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@Country Dossier List 1994 Europe

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AI Index: DOC 32/04/95
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EUR 11 ALBANIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Albania. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 9 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Albania: Clarification sought on arrest of six members of Greek minority. In: AI News Service 120/94 (NWS 11/120/94)

Date: 11 August 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Albania: Amnesty International concerned about alleged violation of right to fair trial. In: Amnesty International News Service 179/94 (NWS 11/179/94)

Date: 18 August 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Albania: Amnesty International concerned about reports of ill-treatment of Greek lawyers and journalists outside Tirana courthouse. In: Amnesty International News Service 187/94 (NWS 11/187/94)

Date: 30 September 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Albania: Amnesty International writes to President about continuing concerns. In: AI News Service 229/94 (NWS 11/229/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Albania: Prisoners of conscience; allegations of police ill-treatment; the death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Albania: Arrest or prosecution of journalists followed by presidential pardon; arrest of members of Albania's Greek minority; former Communist Party officials on trial for killing border-crossers; death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 11/02/94

Date: 1 October 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Albania: Alleged ill-treatment by police of Arben Memolla and his cousin

Abstract: AI is concerned by allegations that Arben Memolla and his cousin were beaten by police on 25 September 1994 after taking part in a meeting of the Socialist Party of Albania. AI is seeking further information about the

case. The organization is concerned that this incident appears to be consistent with a pattern of official hostility towards the Socialist Party (the renamed former communist party), which is now the chief party of opposition.

Al Indx: EUR 11/06/94

Date: 1 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Albania: Jani Stefan Magllara

Abstract:Al is concerned about allegations that Jani Magllara, a member of Albania's Greek minority, was beaten and otherwise ill-treated by the chief of police in Saranda on 18 September 1994 after he went to the police station to enquire about his son, who had been arrested the previous day.

Al Indx: EUR 11/07/94

Date: 1 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Albania: Ill-treatment of Osman Cureiali by police

Abstract:Al is concerned about reports that Osman Cureiali was detained at a police station in Tirana for two days in September 1994 and beaten and otherwise ill-treated by police during this time.

Al Indx: EUR 11/08/94

Date: 1 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Albania: Avdi, Ali and Enver Kzei, their mother and two sisters

Abstract:Al is concerned about reports that six members of the Kzei family were beaten and otherwise ill-treated by police in Fushë-Kruja on 17 October 1994. This incident was reportedly initiated by Ali Kzei's drunken behaviour. The police came to the house and beat several members of the family, arresting one of the brothers and continuing to beat him on the way to the local police station. Ali Kzei had to be treated in hospital after losing consciousness. It is alleged that when he asked the doctor for a forensic report, the doctor told him "The police is with us and we are with the police".

Al Indx: EUR 11/09/94

Date: 1 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Albania: Dhimitraq Petro

Abstract:Al is concerned about reports that Dhimitraq Petro died on 18 September 1994 as a result of injuries inflicted on him by police in Korea. He had been arrested following a family quarrel. His case has been taken up by "Omonia", an organization representing the Greek minority in Albania, as his mother is apparently a member of the Greek Community in Albania.

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Albania. In: Amnesty International's concerns at the 51st United Nations Commission on Human Rights (IOR 41/11/94)

Al Indx: EUR 11/10/94

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Albania: Death in custody of Enrik Pajtim Islami

Abstract:Enrik Islami, 28, from the town of Vlora, was reportedly arrested by police in June 1993 and detained pending trial until his death on 25 November 1994. Al does not know what charges were brought against him. He was reportedly ill-treated during detention: on the last occasion, on 25 November, he is reported to have died

after being beaten for about 10 minutes. His body was taken to hospital where it was forensically examined (the results are not known to AI). AI is concerned about this and numerous other allegations of police brutality in Albania.

EUR 12 ANDORRA

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Andorra: accession to four Geneva Conventions. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993
(EUR 01/01/94)

EUR 54 ARMENIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Armenia. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 February 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Armenia: lack of executioners means years waiting on death row. In: AI Newsletter February 1994 (NWS 21/02/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 22 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Armenia: Azerbaydzhani prisoners of war killed in "execution-type shootings". In: AI News Service 82/94 (NWS 11/82/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Armenia: hostage taking; the death penalty; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 54/02/94

Date: 3 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Republic of Armenia: Maarif Ali oglu Aliyev

Abstract: AI is concerned by reports that Maarif Ali oglu Aliyev, an Azerbaydzhani citizen, was unlawfully detained by ethnic Armenian forces in the Karabakh region in 1991 and has been held hostage since, solely on grounds of his ethnic origin. If these reports are confirmed, AI will regard him as a prisoner of conscience who should be released immediately and unconditionally.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Armenia: Hostage-taking; the death penalty; deaths of Azerbaijani prisoners. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 14

Title: Armenia. In: Azerbaydzhani: Hostages in the context of the Karabakh conflict - an update (EUR 55/12/94)

EUR 13 AUSTRIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Austria. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (DOI 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 13/02/94

Date: 7 June 1994

Pages: 10

Title: Austria: The alleged ill-treatment of foreigners: a summary of concerns

Abstract: AI has received a number of allegations during the past year of the ill-treatment of foreigners, some of them asylum seekers, by police or prison officers. Some detainees were allegedly ill-treated while in administrative detention awaiting deportation (Sohubhaft). They include: Amor Jelliti (Tunisian); Dickson Nosa Oviawe (Nigerian); and Orlando Frederik Mensah, a black man of Dutch nationality. Cases of ill-treatment in police custody include: Osaren Htwwe, a Nigerian chemical engineer, and his wife Euniez; and the case of Salim Y, an Algerian man whose ill-treatment by plainclothes police at Linz Airport was witnessed by two representatives of the Centre for Constitutional Rights in New York. Updates are given on the cases of the ill-treatment of Ahmet S. (Turkish) and Qani Halimi-Nedzibi.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 September 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Austria: Foreign nationals ill-treated by police and prison officers. In: AI Newsletter September 1994 (NWS 21/09/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 28 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Austria: AI criticizes proposed changes to Austrian legislation on conscientious objection. In: AI News Service 18/94 (NWS 11/18/94)

Date: 7 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Austria: Allegations of cruel, inhuman and degrading treatment by police and prison officers. In: Amnesty International News Service 106/94 (NWS 11/106/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Austria: Alleged ill-treatment of detainees by police and prison officials (Ahmet S. Wernz Hirtmagr, Rudolf Reumann). In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Austria: The alleged ill-treatment of detainees; conscientious objection to military service. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 13/03/94

Date: 13 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Austria: Alleged ill-treatment in pre-expulsion detention - the case of Naser Palushi

Abstract: Naser Palushi is a 22-year-old ethnic Albanian from Kosovo province, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, who has been accepted as a law student at the University of Vienna. In 1992 he deserted from the Yugoslav National Army, and fled to Austria where he applied for asylum. His asylum applications were rejected and in April 1994 he was arrested and placed in pre-expulsion detention (Schubhaft). According to reports in the Austrian weekly magazine News (edition 21/94) which appeared on 26 May 1994 and from a Vienna-based NGO, Naser Palushi was subjected to torture and ill-treatment in the East Vienna Police Detention Centre, was refused medical treatment and was subsequently placed in an isolation cell. Naser Palushi has since been released and a complaint has been lodged with the Vienna Independent Administrative Tribunal.

AI Index: EUR 13/04/94

Date: 5 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Austria: The alleged torture and ill-treatment of Wolfgang Purtscheller

Abstract: On the evening of 22 September 1994, journalist and author Wolfgang Purtscheller was reportedly ill-treated by police when he sought to intervene as two plainclothes police were attempting to arrest a black African asylum-seeker in the foyer of the theatre he was attending. He and the plainclothes police argued until about 10 uniformed officers stormed into the building and proceeded physically to ill-treat him there and outside the theatre. He was taken to a nearby police station where he was held until about 5am the next morning. He was not allowed to see his lawyer and was given an apparently cursory medical examination. Wolfgang Purtscheller has reported extensively on right-wing extremism in Austria. He has submitted complaints about his treatment by the police. He is himself accused of assaulting officers and of resisting state authority. He is seeking more information about the case.

