EXTERNAL (for general distribution)

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### Further information on EXTRA 59/93 (AMR 51/55/93, 18 June 1993) - Death Penalty

USA: (Missouri) Walter J BLAIR

Amnesty International has just been informed by Walter Blair's attorney that Walter Blair is now scheduled to be executed in Missouri, USA, on 21 July 1993.

Thank you to everyone who has already sent appeals. Governor Carnahan, who has final authority to grant clemency in Missouri, is currently considering a clemency petition on Walter Blair's behalf. (The Board of Pardons and Paroles may submit recommendations to the Governor.) Please continue sending appeals as indicated below.

Walter J Blair, black, was sentenced to death in 1980 for the kidnap and murder-for-hire of Kathy Jo Allen, a white female, in 1979. He was 19 years old at the time of the crime. Blair initially confessed to police that he committed the crime, but after his arrest stated that this confession was coerced by police. He has since consistently maintained his innocence of the crime for which he was sentenced to death.

Walter Blair was convicted largely on the testimony of a co-defendant, who was offered immunity from prosecution on charges connected with the murder, and probation for unrelated charges pending against him, in exchange for his testimony against Walter Blair. According to Blair's present attorney, evidence presented at trial suggested that the co-defendant was the actual perpetrator of the crime. This evidence included a link between the co-defendant and the murder weapon (there was evidence that the weapon was stolen in a burglary committed by him); the fact that the victim's boyfriend picked the co-defendant out of a police line-up as the person who had kidnapped the victim; and the arrest of the co-defendant the day after the murder for pawning a ring stolen from the victim's boyfriend during the kidnapping. Further evidence that two witnesses observed a man fitting the co-defendant's description walking away from the scene of the crime was not heard by the jury. Blair's attorney also claims that substantial new evidence exonerates Walter Blair from the crime. This includes testimony by four new witnesses that the co-defendant admitted to them that he had committed the crime, and framed Walter Blair. Furthermore, one prosecution witness, the girlfriend of the co-defendant, has admitted that she was coerced into testifying against Blair at trial by her boyfriend.

According to the clemency petition prepared by Blair's attorney, Walter Blair's trial was tainted by race discrimination; he was sentenced to death by an all-white jury after the prosecutor had used his peremptory challenges to strike black jurors from the jury panel. (Although the US Supreme Court ruled in Batson v Kentucky in 1986 that prosecutors may not exclude jurors solely on the basis of race, this does not apply retroactively to cases which had already become final on direct appeal. Therefore Walter Blair cannot benefit from this ruling). Additionally, the prosecutor, in the sentencing phase of the trial, made racially offensive comments to the jury. In 1992, an appeal to the 8th Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed Blair's conviction and death sentence. In a dissenting opinion, Judge Gerald Heaney said: "Walter Blair's conviction

has been tainted by racial prejudice...In light of the prosecutor's discriminatory behaviour, we cannot say that Blair received a fair trial...The evidence to convict Blair of capital murder was far from overwhelming; in fact, Blair likely was innocent of that charge. He is entitled to a new trial free of the racial discrimination that the prosecutors deliberately injected into this case."

Amnesty International opposes the death penalty in all cases as a violation of the right to life, and the right not to be subjected to cruel, inhuman or degrading punishment, as proclaimed in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

Amnesty International is concerned that Walter Blair's execution may be in contravention of United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) resolution 1984/50, adopted in May 1984, which recommends that "capital punishment may be imposed only when the guilt of the person charged is based upon clear and convincing evidence leaving no room for an alternative explanation of the facts."

#### BACKGROUND INFORMATION

As of 20 April 1993, there were 87 prisoners under sentence of death in Missouri. The most recent person to be executed in the state was Martsay Boulder, on 27 January 1993. The method of execution is lethal injection.

Amnesty International is concerned that the death penalty in the USA continues to be applied in a racially discriminatory manner. Racial disparities in death sentencing are borne out by the findings of many research studies, and confirmed by the findings of the General Accounting Office (GAO), an independent agency of the federal government, in February 1990. The GAO review found that persons convicted of the murder of white victims are far more likely to be sentenced to death than those convicted of black-victim homicides. These racial disparities remained after all other legally relevant factors had been taken into account.

# FURTHER RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/faxes/express and airmail letters either in English or in your own language:

Appeals to Governor Carnahan:

- urging Governor Carnahan to grant clemency to Walter Blair.

Appeals to the Board of Pardons and Paroles:

- urging that they recommend that Governor Carnahan grant clemency to Walter Blair. Appeals to both:

- expressing concern that Walter Blair is scheduled to b executed on 21 July;
- urging that Walter Blair's case be thoroughly reviewed in light of the substantial doubts concerning his quilt;
- expressing concern about evidence of racial discrimination in the jury selection in Walter Blair's trial.

USA

- citing the ECOSOC resolution given above.

#### APPEALS TO:

1) The Honorable Mel Carnahan Governor of Missouri PO Box 720 Jefferson City, MO 65102

USA

Telegrams: Governor Carnahan, Jefferson

City, MO 65102, USA

Faxes: + 1 314 751 4458 Telephone: + 1 314 751 3222

Salutation: Dear Governor

2) Mr Cranston Mitchell, Chairman Missouri Board of Pardons and Paroles PO Box 267 Jefferson City, MO 65102

Telegrams: Chairman Mitchell, Missouri Pardon Board, Jefferson City, MO 65102, USA

Faxes: + 1 314 751 4099

Telephone: + 1 314 715 2389, + 1 314 715 4949

Salutation: Dear Mr Mitchell

#### COPIES TO:

Newspaper
The Letters Editor
Kansas City Star

1729 Grand Avenue, Kansas City, MO 64108 USA

Faxes: + 1 816 234 4926

and to diplomatic representatives of USA accredited to your country. The World Conference on Human Rights is being held in Austria this month and you can enhance the power of your appeals by also sending copies to the diplomatic representative of USA in Austria during June at the following address:

## USA Embassy:

The Ambassador Botschaft der Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika Boltzmanngasse 16, 1090 Wien

Faxes: + 43 1 310 06 82

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY, TO ARRIVE IN MISSOURI BY 20 JULY 1993.