EXTERNAL (for general distribution)

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Further information of UA 388/90 (EUR 48/14/90, 25 September) - $\frac{\text{Arrest of }}{\text{Albanian officials}}$

YUGOSLAVIA: Jusuf ZEJNULLAHU

Seladin SKEJA
Muhamet BICAJ
Jusuf KARAKUSHI
Isa MUSTAFA
Lek VUKSANI
Agim MALAJ
Raif RAMBAJA
Nazif MATOSHI
Ismail SAHITI
Fatos PULA

Four members of the Assembly of Kosovo province were reported as being arrested on 17 September. On 21 September a further six people, former Kosovo government officials, were also reported as being arrested, also Agim Malaj, a former director of Pristina television. It was thought that they were all charged with having formed a group aiming to change unconstitutionally the borders of Serbia and proclaim Kosovo province a republic.

According to press reports dated 26 September Jusuf Zejnullahu, Isa Mustafa, Jusuf Karakushi, Muhamet Bicaj and Agim Malaj are not in detention although warrants for their arrest have been issued. Agim Malaj is reportedly abroad, the others are believed to be in the republics of Slovenia and Croatia, and it seems unlikely that they will be handed over to the Serbian authorities.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Kosovo province, where over 85 per cent of the population are ethnic Albanians, lies in the south of the republic of Serbia, of which it is a constituent part. In 1989 there were wide-spread demonstrations after constitutional changes limited the province's autonomy and gave greater powers to Serbia. Since then over 60 ethnic Albanians have died in violent incidents with security forces brought into Kosovo to quell protest against Serbian policies in the province. On 2 July ethnic Albanian members of the Kosovo Assembly declared Kosovo an independent unit within the Yugoslav federation. On 5 July Serbia responded by suspending the Kosovo parliament and government and taking over full control of the province. Since then thousands of ethnic Albanians have been dismissed from their jobs and Kosovo's one daily newspaper in Albanian and almost all television broadcasts in Albanian have been banned. Independent trade union officials who declared a strike to protest against these measures have been jailed for up to 60 days. On 7 September ethnic Albanian members of the dissolved Kosovo Assembly met clandestinely and adopted a constitution designating Kosovo a republic within the Yugoslav federation.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Telegrams/Telexes/Faxes/Airmail letters:

- urging that criminal proceedings be dropped against Jusuf Zejnullahu, Isa Mustafa, Jusuf Karakushi, Muhamet Bicaj and Agim Malaj;

- urging again the immediate and unconditional release of the remaining six people on the grounds that they are prisoners of conscience.

APPEALS TO:

President of the SFRJ Presidency:

His Excellency Dr Borisav Jovic Predsednik Predsednistva SFRJ Bulevar Lenjina 2 11070 Beograd, Yugoslavia

Telegrams: SFRJ President, Beograd, Yugoslavia

Telexes: 11062 SIV YU Faxes: + 38 11 63 6775

Federal Secretary of Justice:

Dr Vlado Kambovski Savezni sekretar za pravosudje Bulevar Lenjina 2 11070 Beograd, Yugoslavia

Telegrams SFRJ Justice Secretary, Beograd, Yugoslavia Telexes: 11062 SIV YU

President of the Serbian Presidency:

Slobodan Milosevic Predsednik Predsednistva SR Srbije Marsala Tita 14 11000 Beograd, Yugoslavia

Serbian Secretary of Justice:

Sreten Vladisavljevic Republicki sekretar za pravosudje Nemanjina 26 11000 Beograde, Yugoslavia

COPIES TO: Diplomatic representatives of Yugoslavia in your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 15 November 1990.