EXTERNAL (for general distribution)

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UA 54/94 "Disappearance" 16 February 1994

PERU: Hugo ZAPATA GUTIERREZ

Amnesty International is gravely concerned by the reported "disappearance" of Hugo Zapata Gutierrez, on 15 December 1993, after he was allegedly asked to present himself at the *Base Militar Contrasubversiva de Ulcumayo*, Ulcumayo Counter-insurgency Military Base.

According to reports, in the evening of 15 December 1993, Hugo Zapata, a teacher, went to the base from his home in Villac, a hamlet located in the district of Ulcumayo, Junin province, department of Junin. At the time, Hugo Zapata was seen by a neighbour in the company of three men whom the neighbour was unable to identify, but who other residents in Villac identified as members of the local army-controlled civil defence patrol. As he left his home, Hugo Zapata told his neighbour that his presence had been requested at the Ulcumayo military base.

The following day the local authorities in Villae, having noted Hugo Zapata's failure to turn up at a ceremony being held at the school where he worked, approached the military base for information as to his whereabouts. The lieutenant in charge of the base denied that Hugo Zapata was being held there.

On 19 December the Villac authorities reported the "disappearance" to the local justice of the peace. On the same day flugo Zapata's sister and wife did likewise before a provincial prosecutor attached to the *Fiscalia Especial de Defensoría del Pueblo y Derechos flumanos*, Special Office for the Defence of the People and fluman Rights, in the city of fluancayo.

On 27 December Hugo Zapata's relatives, again went to the provincial prosecutor's office, and named three members of the local civil defence patrol and the ligutenant commanding the military base, as those responsible for the detention and "disappearance". The three patrol members were named on the basis of information received by the complainants, from residents in Villac who claimed that these patrol members were on duty at the time.

On 28 December the provincial prosecutor visited the Uleamayo Counter-insurgency Military Base to investigate the "disappearance" of Hugo Zapata, but failed to clarify his whereabouts. By the end of January 1994 the authorities had failed to clarify Hugo Zapata's fate.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Since 1983 Amnesty International has documented at least 3000 eases of people who were "disappeared", following their detention by members of the Peruvian security forces. The vast majority of these "disappearances" have never been thoroughly and independently investigated, and those responsible for them have not been brought to justice. Puring 1993 the number of reported "disappearances" fell drastically in comparison with previous years under the government of President Alberto Fujimori, and that of his predecessors, former presidents Belaúnde Terry (1980-1985) and García Pérez (1985-1990). However, Amnesty International has documented 49 eases of "disappearance" during 1993 which remained unresolved at the end of last year.

The pattern of systematic human rights violations in Peru, which includes "disappearances", extrajudicial executions, torture, and unfair trials, has unfolded over the years in the context of a prolonged counter-insurgency campaign against the clandestine Partido Comunista del Perú (Sendero Luminoso), PCP, Communist Party of Peru (Shining Path), and the Movimiento Revolucionario Túpae Amaru, MRTA, Túpae Amaru Revolutionary Movement. The PCP,

and to a lesser extent the MRTA, have carried out thousands of deliberate and arbitrary killing of civilians, and of members of the security forces who have laid down their arms, been injured, or captured by their armed units. Amnesty International is unreservedly opposed to and condemns these atrocities.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/faxes and airmail letters either in Spanish or in your own language:

- expressing concern at the reported detention and "disappearance" of Hugo Zapata Gutiérrez on 15 December 1993, by members of a civil defence patrol and of the army stationed at the Base Militar Contrasubversiva de Ulcamayo, in the district of Ulcamayo, Junín department;
- asking that his whereabouts be disclosed, and that he either be brought before a judge and charged with a recognizable offence, or released immediately;
- urging that he be humanely treated and given access to an independent lawyer, a doctor, and his relatives.

APPEALS TO:

1) <u>President:</u>
President Alberto Fujimori
Presidente de la República
Palacio de Gobierno
Plaza de Armas
Lima 1, PERU

Telegrams: President Alberto Fujimori, Lima, PERU

Telexes: 20167 PE PALACIO

Salutation: Señor Presidente/Dear Mr President

2) <u>Public Ministry's Attorney General</u>
Pra. Blanca Nélida Colán Maguiño
Fiscal de la Nación
Fiscalía de la Nación
Azangaro

Lima, PERU

Telegrams: Fiscal de la Nación, Lima, PERU

Faxes: +5114 33 44 57

Salutation: Estimada Señora Fiscal de la Nación/Dear Attorney General

COPIES OF YOUR APPEALS TO:

Human Rights Organization: FEDEPAZ Av. Comandante Espinar 266 Oficina B Lima 18, PERU

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Cheek with the International Secretariat, or your section offfice, if sending appeals after 30 March 1994.