PUBLIC AI Index: AFR 35/002/2002

UA 155/02 <u>Fear for safety/Medical concern/</u> 24 May 2002 Possible Prisoner of Conscience (POC)

MADAGASCARAli Sarety (65 years old), leader of the KMMR (Support Committee for Marc Ravalomanana, Comité de Support pour Marc Ravalomanana) in Ambanja, province of Antsiranana (Diégo-Suarez)

Possible prisoner of conscience Ali Sarety is being denied specialist medical treatment by the provincial authorities and security forces in province of Antsiranana, northeast Madagascar. He is a prominent supporter of Marc Ravalomanana, who was officially declared President of Madagascar on 29 April. As such there are fears for his safety, as he is at risk of being ill-treated by supporters of the outgoing President, Didier Ratsiraka.

Ali Sarety was reportedly arrested on 11 April, with two of his bodyguards in Ambanja, by security officers loyal to the President Didier Ratsiraka. He was later transferred to camp de gendarmerie Pardes, a security camp in the city of Antsiranana (Diégo-Suarez), in the province of Antsiranana where he stayed until 17 May. He was held without charge along with 18 other prisoners arrested in different parts of the province, including political prisoners and possible prisoners of conscience. The Tribunal de Première Instance de Diégo (The First Instance Tribunal in Diego) was unable to charge the prisoners with a recognizable criminal offence.

Ali Sarety and his two bodyguards were transferred back to the town of Ambanja, Antsiranana (Diégo-Suarez) Province on 17 May. The *Tribunal de Première Instance de Ambanja* (The First Instance Tribunal in Ambanja) reportedly ordered the two bodyguards to be released, but Ali Sarety was kept in detention and reportedly charged with keeping weapons in his house. He is currently being treated at the *Centre Médico-chirurgical de Saint-Damien, Saint-Damien* Surgical Medical Centre in Ambanja. He has a suspected neurological disorder, which was allegedly caused by the beating he received at the time of his arrest. He requires specialist investigation and treatment, which is only available in the capital Antananarivo. However provincial authorities loyal to outgoing President Ratsiraka, including members of security forces present in Ambanja, are reportedly impeding his transfer.

### BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Madagascar has been marred by unrest since the contested results of the Presidential elections of December 2001 between outgoing President Didier Ratsiraka and Marc Ravalomanana, mayor of the capital Antananarivo. On 29 April 2002, after the ordering of a vote recount by the High Constitutional Court, Marc Ravalomanana was declared President of Madagascar. The recount followed weeks of generally peaceful protests by supporters of Marc Ravalomanana in Antananarivo against official results, which culminated with Marc Ravalomanana's self-proclamation as President on 22 February 2002. Despite efforts by the Organization of African Unity (OAU) to mediate between the two rival Presidential candidates, outgoing President Didier Ratsiraka refused to recognize Marc Ravalomanana as the new President and set up his own government in the province of Toamasina (Tamatave) with the backing of four regional governors. These governors unilaterally declared the independence of the provinces of Toamasina (Tamatave), Antsiranana (Diégo-Suarez), Majunga and Toliara (Tuléar) from the central government in Antananarivo.

Human rights violations on both sides have steadily increased throughout the country since the stand-off between Marc Ravalomanana and Didier Ratsiraka. In particular, Amnesty International has received many reports of members and suspected supporters of Marc Ravalomanana in the four "independent" provinces being intimidated, arbitrarily arrested and tortured by regional authorities, security officers or militia supporting the outgoing President.

# RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send appeals to arrive as quickly as possible, in French or your own language:

- expressing concern for the safety of Ali Sarety in the town of Ambanja and seeking assurances that he will not be harassed or intimidated;
- expressing concern for Ali Sarety's ill-health, which was allegedly caused by being beaten at the time of his arrest;
- calling on the provincial authorities to give him immediate and unimpeded access to medical analysis and treatment which are appropriate for his condition;
- calling on the provincial authorities to clarify whether charges are pending against him and asking for more information about the basis of these charges; explaining that if he was arrested solely for the peaceful expression of his political beliefs, he should be released immediately and unconditionally; calling for a prompt, independent and impartial investigation into his alleged ill-treatment by security forces, for those responsible to be suspended and promptly brought to justice.

#### APPEALS TO:

Governor of Diégo-Suarez Province
M. Jean-Robert Gara
Gouverneur de la province de Diégo-Suarez
Palais du Faritany
201 Diégo-Suarez
Madagascar

Telegrams: Governor of Diégo-Suarez Province, Madagascar

Fax: + 261 20 82 29319 Salutation: Dear Governor

Armed Forces Minister under President Didier Ratsiraka
General Ismaël Mounibou
Ministre des Forces Armées de Didier Ratsiraka
c/o Gouverneur de Tamatave
Palais du Faritany
Boulevard Ratsimilaho
501 Tamatave
Madagascar

Telegrams: General Mounibou, Tamatave, Madagascar

Fax: + 261 20 22 21842 Salutation: Dear General

Prosecutor of the First Instance Tribunals in Ambanja
Procureur du Tribunal de Première Instance d'Ambanja
Palais de Justice
203 Ambanja
Diégo-Suarez
Madagascar

Telegrams: Procureur du Tribunal de Première Instance d'Ambanja, Diégo-Suarez, Madagascar

## Salutation: Dear Prosecutor

General Prosecutor of Tribunals in Majunga Procureur Général du Tribunal de Majunga Palais de Justice 401 Majunga Madagascar

Fax: + 261 20 62 22743

Telegrams: Procureur Général du Tribunal de Majunga, Madagascar

Salutation: Dear Prosecutor General

## COPIES TO:

Mme Alice Rajaonah
Garde des Sceaux et Ministre de la Justice
Ministère de la Justice
Faravohitra
101 Antananarivo
Madagascar

and to diplomatic representatives of MADAGASCAR accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 5 July 2002.