EUR 55 AZERBAIDZHAN

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Azerbaijan. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 55/12/94

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 14

Title: Azerbaijan: Hostages in the context of the Karabakh conflict - an update

Abstract: This document provides further information on cases of hostage taking described in "Azerbaijan: Hostages in the Karabakh conflict: civilians continue to pay the price" (EUR 55/05/93) issued in April 1993. It also contains information on new cases of hostage taking - Yolehu Akhmed oglu Gyogushov and Ramazan Gasym oglu Mamedov; a group of 19 members of the Nukhiev family; Georgy Sergezjevich Tumangan; Olga Garzginovna Arutyunova (Arutyunyan). In addition it provides updates and further instances of the use of the death penalty in Azerbaijan, Armenia and the self-proclaimed republic of Nagorno-Karabakh.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Azerbaijan: Sevda Vagif Kyzy Nukhievna, now aged 15, has spent over a year as a hostage of ethnic Armenian forces. In: Amnesty International Newsletter November 1994 - worldwide appeals (NEWS 21/11/94) (includes photograph)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Azerbaijan: Hostage-taking; arrest of political prisoners and alleged ill-treatment in detention; the death penalty; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 55/01/94

Date: 20 January 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijan Republic: Karen Arutyunovich Bandarehyan

Abstract: Karen Bandarehyan is an ethnic Armenian citizen of the Republic of Georgia. There is concern at reports from unofficial sources that while travelling through Azerbaijan at the beginning of May 1993 he was arrested by police solely on the grounds of ethnic origin, and has been held since as a hostage. If the reports are confirmed he will be regarded as a prisoner of conscience.

AI Index: EÜR 55/02/94

Date: 20 January 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijan Republic: Sosik Khaehikovich Balayan

Abstract: Sosik Balayan is an ethnic Armenian citizen of the Republic of Georgia. There is concern at reports from unofficial sources that while in transit through Azerbaijan at the beginning of May 1993, he was arrested by police solely on the grounds of his ethnic origin, and has since been held as a hostage. If the reports are confirmed, he will be regarded as a prisoner of conscience.

AI Index: EÜR 55/03/94

Date: 27 January 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijan Republic: Georgy Sergeyevich Tumanyan

Abstract: Georgy Tumanyan is a 17-year-old student of Armenian origin, possibly from Georgia. There is concern at reports that while in transit through Azerbaijan in November 1993, he was unlawfully detained by Azerbaijan citizens, solely on the grounds of his ethnic origin, and has since been held as a hostage, with the complicity of the authorities. If these reports are confirmed, he will be regarded as a prisoner of conscience.

AI Index: EÜR 55/04/94

Date: 18 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Azerbaijan Republic: Olga Garzginovna Arutyunova

Abstract: Olga Arutyunova, whose name indicates ethnic Armenian origin, was detained by police in Baku on 4 February 1994. At the time of writing no criminal charge is known to have been brought, although her detention is believed formally to be in connection with alleged passport irregularities. It is concerned by reports indicating that she may have been detained on grounds of ethnic (Armenian) origin, to be exchanged for ethnic Azeri prisoners held in connection with the Karabakh conflict.

AI Index: EÜR 55/05/94

Date: 22 March 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijan Republic: Gyulaga Mamedov and Novruzov (first name unknown)

Abstract: Gyulaga Mamedov and a 25-year-old man called Novruzov were sentenced to death by the Supreme Court of Azerbaijan, exact dates unknown, for premeditated aggravated murder. Both men are on death row in Baylovsky investigation-isolation prison no 1 in Baku. It is believed that both men have lodged petitions for clemency. Gyulaga Mamedov alleges that his initial confession was obtained under duress. In addition the court reportedly failed to consider the forensic report which stated that the fingerprints on the murder weapon were not those of Gyulaga Mamedova.

AI Index: EÜR 55/06/94

Date: 1 May 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijan Republic: Vakhid Garaoglan oglu Ragimov and Galina Gennadiyevna Fadina

Abstract: Vakhid Ragimov, an ethnic Azeri citizen of Russia and his Russian wife Galina Fadina were detained on 29 August 1993 while attending a funeral in Azerbaijan. It is concerned about reports that they are non-combatant civilians being held hostage by ethnic Armenian forces solely on grounds of the ethnic origin of Vakhid Ragimov. In a letter received from him through the Red Cross at the end of January 1994, Vakhid Ragimov informed his relatives that he and his wife were still detained. Galina Fadina was reported to be in hospital but it has no information about the state of her health.

Al Index: EÜR 55/07/94

Date: 3 May 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijan Republic: E Allahverdiyev and F Gadzhiev

Abstract: The above-named men were sentenced to death by the Ggandzha City Court on 3 March 1994 for premeditated aggravated murder. They are believed to have appealed against their sentences.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Azerbaijan: Hostage taking; the death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EÜR 01/02/94)

Al Index: EÜR 55/13/94

Date: 5 July 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijani Republic: Teyyub Pasha oğly Shabanov

Abstract: Teyyub Pasha oğly Shabanov was sentenced to death by the Supreme Court of Azerbaijan on 22 June 1994 for murder. It is believed that he has lodged a petition for clemency with the president.

Al Index: EÜR 55/14/94

Date: 5 July 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijani Republic: Elbrus Ibrahim oğly Ibrahimov

Abstract: The above-named was sentenced to death by the Supreme Court on 29 June 1994 for murder. It is believed that he has lodged a petition for clemency with the president.

Al Index: EÜR 55/17/94

Date: 5 September 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Azerbaijani Republic: Ilgar Allahverdiyev

Abstract: Ilgar Allahverdiyev was sentenced to death by the Supreme Court of Azerbaijan on 30 August 1994. He is believed to have lodged a petition for clemency with the President.

Al Index: EÜR 55/20/94

Date: 29 November 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Azerbaijani Republic: Kurban Babayev, Ali Guliyev, Dzhulagay Mamedov, Kingiz Pashayev and Sirudin Rifulayev

Abstract: Kurban Babayev, Ali Guliyev, Dzhulagay Mamedov, Kingiz Pashayev and Sirudin Rifulayev were sentenced to death by the Supreme Court of Azerbaijan on 30 November 1990 for murder. Because of numerous changes in the presidency since then, the lawyer for these men has had to lodge petitions for clemency with each new president, most recently in December 1993.

Al Index: EÜR 55/21/94

Date: 20 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Azerbaijani Republic: Vasily Logovoy

Abstract: Vasily Logovoy, an ethnic Russian soldier serving in the Armenian National Army, was sentenced to death in Baku on 17 November 1994. He had been convicted of sabotage. He has appealed against the sentence.

and a petition for clemency is believed to be pending. The Russian authorities are reportedly regarding him as a mercenary and not as a regular soldier.

EUR 49 BELARUS

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Belarus. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Belarus: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Belarus: The death penalty; homosexuality; conscientious objection to military service. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Belarus: The death penalty; homosexuality; conscientious objection. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 63 BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 63/01/94

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 13

Title: Central and southwest Bosnia-Herzegovina: Civilian population trapped in a cycle of violence

Abstract: In this report AI concentrates on victims of abuses which have largely taken place in areas of central and southwest Bosnia-Herzegovina disputed by the Bosnian Croat de facto leadership and the Bosnian Government. AI is greatly disturbed by continuing abuses against civilians and by the impunity with which they are committed. The violations reported include large-scale detentions (carried out especially by the Bosnian Croat side) and deliberate and arbitrary killings by both sides.

