EXTERNAL (for general distribution)

UA 68/95 <u>Death Threats / Fear for Safety</u>

COLOMBIA Civic Human Rights Committee of Meta

On 15 March 1995, a death threat was received by the Civic Human Rights Committee of Meta (a department of Colombia), *Comité Cívico de Derechos Humanos del Meta*, based in the departmental capital, Villavicencio. Harassment and intimidation of members of the Committee has escalated in recent weeks and there is serious concern for their safety.

The threat, received on 15 March, was in the form of a message left on the Committee's answerphone, saying: "You swine: I am going to kill you all. I'm going to bomb ...(words unintelligible). I am going to destroy you, you dirty swine." ["Hola perros: les voy a matar todos. Les voy a poner una bomba (...no entendible). Les voy a quebrar, malditos perros".]

The Committee works with other local non-government organizations to assist families who have been displaced from their homes and villages as a result of armed conflict in the region, and to denounce human rights violations committed by the armed forces and their paramilitary allies.

In recent months, there has been an upsurge in military and paramilitary activity in the Ariari region, south of Villavicencio, where there is a strong guerrilla presence. Civilians living in areas where guerrilla forces are active are often perceived by the armed forces as potential guerrilla collaborators and have, as a result, been subjected to serious human rights violations, such as extrajudicial execution and "disappearance", by the security forces and their paramilitary allies. The paramilitary group known as "Black Snake", ["Serpiente Negra"] has openly threatened inhabitants of the town of Medellín de Ariari with annihilation. As a result, there has been an increase in civilians arriving in Villavicencio from that area. In recent days direct threats and intimidation of members of the Committee and others working with the displaced families have increased to such a degree that there is very serious concern for their safety.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Despite repeated government pledges to protect human rights, members of the Colombian security forces, together with their paramilitary allies, continue to commit serious abuses with virtual impunity. Many paramilitary groups have their origins in the civilian "self-defence" squads which the army created in the 1980s to act as auxiliaries during counter-insurgency operations. Over the past five years, several thousand civilians have been killed by paramilitary groups throughout the country. Although in 1989 the Colombian government suspended the legal base for the formation of paramilitary organizations and issued directives to the Colombian armed forces to combat and disband such groups, paramilitary forces have continued to kill and "disappear" perceived opponents with impunity. In many areas of the country paramilitary forces continued to work with the support of the security forces.

President Ernesto Samper Pizano, who assumed office on 7 August 1994, has made repeated promises, both during his election campaign and since taking office,

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to improve the human rights situation. His promises include a commitment to dismantle paramilitary forces.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/faxes/express and airmail letters either in Spanish or in your own language:

- expressing concern at intimidation and death threats against the Meta Civic Human Rights Committee, in particular the death threat received 15 March; urging that there be an immediate and thorough investigation into this and previous threats and the results made public;

- urging that, in line with President Samper's declared commitment to protecting the lives of human rights workers, all possible measures be taken to protect those working with the Committee;

- urging the government to immediately fulfil its commitment to disband paramilitary forces presently operating as auxiliaries of, or with the complicity of, the armed forces;

- calling for members of such forces responsible for human rights violations to be brought to justice.

APPEALS TO:

1) President Señor Presidente Ernesto Samper Pizano Presidente de la República Palacio de Nariño Santafé de Bogotá, Colombia Telegrams: President Samper Pizano, Bogotá, Colombia Telexes: 44281 PALP CO Faxes: + 57 1 286 7434/287 7939 Salutation: Excelentísimo Sr. Presidente / Dear President Samper

2) <u>Procurator General</u> Dr. Orlando Vásquez Velásquez Procurador General de la Nación Procuraduría General Edificio Banco Ganadero Carrera 5, No. 15-80 Santafé de Bogotá, Colombia Telegrams: Procurador General Vasquez, Bogotá, Colombia Faxes: + 57 1 342 9723/281 7531 Salutation: Sr. Procurador de la Nación/Dear Dr. Vásquez

3) <u>Attorney General</u> Dr. Alfonso Valdivieso Sarmiento Fiscal General de la Nación Fiscalia General de la Nación Apartado Aéreo 29855 Santafé de Bogotá Colombia Telegrams: Fiscal General Valdivieso, Fiscalia General, Bogotá, Colombia Faxes: + 57 1 245 5292 or 288 2828 Salutation: Estimado Dr. Valdivieso/Dear Dr. Valdivieso

4) <u>Advocate for the People</u> Dr. Jaime Córdoba Triviño Defensor del Pueblo Defensoría del Pueblo Calle 35 No. 7-25 piso 5 Santafé de Bogotá, Colombia Telegrams: Defensor del Pueblo Triviño, Defensoria del Pueblo, Bogota, Colombia Faxes: + 57 1 346 1225/285 6908 Salutation: Estimado Dr Triviño/Dear Dr. Triviño

COPIES OF YOUR APPEALS TO:

La Comisión Intercongresional de Justicia y Paz, AA 31861 Sante Fé de Bogotá Colombia

and to diplomatic representatives of Colombia accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 27 April 1995.