EXTRA 24/98 Fear of imminent Execution / Legal concern 30 March 1998

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO Muderwa, 15 year old boy soldier

On 28 March Muderwa, a member of the presidential guard, was sentenced to death by a military tribunal after a grossly unfair trial and is now under threat of imminent execution. He is currently being held at a military detention centre, *camp Loano*.

Muderwa was convicted of killing a member of a Red Cross football team at a soccer pitch the same day. The killing followed a dispute between Muderwa and his fellow soldiers who wanted to play football and the Red Cross football team who wanted them to leave because they had booked the pitch.

The hearing of the *Cour d'ordre militaire*, military order court, took place at the side of the pitch immediately after the event giving Muderwa's lawyer no time to prepare the defence.

Though the prosecution recommended life imprisonment the military judge sentenced the boy to death. The military court's statute prohibits appeal to a higher jurisdiction and defendants have no opportunity to challenge convictions and sentences handed down by the court. Only President Kabila has the power to commute the sentences.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Military tribunals in the Democratic Republic of Congo have sentenced dozens of people, some of them civilians, to death in recent months. In January 1998, at least 43 people were sentenced to death and executed within days. These convictions were passed down by the *Cour d'ordre militaire*, Military Order Court, set up in 1997 by President Laurent-Désiré Kabila. The court's judges are not known to have any judicial training.

The imposition of the death penalty on a minor contravenes international legal obligations of the government of the Democratic Republic of Congo. Article 6 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR), to which DRC is a party, states that the sentence of death shall not be imposed for crimes committed by persons below eighteen years of age. If Muderwa is executed, this would be the first known case of a minor executed in the Democratic Republic of Congo.

Amnesty International recognizes the responsibility of governments to bring to justice those suspected of criminal offences, but opposes the death penalty in all countries and all circumstances, because it is a state-sanctioned violation of the right to life and the right not to be subjected to cruel, inhuman or degrading punishment.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/faxes/express/airmail letters in French or your own language:

- urging President Laurent-Désiré Kabila to commute the death sentence against Muderwa;

- urging the Congolese authorities to grant Muderwa a fair trial conforming to international standards, including the right of appeal;

- reminding the Congolese authorities that a death sentence for a minor (under 18) is a violation of the government's obligations under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights;

- urging the Congolese authorities to abolish the death penalty, which is a violation of the right to life and the right not to be subjected to cruel, inhuman or degrading punishment.

APPEALS TO:

(Please note: fax tones may be difficult to obtain)

Head of State
Son Excellence
Laurent-Désiré KABILA
Président de la République
Présidence de la République
Kinshasa-Ngaliema
Democratic Republic of Congo
Telegrams: Président, Kinshasa, DR Congo
Faxes: + 243 88 02120
Salutation: Monsieur le Président de la République / Dear President

Minister of Justice M. Mwenze KONGOLO Ministre de la Justice Ministère de la Justice BP 3137, Kinshasa-Gombe Democratic Republic of Congo Telegrams: Ministre Justice, Kinshasa, DR Congo Salutation: Monsieur le Ministre / Dear Minister

President of the Military Order Court M. Kiyana MINKUNTU Président de la Cour d'ordre militaire Palais de Justice BP 7016 Kinshasa-Gombe République Démocratique du Congo Salutation: Monsieur le Président de la Cour Militaire / Dear President of the Military Order Court

COPIES TO: diplomatic representatives of Democratic Republic of Congo accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 10 April 1998

2