AI Index: EUR 63/11/94

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 15

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: "You have no place here": Abuses in Bosnian Serb-controlled areas

Abstract: Testimony collected in Croatia from recently arrived refugees reinforces concerns that serious human rights abuses continue to be perpetrated against minorities in areas under the control of rebel Bosnian Serb forces. Among the abuses which have been reported are torture and ill-treatment, including rape, deliberate and arbitrary killings and arbitrary detention of civilians. Many of these abuses have occurred in the context of harassment by Bosnian Serbs seeking to take over Muslims' or Croats' property. The clear pattern of abuses shows that the authorities are condoning or even encouraging this policy. Bosnian Serb police have offered only minimal protection to victims or potential victims. Many of those seeking to leave this climate of fear have had to pay exorbitant sums for transport and give up rights to their property.

AI Index: EUR 63/12/94

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 6

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: "You have no place here": Abuses in Bosnian Serb-controlled areas (abridged version of EUR 63/11/94)

AI Index: EUR 63/22/94

Date: 21 December 1994

Pages: 17

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Living for the day: forced expulsions from Bijeljina and Janja (includes correction)

Abstract: This document is based largely on interviews with displaced persons conducted by AI in Tuzla in October 1994. They had all left their homes in the Serb-controlled towns of Bijeljina and Janja in northeast Bosnia between July and September 1994. Their statements reveal a systematic plan to expel the remaining Muslims and to extort money and property from them. The report describes a pattern of human rights abuses aimed at expelling non-Serbs from areas controlled by Bosnian Serb forces, giving background information about the situation in Bijeljina and Janja during the first two years of the war, as well as about the new wave of expulsions which began in July 1994.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Women in the war zone. In: *All Newsletter March 1994 (Focus - Women under attack)* (NWS 21/03/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: People forced to flee homes after Bosnian Serb brutality. In: *All Newsletter June 1994* (NWS 21/06/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 28 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Amnesty International delegate visits Croatia. In: *Amnesty International News Service 60/94* (NWS 11/60/94)

Date: 5 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Bosnian Serb forces responsible for new abuses against minorities. In: *All News Service 65/94* (NWS 11/65/94)

Date: 5 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Aid workers held in Bosnia may be hostages. In: *All News Service 94/94* (NWS 11/94/94)

Date: 9 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: All concerned at "disappearance" of Tunisian aid workers in Bosnia-Herzegovina. In: *All News Service 121/94* (NWS 11/121/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Deliberate and arbitrary killings in the context of the Croat-Muslim conflict; arbitrary detentions of civilians and ill-treatment of detainees; allegations of rape and other abuses. In: *Concerns in Europe May - October 1993* (EUR 01/01/94)

All Index: EUR 63/02/94

Date: 4 February 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: medical concern: Drs Dejan Kafka, Ranko Medan, Igor Sablak, Nemanja Veljkovic, Marko Vukovic, and three female nurses (names unknown)

Abstract: There is concern at reports of the continuing detention of the five doctors named above and three nurses, from the Kosvo hospital, who were detained by Bosnian Government forces in Sarajevo early in January 1994. The majority are of Serbian nationality, although there is one Croat among the group, and another is known to be Jewish. The reason for their arrest is not known, but it is believed that they may have been arrested for attempting to cross to Bosnian Serb-controlled territory without permission. It appears that they are being held in the Viktor Bubanj army barracks, where it has been alleged that they have been ill-treated. There is concern that they are being held solely on account of their nationality.

All Index: EUR 63/06/94

Date: 22 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Conscientious objection: Marko and Velibor Lalovic

Abstract: Marko and Velibor Lalovic, who are Serbs, have reportedly been detained by Bosnian Government authorities in January 1994, and have been charged with criminal offenses, possibly desertion from the armed forces. Although details are difficult to confirm, it appears that they had already been mobilized and had been made to dig trenches near to front-lines. They allegedly deserted their unit when they were asked to carry arms. A trial was reported to have been scheduled for 10 or 11 March 1994, although it has not been confirmed if it took place, or whether they have been found guilty or sentenced. If they were to be imprisoned for their conscientiously held objections to performing military service, they would be considered prisoners of conscience.

All Index: EÜR 63/10/94

Date: 12 May 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Possible holding of 11 relief workers as hostages

Abstract: There is concern that a group of 11 relief workers, ten men and a woman, are being held as hostages by the de facto Bosnian Serb authorities. The aid workers from the French relief agency *Première Urgence* were reportedly arrested on 8 April 1994 after their convoy was stopped by Bosnian Serb soldiers just before entering the Sarajevo suburb of Ilidza. They are currently detained in a prison in Kula, another suburb of Sarajevo.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Concerns in the Croat-Muslim conflict; remaining minorities in Bosnian Serb-controlled areas; indiscriminate attacks or deliberate targeting of civilians; prisoners of conscience; hostage-taking. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EÜR 01/02/94)

All Index: EÜR 63/14/94

Date: 21 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: further information on doctors and nurses arrested in Sarajevo

Abstract: It has now learned that the four doctors and two nurses (not three, as stated in EÜR 63/02/94) were released in a prisoner exchange on 15 June 1994. They are Drs Dejan Kafka, Ranko Medan, Nemanja Veljkov and Marko Vukovic. The nurses have been named as Verica Vujicic and Jagoda Delic. Igor Sablak was released soon after his arrest.

All Index: EÜR 63/15/94

Date: 1 July 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Abuses in Bosnian Serb areas: update

Abstract: This document gives further information about the concerns described in the report "You have no place here": abuses in Bosnian Serb-controlled areas (EÜR 63/11/94), issued in June 1994. New abuses reported against minorities in Serb-held areas include the beating of at least 40 Muslims and Croats queuing outside the offices of the UNHCR in Bajina Luka and forcing men to perform work close to front lines. It welcomes reports of actions by the authorities to bring to justice perpetrators of rape, murder, extortion and banditry but remains concerned about the overall situation. Information is given about the movement of refugees out of Serb-controlled areas and about abuses in areas controlled by the authorities in the Federation of Bosnia-Herzegovina.

Date: 1 September 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bosnia-Herzegovina: Government to abolish death penalty. In: Death Penalty News September 1994 (ACT 53/03/94)

EUR 15 BULGARIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 15/04/94

Date: 1 September 1994

Pages: 12

Title: Bulgaria: Turning a blind eye to racism

Abstract: AI is concerned about the number of allegations it receives of ill-treatment of Roma (Gypsies) throughout Bulgaria by law enforcement officers. The organization believes most instances of such ill-treatment to be racially motivated and that ill-treatment of Roma to be one of Bulgaria's major human rights problems. Roma have also been subject to acts of racial violence by civilians from which the authorities have failed adequately to protect them. This report documents the following examples of violence against Roma: torture and death of Zahari Aleksandrov Stefanov, an ethnic Turk married to a Rom; torture and ill-treatment of 9 Roma in Stara Zagora; torture and ill-treatment of Roma in Glushnik; racial attacks against the Roma of Dolno Belotintsi; racial attacks against the Roma in Pleven; and torture and ill-treatment of Roma in Pazardjik and the death in detention of Lybuecho Sofiev Terziev.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bulgaria: Man dies in police custody (Slaveho Lyubenov Tsonehev). In: Amnesty International Newsletter December 1994 (NWS 21/12/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 16 February 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria: Amnesty International writes to President urging against the death penalty. In: Amnesty International News Service 31/94 (NWS 11/31/94)

Date: 23 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria: Amnesty International concerned by attacks on Roma community. In: Amnesty International News Service 58/94 (NWS 11/58/94)

Date: 22 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria: AI urges authorities to ensure police observance of international human rights standards. In: AI News Service 81/94 (NWS 11/81/94)

Date: 10 October 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria: Another Rom dies in custody in suspicious circumstances (Slaveho Lyubenov Tsonehev). In: AI News Service 234/94 (NWS 11/234/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria: Allegations of torture and ill-treatment; conscientious objection to military service; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bulgaria: Possibility of lifting of moratorium. In: Death Penalty News March 1994 (ACT 53/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 15/01/94

Date: 23 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria: Racial attacks against the Roma community of Dolno Belotintsi

Abstract: There is concern at reports of racially motivated attacks on the Roma in Dolno Belotintsi which started on 25 February 1994 and have continued sporadically ever since. According to these reports, most of the Roma community were forced to abandon their homes and flee from the village after the authorities failed adequately to protect them.

