AI Index: 36/13/93 Distr: UA/SC

9 February 1993

Further information on UA 26/93 (AFR 36/12/93, 3 February 1993) - $\underline{\text{Fear of}}$ ill-treatment/Legal concern

MALAWI: The Reverend Peter Kaleso, Presbyterian church minister and opposition activist

The Reverend Peter Kaleso, who had been arrested on 24 January 1993, was released from Maula prison in Lilongwe, the Malawian capital, on 2 February 1993. He was taken to court and released on bail after being charged with "uttering words abusive to the President" at an opposition rally. Under this rarely-used charge, he could be imprisoned for up to three years if convicted. He was not ill-treated in custody.

He had been arrested during the campaign leading to a referendum on the issue of a one-party/multi-party system in Malawi, which has now been postponed by Life-President Banda from 15 March to 14 June 1993. A United Nations technical team had advised this postponement and proposed other conditions for a free and fair referendum, including the release of political prisoners and the removal of restrictions on the exercise of the right to freedom of opinion and association.

Amnesty International remains concerned that the Reverend Peter Kaleso was arrested for the peaceful expression of his opinions and was thus a prisoner of conscience. He was held unlawfully in custody for several days longer than the permitted 48 hours after which the law requires that an arrested person should be either charged or released. He could also face trial and imprisonment under a law which denies freedom of peaceful expression and in a court system where judicial independence is notably deficient.

FURTHER RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/faxes and airmail letters either in English or in your own language:

- welcoming the provisional release of the Reverend Peter Kaleso, a prisoner of conscience;
- expressing concern that he could yet be tried and imprisoned under a law denying freedom of peaceful expression and in a court system where international standards of fair trial are often not respected;
- urging that the charges against him should be withdrawn if they relate solely to the peaceful expression of his opinions;
- requesting investigation into his apparently unlawful detention in custody after the first 48 hours, with a view to ensuring proper observance of the legal requirement that anyone who is arrested should be brought to court and charged with a recognizably criminal offence within this period or released.

APPEALS TO:

1) His Excellency Life-President Ngwazi Dr H. Kamuzu Banda Office of the President Private Bag 301 Lilongwe 3 Malawi Telegrams: Life-President Banda, Lilongwe, Malawi Telexes: 44389 PRES MI or 44113 EXTERNAL MI

Faxes: + 265 731878

Salutation: Your Excellency

2) Mr John Tembo Minister of the State Office of the President Private Bag 301 Lilongwe 3 Malawi

Telegrams: State Minister Tembo, Lilongwe, Malawi Telexes: 44389 PRES MI or 44113 EXTERNAL MI

Faxes: + 265 731878

Salutation: Dear Minister

3) Mr MacWilliam Lunguzi Inspector-General of Police Malawi Police Headquarters Private Bag 305 Lilongwe 3 Malawi

Telegrams: Inspector-General Police Lunguzi, Lilongwe, Malawi

Salutation: Dear Inspector-General

4) Mr Friday Makuta Minister of Justice Ministry of Justice Private Bag 333 Lilongwe 3 Malawi

Telegrams: Justice Minister Makuta, Lilongwe, Malawi

Telexes: 44766 JUSTICE MI

Salutation: Dear Minister

PLEASE SEND COPIES OF YOUR APPEALS TO:

Mr Mwale Commissioner of Prisons Malawi Prison Service Headquarters Box 28 Zomba Malawi

The Officer-in-Command Maula Prison Private Bag 130 Lilongwe Malawi

Mr Viliera

Attorney General
Attorney General's Chambers
Ministry of Justice
Private Bag 333
Lilongwe 3
Malawi

Mr Justice Richard Banda Chief Justice High Court of Malawi Box 30244 Chichiri Blantyre 3 Malawi

and to diplomatic representatives of Malawi accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 1 March 1993.