EXTERNAL (for general distribution)

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UA 100/94	Fear of Torture / Prisoners of conscience	11 March 1994
SUDAN	'Izzat Mirghani Taha	
	'Ala Mirghani Taha	
	Ali Hassan Taha	
	Adil Samsa'ah	
	Khalifa Khader Kemair	
	Kamal Abu al-Gassim	
	Kamal Osman Badai	
	Kamal Badai	
	Bashir Badai	
	Hamuda al-Sheikh	
	Khajeli Saleh Khajeli	
	Dr Kamal Mahmud Gadien	
	Baha' Abul-Qasim	
	Saad Karrar	
	Ali Jaaf'er	
	Al-Sadiq Abdel-Magid	
	Hamaza	
	Rabie' Ahmed al-Rayah	
	Abdel-Rahim Faisel	
	and other names not known	

Amnesty International is concerned about the reported arrest by security officials of around 30 individuals, including those named above, during the evening of 10 March 1994, the 28th day of the Muslim holy month of Ramadan. The arrests took place at a house in Khartoum where relatives and friends were gathering to commemorate the anniversary in the Islamic calendar of the summary execution of 28 army officers on 24 April 1990.

It has been reported that some of those detained were assaulted by security officials at the time of their arrest. Their current place of detention is unknown and there are serious fears that they may be subjected to torture. Amnesty International believes that they are prisoners of conscience arrested for engaging in their internationally recognized and fundamental rights to freedom of expression and association.

Two women, Zakia and Mahassin, widows of two of the executed officers, were also arrested but have since been released.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Twenty-eight army officers were executed on 24 April 1990, the day after they were arrested. They were convicted in summary military trials of involvement in a coup attempt. Since then the anniversary of their deaths has become a rallying point for opposition to the military government.

Women and children related to the executed officers were previously arrested in April 1992 when they were held in detention without charge for a number of weeks, following a peaceful demonstration commemorating the anniversary. (see UA 107/92 (AFR 54/12/92, 1 April 1992) and follow-ups (AFR 54/13/92, 3 April; AFR 54/15/92, 6 April; AFR 54/16/92, 16 April; and AFR 54/18/92, 30 April). RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/express and airmail letters either in English or Arabic, or in your own language:

- expressing concern at the arrest on 10 March 1994 of around 30 individuals (naming some) who Amnesty International believes are prisoners of conscience imprisoned solely for exercising their internationally recognised rights to freedom of expression and association.

- requesting assurances that they are not being subjected to torture or ill-treatment and urging that their whereabouts in custody be made public and that they are granted immediate and regular access to their family, legal counsel and any necessary medical attention;

- urging that they be immediately and unconditionally released.

APPEALS TO

 His Excellency Lieutenant General Omar Hassan al-Bashir
President of the Republic of the Sudan
People's Palace
PO Box 281, Khartoum, Sudan
Telegrams: Lt Gen Omar Hassan al-Bashir, Khartoum, Sudan
Telexes: 22385 PEPLC SD or 22411 KAID SD
Salutation: Your Excellency

2) Brigadier-Engineer 'Abd al-Rahim Muhammad Husayn Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of the Interior People's Palace PO Box 281, Khartoum, Sudan Telegrams: Brig-Engineer 'Abd al-Rahim Muhammed Husayn, Khartoum, Sudan Telexes: 22842 WZARA SD or 22604 IPOL SD Salutation: Dear Deputy Prime Minister

3) Mr 'Abd al-Aziz Shiddu Minister of Justice and Attorney-General Ministry of Justice, Khartoum, Sudan Telegrams: Mr 'Abd al-Aziz Shiddu, Khartoum, Sudan Telexes: 22459 KHRJA SD or 22461 KHRJA SD (via Ministry of Foreign Affairs) Salutation: Dear Minister

COPIES TO:

Mr Jalal Ali Lutfi Chief Justice Law Courts Khartoum, Sudan

Mr Hussein Suleiman Abu Salih Minister of Foreign Affairs Ministry of Foreign Affairs PO Box 873 Khartoum, Sudan

Dr A. al-Mufti Secretary of Human Rights Commission* Khartoum, Sudan * The Human Rights Commission is a government-backed body, nominally independent, but apparently created to counter what the government perceives as hostile human rights propaganda.

and to diplomatic representatives of Sudan accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 22 April 1994.