AI Index: EUR 15/02/94

Date: 6 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria: Torture and ill-treatment of Roma in Glushnik

Abstract: AI is concerned about allegations of apparently illegal detention, beatings and other ill-treatment of 20 Roma (Gypsies) by a police officer and villagers in Glushnik on 3 and 4 November 1993. About 40 Roma had apparently been gathering grapes illegally from the village vineyards. Two of the Roma beaten were reportedly children and Roma women were allegedly threatened with rape. AI believes that this attack may have been motivated by the victims' ethnic origin.

AI Index: EUR 15/03/94

Date: 6 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Bulgaria: Racial attacks against the Roma in Pleven

Abstract: AI is concerned about reports of racially motivated attacks on Roma (Gypsies) in Pleven on 26 and 28 March and 1 April 1994. The attacks were made by "skinheads" reportedly armed with knives, sticks and molotov cocktails. AI is particularly concerned by reports that the police failed adequately to protect the victims and, on several occasions, themselves beat members of the Roma community, including women and children, and allegedly racially abused them.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Bulgaria: Torture and ill-treatment of Roma continues. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

Date: 1 July 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Bulgaria: Ill-treatment of Anton Stefanov Assenov, aged 14. In AI Week 1994: cases for appeals (ACT 31/02/94) (includes photograph)

EUR 64 CROATIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Croatia. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (DOI 10/02/94)

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 August 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Croatia: Tenci Majic. In: AI Newsletter August 1994 (NWS 21/08/94) (Focus: Freedom's front line) (includes photograph)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Croatia: Freedom of expression; forcible return of Muslim asylum-seekers from Bosnia-Herzegovina. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Croatia: Conscientious objection. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 64/02/94

Date: 17 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Croatia: "Disappearance" of Rasim Kahrmanovic

Abstract: On 18 July 1993 Rasim Kahrmanovic, a 43-year-old Muslim from Bosnia-Herzegovina, "disappeared" in police custody in Dubrovnik. A former officer in the Bosnian army (Armija B-H) he had moved to Dubrovnik to join his wife, a refugee, at the onset of hostilities between the Armija B-H and the Bosnian Croat forces. He had reportedly been summoned to report to the police to answer allegations that he had been involved in the smuggling of foodstuffs.

EUR 17 CYPRUS

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Cyprus. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 17/10/94

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 11

Title: Cyprus: A summary of Amnesty International's human rights concerns

Abstract: Over 60 men have been imprisoned since the beginning of the 1990s because of their refusal on conscientious grounds to perform military service. Allegations of torture and ill-treatment continue to be received and the provision for the use of the death penalty remains in law. This document provides information on the cases of conscientious objectors Omiros Androu Constantinou, Christakis Andra Trisokka, Christakis Christophorou, Pelopidas Georgiou Nikolaou, Andreas Ioanni Demetriou, Loukas Androu Hatzipanagis, Theoharis Theokli Theoharidis, Iosif Costa Kourides and Christos Panikou Christophy. Allegations of torture and ill-treatment have been made in the cases of Michalis Loukas, Mehmet Canbulut, Dimos Dimosthenous and Legeourgos Vassiliou.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 February 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Northern Cyprus: Salih Askeroğlu, a conscientious objector and prisoner of conscience, sentenced to three years and three months (includes photograph). In: AI Newsletter February 1994 (NWS 21/02/94) (Worldwide appeals)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 22 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objectors to military service continues. In: AI News Service 81/94 (NWS 11/81/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Cyprus: Conscientious objection to military service; conscientious objector imprisoned in northern Cyprus (Salih Askeroğlu). In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 17/01/94

Date: 24 January 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objector Nikos Alekou Paisis

Abstract: On 22 November 1993, conscientious objector Nikos Filzku Paisis was sentenced by Nicosia Military Court to eight months' imprisonment for refusing to perform compulsory military service. This is his first term of imprisonment. When he is released he will probably be called up again, and is likely to face a further term of imprisonment. As a Jehovah's Witness he is opposed to performing any kind of military service. He is a prisoner of conscience.

FI Index: EUR 17/03/94

Date: 21 April 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objector Omiros Andrrou Constantinou

Abstract: Conscientious objector Omiros Andrrou Constantinou was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for refusing to perform compulsory military service on 15 April 1994. This is his fourth term of imprisonment. He is one of three conscientious objectors currently in prison in Cyprus for refusing to perform military service. As far as FI is aware, all are conscientious objectors. FI considers him to be a prisoner of conscience.

FI Index: EUR 17/04/94

Date: 21 April 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objector Sotiris Christou Anastasiadis

Abstract: Conscientious objector Sotiris Christou Anastasiadis was sentenced to three months' imprisonment on 23 March 1994 for refusing to perform compulsory military service. He is one of three conscientious objectors currently in prison in Cyprus. As far as FI is aware, all are Jehovah's Witnesses. FI considers him to be a prisoner of conscience.

FI Index: EUR 17/06/94

Date: 24 May 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objector Christakis Andrza Trisokka

Abstract: On 20 May 1994 conscientious objector and Jehovah's Witness Christakis Andrza Trisokka was sentenced by Nicosia Military Court to one year's imprisonment for refusing to perform military service. This is his second term of imprisonment, as he has already served a 14-months' sentence in 1985. When he is released he will probably be called up again, and is likely to face yet a further term of imprisonment upon refusing to perform military service. He is a prisoner of conscience.

FI Index: EUR 17/07/94

Date: 24 May 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objector Christakis Christophorou

Abstract: On 20 May 1994 conscientious objector and Jehovah's Witness Christakis Christophorou was sentenced by Nicosia Military Court to three months' imprisonment for refusing to perform military service. When he is released he will probably be called up again, and is likely to face yet a further term of imprisonment upon refusing to perform military service. He is a prisoner of conscience.

FI Index: EUR 17/09/94

Date: 31 May 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objector Pdelopidas Georgiou Nikolaou

Abstract: On 30 May 1994 conscientious objector and Jehovah's Witness Pdelopidas Georgiou Nikolaou was sentenced by Nicosia Military Court to six months' imprisonment for refusing to perform military service. This is his second term of imprisonment, as he has already served a 2-months' sentence in 1992. When he is released he will probably be called up again, and is likely to face yet a further term of imprisonment upon refusing to perform military service. He is a prisoner of conscience.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Cyprus: Conscientious objection to military service. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

All Index: EUR 17/11/94

Date: 12 August 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objector Louka Andrza Hatzipanagi

Abstract: Twenty-two year old Jehovah's Witness Louka Andrza Hatzipanagi was sentenced to seven months' imprisonment on 28 June 1994 for refusing to perform compulsory military service. This is his second term of imprisonment. All believes him to be a prisoner of conscience.

All Index: EUR 17/15/94

Date: 10 October 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: imprisonment of conscientious objector: Andreas Ioanni Demetriou

Abstract: On 26 September 1994, Andreas Ioanni Demetriou was sentenced by Nicosia Military Court to three months' imprisonment for refusing to perform military reservist exercises. As a Jehovah's Witness he is opposed to military service of any kind. All considers him to be a prisoner of conscience and is calling for his immediate and unconditional release.

