. Six people sentenced to death in previous years have been executed during the same period. Furthermore, since October 1992 when President Hosni Mubarak began issuing special decrees referring civilians to be tried by military courts,

74 death sentences have been passed by such courts and 54 executions have been carried out.

Death sentences in criminal cases are submitted to the *Mufti*, the highest religious authority in the country, for approval. This is a routine measure, as he approves the vast majority of them. They are then passed on to the President of the Republic or his nominee for ratification. Final verdicts by criminal courts can be appealed against before the Court of Cassation only when it can be proved that there were procedural irregularities in the trial. The death sentences issued by military courts are subject to ratification by the President of the Republic, and then to review by the Military Appeals Bureau, also headed by the President of the Republic.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/express/airmail letters in Arabic, English, French, or your own language:

- acknowledging the seriousness of the crime for which Mohammad Hussein al-Sayyid was convicted, but explaining your opposition to the death penalty in all cases as a violation of the right to life, pointing out that it has never been shown to have a unique deterrent effect and is brutalizing to all involved in its application;
- urging the President to use his constitutional powers to grant clemency and commute this and all other pending death sentences;
- drawing attention to world trends to abolish or reduce the use of the death penalty, in accordance with Article 6 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, to which Egypt is a state party.

APPEALS TO:

His Excellency Mohammad Hosni Mubarak President of the Arab Republic of Egypt 'Abedine Palace, Cairo, Egypt

Telegrams: President Mubarak, Cairo, Egypt

Telexes: 93794 WAZRA UN Faxes: +202 390 1998 Salutation: Your Excellency

COPIES TO:

Ms Nayla Gabr The Human Rights Department Ministry of Foreign Affairs Corniche al-Nil, Cairo, Egypt

Faxes: (20 2) 574 9667

Dr Fathi Sorour Speaker The People's Assembly Magles al-Sha'ab Street, Cairo, Egypt

and to diplomatic representatives of Egypt accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 15 July 1997.