URGENT ACTION

ASYLUM SEEKERS, REFUGEES AT RISK OF DEPORTATION

For the past month, Djiboutian authorities have been rounding up and detaining hundreds of Ethiopian asylum seekers and refugees with the aim of deporting them back to Ethiopia. They are at risk of torture and other forms of ill-treatment upon their return to Ethiopia.

In the past month, Amnesty International has been receiving credible reports that Djiboutian police have been rounding up and detaining hundreds of Amhara and Oromo Ethiopian asylum seekers and refugees with the aim of deporting them back to Ethiopia. Summary deportations of Ethiopian asylum seekers and refugees from Djibouti continue to occur on a daily basis.

The registration process for asylum seekers seeking refugee status in Djibouti is very slow, resulting in backlogs preventing many asylum seekers from registering as refugees. As a result, many asylum seekers in Djibouti do not have documents attesting to their right to remain in the country until their asylum application is finally determined.

The number of deportations escalated after the weekend of 7-8 August, the same weekend that large protests in both Oromo and Amhara regions of Ethiopia occurred. Violent police response to protests that erupted in the Oromia region of Ethiopia in November 2015 caused a massive movement of Oromos out of Ethiopia. The Ethiopian government has often accused Ethiopians outside the country of planning these protests.

The asylum seekers and refugees face a real risk of torture and other forms of ill-treatment upon their return to Ethiopia. Their deportations violate not only their rights to non-refoulement (the right not to be transferred to a place where the individual would be at real risk of persecution or other serious human rights violations), but also their procedural rights to oppose the deportations on human rights grounds.

Please write immediately in French, English or your own language:

- Calling on the Djiboutian authorities to immediately release detained asylum seekers and refugees;
- Calling on them to immediately cease all deportations of Ethiopian asylum seekers and refugees in Djibouti back to Ethiopia;
- Urging them to respect, protect and fulfil the rights of asylum seekers and refugees, in particular the right to non-refoulement.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS BEFORE 5 OCTOBER 2016 TO:

Executive Secretary of National Office for Assistance to Refugees and Affected People (ONARS)
Mr. Hussein Hassan Darar
Zone Industrielle BP 55
Djibouti
Fax: +253 21 35 09 14
Salutation: Dear Sir

Minister of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation
Mr. Ali Youssouf
Zone Industrielle BP 1863
Djibouti
Fax: +253 21 35 38 40
Salutation: Your Excellency

And copies to:
UNHCR Country Representative
Paul Ndaitouroum
Quartier Huéron
Rue de l’IGAD
Djibouti
Fax: +253 21 35 86 23
Email: ndaitour@unhcr.org

Also send copies to diplomatic representatives accredited to your country. Please insert local diplomatic addresses below:

Please check with your section office if sending appeals after the above date.
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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Ethiopia’s Oromia region has faced ongoing protests since November of 2015, triggered by the Ethiopian government’s attempt to expand the capital city, Addis Ababa, into the Oromia region. Since the beginning of August, protests spread out to the Amhara regions of Ethiopia as well as Addis Ababa. The federal government’s response to protests in both areas have been highly disproportionate. There have been over 500 protestors’ deaths recorded in Oromia region since November 2015 and over 100 others in the Amhara and Oromia region in the month of August.

Name: Ethiopian asylum seekers and refugees in Djibouti
Gender m/f: Both