All Index: EUR 17/16/94

Date: 10 October 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: imprisonment of conscientious objector: Christos Panikou Christophi

Abstract: On 26 September 1994, Christos Panikou Christophi was sentenced by Nicosia Military Court to six months' imprisonment for refusing to perform military service. As a Jehovah's Witness he is opposed to performing any kind of military service. All considers him to be a prisoner of conscience and is calling for his immediate and unconditional release.

All Index: EUR 17/17/94

Date: 10 October 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: imprisonment of conscientious objector: Panagiotis Dimitris Talia

Abstract: Panagiotis Dimitris Talia was sentenced to six months' imprisonment on 26 September 1994 by Nicosia Military Court for refusing to perform military service. As a Jehovah's Witness he is opposed to performing any kind of military service. All considers him to be a prisoner of conscience and is calling for his immediate and unconditional release.

All Index: EUR 17/21/94

Date: 20 October 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objectors: Nikos Andrza Kalogirou, Charalambos Iosia Charalambous, Avgelinos Iosia Charalambous

Abstract: On 17 October 1994, Nicosia Military Court sentenced 21-year-old Jehovah's Witness Nikos Andrza Kalogirou to six months imprisonment for refusing to perform compulsory military service. The same day, Charalambos Iosia and Avgelinos Iosia Charalambous were sentenced by the same court to eight and five months respectively. They are also Jehovah's Witnesses. All considers them to be prisoners of conscience and is calling for their immediate and unconditional release.

¶l Index: EÜR 17/22/94

Date: 20 October 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: imprisonment of conscientious objectors: Pambos Dinou Charalambous, Andreas
Jonathan Charalambous

¶Abstract: On 17 October 1994, the two men named above were sentenced by Nicosia Military Court to five months' imprisonment for refusing to perform compulsory military service. As Jehovah's Witnesses they are opposed to performing any kind of military service. ¶l considers them to be prisoners of conscience and is calling for their immediate and unconditional release.

¶l Index: EÜR 17/23/94

Date: 21 November 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objectors: Antonis Makris, Andreas Panagioti Georgiou

¶Abstract: Nineteen-year-old conscientious objector Antonis Makris was sentenced by Nicosia Military Court to 8 months' imprisonment on 12 November 1994 for refusing to perform military service. On 14 November 1994, 18-year-old Andreas Jonathan was sentenced by the same court to 8 months in prison for the same offence. Both are Jehovah's Witnesses. There are currently 12 conscientious objectors in prison in Cyprus for refusing to perform military service; all are, as far as ¶l is aware, Jehovah's Witnesses. ¶l considers them to be prisoners of conscience and calls on the Cypriot authorities to release them immediately and to introduce a completely civilian service of non-punitive length for conscientious objectors.

¶l Index: EÜR 17/26/94

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Cyprus: Continued imprisonment of conscientious objectors: Panikos Makri Ioizou, Fotos
Kosta Mousoulos

¶Abstract: Panikos Makri Ioizou was sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment on 16 December 1994 for refusing to perform compulsory military service. Two weeks earlier, Fotos Kosta Mousoulos was also sentenced to a year's imprisonment, for the same reason. In December 1994, 16 conscientious objectors were serving prison sentences in Cyprus. To ¶l's knowledge, all were Jehovah's Witnesses. ¶l considers them to be prisoners of conscience.

¶l Index: EÜR 17/25/94

Date: 28 December 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: Imprisonment of conscientious objectors Giorgos Kosta Antoniou and Konstantinos
Nikola Nikolaou

¶Abstract: Giorgos Kosta Antoniou was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment on 5 December 1994 for refusing to perform military service. Konstantinos Nikola Nikolaou was sentenced to four months on 16 December, also for refusing military service. Both are Jehovah's Witnesses. They are among 16 conscientious objectors in prison in Cyprus at present; all are, ¶l believes, Jehovah's witnesses. ¶l considers them to be prisoners of conscience.

¶l Index: EÜR 17/27/94

Date: 28 December 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Cyprus: imprisonment of conscientious objector: Timotheos Andrea Frantzskou

¶Abstract: Timotheos Andrea Frantzskou was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment on 8 December 1994 for refusing to perform military service. He is among 16 conscientious objectors currently in prison in Cyprus. As far as ¶l is aware, all are Jehovah's Witnesses. ¶l considers all of them to be prisoners of conscience.

EUR 71 CZECH REPUBLIC

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 25 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Czech Republic: Step forward in safeguarding right to freedom of expression. In: *AI News Service* 84/94 (NWS 11/84/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Czech Republic: A defamation law comes into force. In: *Concerns in Europe* May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Czech Republic: Ill-treatment and death in custody; defamation law amended by the Constitutional Court. In: *Concerns in Europe* November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 18 DENMARK

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 18/01/94

Date: 21 June 1994

Pages: 21

Title:Denmark: Police ill-treatment

Abstract:AI is concerned about a disturbing pattern of police ill-treatment of those in their custody. This pattern has emerged in two areas of policing: the first has been during demonstrations, particularly those which have become violent; and the second was during a 15-month police operation in 1992/1993 against hashish dealing in Christiania, a community in Copenhagen. This report deals with allegations of police ill-treatment in both of these contexts. The following case histories are included: Christian Poul Andersen; Brian Sorensen, Reinholdt Bjarne Johan Knudsen, Uvdlorianguaq Geisler, Brian Beyer Johnsen, Albert Hatchwell Nielsen, Peter Lucassen, Mads Sjolund, Bent Luechow Poulsen; Benjamin Christian Sehou (now in a persistent vegetative state); "Mrs Andersen" and Berit Fagergard.

AI Index: EUR 18/02/94

Date: 21 June 1994

Pages: 18

Title:Police ill-treatment in Denmark: a summary of Amnesty International's concerns

Abstract:This report describes recent incidences of ill-treatment by Danish police, including the indiscriminate firing into a crowd during a violent demonstration on 18-19 May 1993, and a pattern of ill-treatment during a 15-month anti-drugs operation in Christiania. The paper also highlights the frequent use of a dangerous and degrading form of restraint known as the "leg-lock". The following individual cases of ill-treatment are given: Alexander Borgstrom, "Anders", Bent Luechow Poulsen, Reinholdt Bjarne Johan Knudsen, Albert Hatchwell Nielsen, Mads Sjolund, Benjamin Christian Sehou and "Mrs Andersen".

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 May 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark ratifies optional protocol. In AI Newsletter May 1994 (NWS 21/05/94)

Date: 1 August 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark: Wide-ranging ill-treatment by police. In: Amnesty International Newsletter August 1994 (NWS 21/08/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark: Amnesty International welcomes ratification against the death penalty. In: Amnesty International News Service 39/94 (NWS 11/39/94)

Date: 25 May 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark: Amnesty International delegation meets minister of justice. In: Amnesty International News Service 108/94 (NWS 11/108/94)

Date: 21 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Denmark: AI calls on Danish authorities to stop police ill-treatment. In: AI News Service 122/94 (NWS 11/122/94)

Date: 22 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark: Amnesty International challenges police to respond to recommendations on ill-treatment. In: AI News Service 131/94 (NWS 11/131/94)

Date: 27 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark: Amnesty International welcomes suspension of leg-lock. In: AI News Service 137/94 (NWS 11/137/94)

Date: 21 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Denmark: Amnesty International reiterates call for independent inquiry into police ill-treatment. In: AI News Service 159/94 (NWS 11/159/94)

Date: 26 August 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark: Publication of report by Director of Public Prosecution. In: AI News Service 199/94 (NWS 11/199/94)

Date: 14 September 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Denmark: Amnesty International has not retracted concerns about ill-treatment. In: Amnesty International News Service 209/94 (NWS 11/209/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Denmark: Shootings at a demonstration; allegations of ill-treatment. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Denmark ratifies the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights. In: Death Penalty News March 1994 (ACT 53/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Denmark: Death penalty; shootings at a demonstration; allegations of ill-treatment; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe November 1994 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 18/05/94

Date: 4 July 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Denmark: medical action; physical restraint

Abstract: On 21 June 1994 AI released a report entitled "Denmark: Police ill-treatment" (EUR 18/01/94), highlighting several cases of ill-treatment including the use of a dangerous form of physical restraint known as the "leg-lock". Within a week of the report's release the Danish Minister of Justice suspended the use of the leg-lock and ordered investigations by the Commissioner of National Police and the Forensic Medical Council into the leg-lock and other forms of physical restraint practised by the Danish police.

