PUBLIC AI Index: ASA 28/11/98

9 April 1998

Further information on EXTRA 23/98 (ASA 28/06/98, 27 March 1998) and follow-up (ASA 28/07/98, 31 March 1998) - Fear of forcible refoulement of Acehnese asylum-seekers / Fear of excessive use of force during repatriation of asylum-seekers and immigrants / Medical and health concerns / Incommunicado detention / Fear of torture

MALAYSIA/INDONESIAIshak Daud, member of Acehnese Refugee Committee in Malaysia (ARCM)

Iqlil Hyas Leube, ARCM member
Zahizi Tengku Ubaidullah
Musanna Tengku Abdul Wahab
Muhammad Diah Badai
Burhan Syamaun, member of the Aceh/Sumatra National
Liberation Front
Syahrul Syamaun
Ali
Effendi
A Qader Hasan

Four of the above-named Acehnese have been released by the Malaysian authorities. Fears remain, however, that they may still be at risk of repatriation to Indonesia.

Iqlil Hyas Leube, Zahizi Tengku Ubaidullah, Musanna Tengku Abdul Wahab and Muhammad Diah Badai detained at Rawang police station in Selangor State, were reportedly released on or around 4 April. Their identity cards, which grant them special permission to remain in Malaysia, have been confiscated though the authorities have assured they will be issued with new ones. They are apparently under instructions to report again to the police and are not believed to have been charged with any offence.

The fate and whereabouts of the remaining six Achehnese men, named above, are still unknown.

Concern remains for the safety of at least 500 Acehnese who remain in incommunicado detention at Rancung military detention camp in Lhokseumawe, Indonesia, since their arrival in the country. The detainees are still being denied access to human rights lawyers while they undergo a screening process by the military. According to a report in the Jakarta Post an Indonesian military source has been quoted as saying that 50 members of the group are believed to have links to the outlawed separatist movement Aceh Merdeka.

Amnesty International continues to receive reports of Acehnese being treated in Indonesian hospitals for injuries suffered during the deportation. A number are said to have had limbs amputated because of gunshot wounds.

On 30 March the *Jakarta Post* reported that Muladi, the Indonesian Minister of Justice, had stated that the deaths of Indonesians during the deportation operation conducted by the Malaysian authorities on 26 March constituted a "violation of human rights". The Indonesian authorities are known, however, to have collaborated closely with the Malaysian government in preparation for the repatriation and to have sent Indonesian naval vessels to the Malaysian ports to transport the deportees back to Aceh.

Please continue action as specified in original UA taking into account the latest information. In addition please send telegrams/express/airmail letters in English or in your own language: (To the Malaysian government):

- urging the authorities not to repatriate any Acehnese with special leave to remain in Malaysia;
- continuing to urge the authorities to clarify the whereabouts of the remaining Acehnese in detention;

APPEALS TO: (Malaysian government)

Please note that fax tones can be difficult to obtain

Prime Minister

Dato' Seri Dr Mahathir bin Mohamad

Prime Minister and Minister of Home Affairs Jalan Dato'Onn, 50502 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Telegrams: Prime Minister, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Faxes: + 60 3 238 3784 / 298 4172

Salutation: Dear Prime Minister

APPEALS TO: (Indonesian authorities)

Commander of the Armed Forces (ABRI) General Wiranto, Panglima ABRI Markas Besar ABRI, Jl. Medan Merdeka Barat No 13 Jakarta Timur, Indonesia

Telegrams: General Wiranto, Jakarta, Indonesia Faxes: + 62 21 36 1471 / 37 8144 / 35 6404

Salutation: Dear General Wiranto

COPIES TO: (of letters to Malaysian Government only)

Deputy Prime Minister
Dato' Seri Anwar Ibrahim
Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Finance
Jalan Dato' Onn, 50502 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Faxes: + 60 3 230 1051

and to diplomatic representatives of Malaysia accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 20 May 1998.