EUR 51 ESTONIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Estonia. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 3 October 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Estonia: No action yet taken on detained asylum seekers. In: AI News Service 230/94 (NWS 11/230/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Estonia: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Estonia: The death penalty; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 51/01/94

Date: 12 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Republic of Estonia: Sergei Kruglov

Abstract: AI has learned that Sergei Kruglov was sentenced to death by Laane-Viru County Court on 19 May 1993 for the murder of a pensioner. The sentence was confirmed by the State Court on 19 August. Sergei Kruglov is understood to have submitted an appeal for clemency but no decision has yet been made.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Estonia: The death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 21 FRANCE

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: France. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 21/02/94

Date: 12 October 1994

Pages: 35

Title: France: Shootings, killings and alleged ill-treatment by law enforcement officers

Abstract: This report examines a disturbing number of reports in the 18 months to June 1994 of shootings, killings and allegations of ill-treatment of detainees by law-enforcement officers. A high proportion of the alleged victims were of non-European ethnic origin, mostly from the Maghreb, the Middle East and Central and West Africa. Alleged physical and sexual abuse was reportedly often accompanied by specifically racist insults as well as general verbal abuse. AI believes that officers have used force recklessly and without due respect for the law. The organization identifies serious problems in the practice of law enforcement and makes specific recommendations to the authorities to remedy these. Twelve individual cases of shooting and killing by law-enforcement officers are described.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title: France: Police use reckless force. In: Amnesty International Newsletter November 1994 (NWS 21/11/94) (includes photograph)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 12 October 1994

Pages: 2

Title: France: Shocking pattern of human rights violations by law enforcement officials continues. In: AI News Service 227/94 (NWS 11/227/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: France: Allegations of ill-treatment, police shootings and deaths in custody; conscientious objection. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 21/01/94

Date: 1 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title: France: The alleged ill-treatment of Rachid Harfouche by police in Noisy-le-Sec

Abstract: On 21 December 1995 Rachid Harfouche and his brother Idris Harfouche, lodged a judicial complaint against persons unknown to the senior Judge of Instruction of the Bobigny court. In it they allege that Rachid Harfouche, a 20-year-old student and a French national of Algerian descent, was repeatedly beaten and kicked by three police officers in Noisy-le-Sec, a suburb east of Paris, on 10 December 1995. Medical certificates recording multiple bruising and cuts, particularly to his back and wrists, were issued by a duty doctor at the Noisy-le-Sec police station that night, by Montrouil Hospital on 11 December, and by the Jean Verdier Hospital, Bondy on 13 December.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: French: Allegations of ill-treatment, police shootings and deaths in police custody. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 21/07/94

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title: French: the case of Pierre Serrès

Abstract: Pierre Serrès, 30, is currently liable to arrest and imprisonment at any moment to serve a six-month prison sentence imposed for his refusal to perform national service. AI believes that his refusal of national service is the result of his conscientiously held beliefs and will consider him to be a prisoner of conscience if detained.

AI Index: EUR 21/06/94

Date: 6 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title: French: adoption of prisoner of conscience: Alain Cazaux

Abstract: Alain Cazaux, a 22-year-old car mechanic from Bayonne, is serving 12 months' imprisonment for refusing to perform military service. He is a total objector, rejecting civilian as well as military service. He bases his objection on his anti-militarist and political beliefs. He rejects the institution of the army per se and also considers the French political and military authorities to be forces of occupation in the Basque region. He believes the length of current civilian service to be punitive. AI has adopted him as a prisoner of conscience.

EUR 56 GEORGIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Georgia. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 56/01/94

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 19

Title: Republic of Georgia: The death penalty - an update

Abstract: This paper examines the background to the death penalty in Georgia and updates information given in the report "Georgia: Alleged human rights violations during the conflict in Abkhazia" (EUR 56/07/93). It discusses the death penalty in Soviet Georgia and provides statistics on its use. Although there were moves towards abolition after Georgia gained its independence, the tide appears to have turned against abolition and Georgia today faces increasing calls to widen the scope of the death penalty. The report also looks at executions in the context of the conflict in Abkhazia and registers AI's concern at Eduard Shevardnadze's decree on summary executions issued on 2 November 1993 during fighting between government forces and supporters of former President Gamsakhurdia. Legal and statistical information about the death penalty in Georgia is supplied in the appendices.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Georgia: worldwide appeal: Victor Domukhovskiy. In: Amnesty International Newsletter December 1994 (NWS 21/12/94) (includes photograph)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 6 May 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Georgia: AI calls for commutation of imminent death sentences. In: AI News Service 96/94 (NWS 11/96/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Georgia: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Georgia: Allegations of human rights violations in Abkhazia; the death penalty and summary executions; arrest of opposition figures; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Georgia: Alleged ill-treatment in detention; detention of political opponents; the death penalty.
In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 56/08/94

Date: 18 August 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Georgia: Madlena Japaridze

Abstract: AI is concerned about reports that Madlena Japaridze, an elderly widow and an ethnic Georgian, was arbitrarily detained on 9 July 1994 by Abkhazian soldiers solely on grounds of her ethnic origin. AI is seeking more information on her current situation and whereabouts. If it emerges that she is still detained, solely on grounds of ethnic origin, AI will adopt her as a prisoner of conscience and call for her immediate and unconditional release.

AI Index: EUR 56/12/94

Date: 5 October 1994

Pages: 5

Title: Medical action - Georgia: Conditions in detention and health concern

Abstract: On 5 October 1993 the trial began in Georgia of 19 people accused of a variety of crimes including murder and terrorism. Their cases had been united into one before the trial, case no. 7493510. Sixteen of the defendants face a possible death sentence if convicted. AI alleges that they were beaten and ill-treated during interrogation and that confessions were extracted under duress. AI is concerned that their trial may fall short of internationally agreed standards of fairness and that they are being held in crowded and insanitary conditions in pre-trial detention centre no.1 in Tbilisi. Tuberculosis is reportedly rife in this centre and at least one of the defendants has contracted it. Provision of medical care is reported to be inadequate.

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Georgia. In: Amnesty International's concerns at the 51st United Nations Commission on Human Rights (IOH 41/11/94)

EUR 23 GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Germany. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 23/01/94

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 10

Title:Federal Republic of Germany: Police ill-treatment of detainees in Hamburg

Abstract:AI is concerned that officers of a special police unit (E-Schiebt) based at police station 16 in Hamburg have used unnecessary force when arresting detainees and in some cases have subjected them to serious ill-treatment. 32 complaints of ill-treatment were made about E-Schiebt officers at police station 16 from 1989 to 1993. In at least two of the cases the victims were subsequently awarded compensation. However, in none of the 32 cases have any of the officers involved been charged or disciplined as a result of their behaviour. The cases of Lutz Priebz and Frank Fennel are highlighted in this report.

AI Index: EUR 23/08/94

Date: 1 November 1994

Pages: 12

Title:Federal Republic of Germany: A summary of concerns in the period May - October 1994

Abstract:This report contains a number of new allegations which AI received in the period May - October 1994 of police ill-treatment of detainees or of failure to respond adequately to racially motivated assaults. Two controversial deaths in custody are also reported. Most of the victims were foreigners, including asylum-seekers or members of ethnic minorities. The cases reported included: Bulent Demir, ill-treated by police in April 1994; Nguyen T. a Vietnamese asylum-seeker allegedly beaten by police in June 1994; Oliver Ness, a journalist, reportedly assaulted by police in Hamburg in May 1994; Yusuf Barzan, allegedly attacked first by a gang of youths and then beaten by a member of the police in May 1994; and a black African man assaulted in May by right-wing extremists whom the police made to apprehend. Updates to cases previously acted upon by AI include: Habib J, an Iranian student; Amadeu Antonio Kiowa, an Angolan immigrant; Abdulkrim Balikei; ill-treatment by members of E-Schiebt (Hamburg police); ill-treatment of residents of Granitz refugee hostel; racist attacks on an asylum hostel in Rostock; and the alleged ill treatment of foreigners by Bremen police. The deaths in detention reported are: Halim Dener (June 1994) and Kola Bankole (August 1994).

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Germany: Hamburg police go unprosecuted for ill-treatment of detainees. In: AI Newsletter April 1994 (NWS 21/04/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 28 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Germany: AI calls on Hamburg authorities to review complaints against police officers (Lutz Priebz and Frank Fennel). In: AI News Service 18/94 (NWS 11/18/94)

Date: 25 August 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Amnesty International research visit to Germany. In: *All News Service* 197/946. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Germany: Allegations of ill-treatment in police custody; the death of Wolfgang Grams; ratifications. In: *Concerns in Europe* May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

All Index: EUR 23/02/94

Date: 1 February 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Federal Republic of Germany: The alleged ill-treatment of foreigners: a summary of concerns in the period June-December 1993

Abstract: All received a number of allegations of police ill-treatment of foreigners in the period June-December 1993. This paper describes the case of Abdulkarim Balikei, a Turkish citizen and updates the following cases: Ali Ajdadi, Mohammed, Ahmadu Antonio Kiowa and Mehmet S.

All Index: EUR 23/04/94

Date: 18 February 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Federal Republic of Germany: alleged ill-treatment of Nasreddine Belhadefs

Abstract: Nasreddine Belhadefs, a 33-year-old Algerian asylum-seeker, was reportedly set upon by three men in civilian clothes in the town of Erfurt on the afternoon of 29 September 1993. He was reportedly kicked and beaten by the men, who revealed themselves to be police officers when passers-by tried to intervene. Nasreddine Belhadefs was taken to Andreasstrasse police station, where he was eventually told that he and other foreigners had been arrested on suspicion of selling drugs. Although allowed to leave as no charges were brought, he refused to leave until his shoulder was examined. A fracture of the right shoulder was diagnosed and was operated upon on 6 October. The police agreed to pay for his hospital treatment. Nasreddine Belhadefs lodged a complaint about his ill-treatment on 5 October 1993.

All Index: EUR 23/06/94

Date: 18 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Federal Republic of Germany: Alleged ill-treatment of Bulent Demir

Abstract: Bulent Demir, a 17-year-old German citizen of Turkish origin, was arrested by Berlin police during the early hours of 4 April 1994 for spraying the wall of a house with paint. He alleges that he was badly assaulted during the incident. A hospital certificate issued the same day shows he had suffered broken teeth, bruising and a broken finger which needed an operation.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Germany: The ill-treatment of detainees by the Hamburg police; the virtual isolation of Birgit Hogefeld; the shooting of Wolfgang Grams. In: *Concerns in Europe* November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 25 GREECE

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Greece. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 25/03/94

Date: 1 April 1994

Pages: 6

Title: Greece: Torture and ill-treatment: summary of Amnesty International's principal concerns

Abstract: This document summarizes Amnesty International's main concerns regarding continuing allegations of ill-treatment in police custody; activities of riot police; failure to investigate previous allegations including that of a case of death in custody; alleged ill-treatment of Albanian nationals; alleged ill-treatment of conscientious objectors.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Greece passes law to abolish death penalty. In: Amnesty International Newsletter March 1994 (NWS 21/03/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 21 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Greece: Amnesty International welcomes the abolition of the death penalty. In: Amnesty International News Service 12/94 (NWS 11/12/94)

Date: 10 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Greece: Human rights violations of Macedonian minority defenders. In: Amnesty International News Service 98/94 (NWS 11/98/94)

Date: 3 October 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Greece: AI concerned about restrictions on right to freedom of expression (Christos Sidropoulos). In: AI News Service 229/94 (NWS 11/229/94)

Date: 15 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Greece: Amnesty International calls on government not to reimprison conscientious objectors. In: Amnesty International News Service 260/94 (NWS 11/260/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Greece: Work for prisoners of conscience; work to halt torture, cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. In: Violations of human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Greece: No progress for 400 conscientious objectors; freedom of expression on trial; abolition of death penalty; alleged "disappearances" in Volos. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Greece abolishes the death penalty without restrictions. In: Death Penalty News March 1994 (ACT 53/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Greece: Death penalty; freedom of expression trials; conscientious objection; further allegations of ill-treatment. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

All Index: EUR 25/04/94

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Greece: Christos Sidropoulos: Ethnic identity on trial

Abstract: On 5 October 1994 Christos Sidropoulos will stand trial for a statement he reportedly made at a press conference which was held in parallel with the meeting on minority rights of the CSCE in Denmark on 10 June 1990. He reportedly declared to the journalists present that he belongs to the ethnic Macedonian minority in Greece and that his cultural rights were being violated. In May 1994, under Article 191 of the Greek Penal Code, he was charged with "spreading false information which may cause disruption of the international relations of Greece". If he is convicted he faces a possible term of imprisonment of up to several years and heavy fines. Amnesty International is calling for all charges against him to be dropped.

All Index: EUR 25/06/94

Date: 27 September 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Greece: Imprisonment of conscientious objectors: Fotis Anastasiadis, Pavlos Parastatidis

Abstract: Fotis Anastasiadis was sentenced to four years' imprisonment by the Military Court on 20 September 1993 for refusing to perform military service. Pavlos Parastatidis was sentenced to two years' imprisonment on 30 March 1994. Both are Jehovah's witnesses. There are currently about 350 other conscientious objectors in prison in Greece for refusing to perform military service or reservist exercises. As far as All is aware, all are Jehovah's Witnesses, whose religious beliefs do not permit them to serve in the armed forces in any capacity. All considers them to be prisoners of conscience and is calling for their immediate release and for the introduction of a completely civilian service of non-punitive length for conscientious objectors.

FI Index: EUR 25/07/94

Date: 27 September 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Greece: Imprisonment of conscientious objectors Christos Baglatis, Giorgos Kontogiorgakis

Abstract: Christos Baglatis was sentenced to four year's imprisonment on 26 January 1994 for refusing to perform military service. Giorgos Kontogiorgakis received the same sentence on 29 March 1994. As Jehovah's Witnesses, both are opposed to any kind of military service. There are about 350 other conscientious objectors currently in prison in Greece; as far as FI is aware, all are Jehovah's Witnesses. FI is calling for their immediate and unconditional release and for the introduction of a completely civilian service of non-punitive length for conscientious objectors.

FI Index: EUR 25/09/94

Date: 16 November 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Greece: Alternative service: second time around

Abstract: FI is concerned that 76 men have been informed that they will be called up for military service for a second time in April or May 1995. They have already served terms of imprisonment of up to two years and three months for refusing to perform military service on conscientious grounds and had recently been released early as an indirect consequence of a law aimed at reducing prison overcrowding, passed in April 1994.

EUR 27 HUNGARY

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Hungary. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 February 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Hungary: Woman miscarries after police beating. In: AI Newsletter February 1994 (NWS 21/02/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 18 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Hungary: Violation of right to freedom of expression. In: Amnesty International News Service 78/94 (NWS 11/78/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Hungary: Allegations of torture and ill-treatment (Roma in Újpest and Orkény, the case of Mohammed Radwan); ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 27/01/94

Date: 1 April 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Hungary: Ill-treatment and violation of the right to freedom of expression

Abstract: AI is concerned about reports that Palinkas Jozsef and Herman Peter were ill-treated by police officers in Szarvasgöde on 19 January 1994. Herman Peter is an activist in the Green Alternative and was involved in a campaign against the construction of a medical waste incinerator on the outskirts of the village.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Hungary: Ill-treatment and violation of the right to freedom of expression - the case of Herman Peter and Palinkas Jozsef; defamation law contravenes the right to freedom of expression; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 29 IRELAND1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Ireland. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Ireland (Republic of): Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from AI action materials (POL 30/01/94)

EUR 30 ITALY

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Italy. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Italy: Allegations of ill-treatment and rape in police custody; the alleged ill-treatment and shooting of two Roma children by carabinieri; further progress towards abolition of the death penalty; conscientious objection to military service. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 30/01/94

Date: 17 January 1994

Pages: 3

Title:Italy: The alleged ill-treatment and death of Antonio Morabito in police custody in Turin

Abstract:There is concern at the alleged ill-treatment and subsequent death of Antonio Morabito, a 32-year-old criminal suspect with terminal AIDS, while in the custody of Turin police on 18 December 1993. Numerous eye-witnesses to his arrest claim that he was severely beaten, and his family allege that he was beaten on at least two other occasions in the month preceding his death. The police have rejected the allegations of ill-treatment. The preliminary findings of an autopsy have established that he suffered severe internal injuries resulting in a stomach haemorrhage which caused his death. It apparently also found injuries to his head. Further investigations are being carried out.

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Italy. In: Death Penalty News March 1994 (ACT 53/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 30/02/94

Date: 20 May 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Italy: The alleged ill-treatment of Romanian national, Arsenie Crătu, by Milan police

Abstract:Arşenie Crătu, a 31-year-old Romanian national, who was arrested by Milan police on the night of 25/26 May 1993, has alleged that he was beaten and ill-treated during his arrest and later at the police station. The judge of the preliminary investigation recorded his statement on 29 May 1993, and noted visible bruises and signs of injury on his thorax, abdomen and back. On his admission to San Vittore prison, Milan, on 27 May 1994, a doctor also recorded various injuries to his body.

AI Index: EUR 30/03/94

Date: 24 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Italy: Further allegations of ill-treatment in Secondigliano Prison (Naples)

Abstract:Judicial investigations have been opened into the allegations of ill-treatment at Secondigliano Prison. In April 1994 it was reported that 108 Secondigliano prison guards were under judicial investigation. In February

1994 it was reported that five prison guards and their commandant had been committed for trial on various charges. There is concern, however, that in an open appeal published in the press on 8 February 1994, Secondigliano inmates have made further allegations of ill-treatment. In their appeal they express concern about a fellow-prisoner, Giacomo De Simone, whom they stated had been held in isolation and had been repeatedly beaten by prison guards.

¶ Index: EUR 30/04/94

Date: 26 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Italy: The alleged ill-treatment of Salvatore Messina and Filippo Campanella by vigili urbani in Palermo

¶ Abstract:Fifteen-year-old Salvatore Messina lodged a formal complaint that he was threatened and beaten by vigili urbani on the night of 11 March 1994. ¶ A medical certificate issued by Villa Sofia hospital apparently recorded various injuries to his face. ¶ A judicial investigation has reportedly been opened into his complaint. Filippo Campanella, a 29-year-old electronics technician, has stated that on the afternoon of 15 March he was punched and kicked repeatedly until he lost consciousness by vigili urbani on via Wagner, Palermo. There were numerous eye-witnesses to the alleged incident, one of whom apparently ended the beating by calling the carabinieri. Filippo Campanella was still in a neurosurgery ward ten days later with partial paralysis in his right leg which confined him to a wheelchair. ¶ A judicial investigation has been opened.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Italy: Deaths in custody and alleged ill-treatment by law enforcement officers; alleged ill-treatment by prison guards. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Italy: Death penalty abolished for all crimes. In: Death Penalty News December 1994 (ACT 53/04/94)

EUR 57 KAZAKHSTAN

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kazakhstan. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kazakhstan: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kazakhstan: Prisoner of conscience Karishal Asanov; the death penalty; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 57/04/94

Date: 8 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kazakhstan: Roman Grzechko

Abstract: AI is calling for the immediate and unconditional release of Roman Grzechko, a conscientious objector sentenced on 30 March 1994 to one year's imprisonment for refusing to perform compulsory military service. His refusal stems from his religious beliefs as a Jehovah's Witness. AI regards him to be a prisoner of conscience.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kazakhstan: Prisoners of conscience; the death sentence. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 58 KYRGYZSTAN

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kyrgyzstan. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kyrgyzstan: Death sentence and alleged ill-treatment of Andrei Arazov and Sultan Karibzhanov.
In: AI Newsletter July 1994 (NWS 21/07/94) (worldwide appeals)

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kyrgyzstan: Andrei Arazov and Sultan Karibzhanov (Focus: Sending letters of hope). In:
Amnesty International Newsletter December 1994 (NWS 21/12/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kyrgyzstan: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals:
extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kyrgyzstan: The death penalty (Grigory Abramov). In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993
(EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 58/01/94

Date: 20 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Kyrgyzstan: Bakir Tanikulov

Abstract: An unofficial source reports that Bakir Tanikulov was sentenced to death in 1993, exact date unknown, by Osh Regional Court for premeditated aggravated murder. It appears that the Supreme Court has rejected his appeal, and a petition for clemency is now before the President of Kyrgyzstan.

AI Index: EUR 58/03/94

Date: 8 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Kyrgyzstan: Andrei Arazov, Sultan Karibzhanov

Abstract: An unofficial source reports that these two men were sentenced to death for premeditated, aggravated murder on 7 February 1994. The Supreme Court rejected their appeal on 5 April 1994. Their last hope of avoiding execution is a petition for clemency to the President. There is concern that the verdicts may be unsound as the only evidence linking them to the crime is confessions made during interrogation. Both men retracted these confessions at trial, stating that they had been extracted by force.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Kyrgyzstan: Torture and ill-treatment in custody; the death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe
November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 58/04/94

Date: 22 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Kyrgyzstan: Rustam Abdullin, Aleksandr Shirokov

Abstract:An unofficial source reports that Rustam Abdullin and Aleksandr Shirokov were sentenced to death on 12 May 1994 by the City Court in Bishkek for premeditated aggravated murder. The Supreme Court rejected their appeal on 21 June 1994. Both men were only 18 at the time of the murder and sources have raised concerns that the court verdicts are unsound. There have also been allegations that confessions which formed the main evidence against them were coerced. Rustam Abdullin reportedly suffers from a nervous skin complaint but claims that he has been denied medication and access to a doctor.

EUR 52 LATVIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Latvia. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Latvia: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Latvia: The death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Latvia: The death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 52/01/94

Date: 4 October 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Republic of Latvia: Michael Abramkin

Abstract:AI is concerned that Michael Abramkin may soon be executed. He was sentenced to death on 2 February 1994 by the Latvian Supreme Court, having been convicted on three counts of murder. He is believed to have chosen not to submit an appeal for clemency to the President. However, AI believes that his case is still due to be considered by the President.

AI Index: EUR 52/02/94

Date: 5 October 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Republic of Latvia: Uldis Lujans

Abstract:AI is concerned that Uldis Lujans may be executed soon. He was sentenced to death on 15 May 1994 by the Latvian Supreme Court, having been convicted of aggravated murder. He has submitted an appeal for clemency to the President.

EUR 53 LITHUANIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Lithuania. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Lithuania: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Lithuania: The death penalty; allegations of ill-treatment; homosexuality; conscientious objection; special decree on preventive detention; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 53/01/94

Date: 10 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Republic of Lithuania: Jozas Maksimavicius

Abstract: According to a report by ITIR-TISS news agency, Jozas Maksimavicius was sentenced to death by the Supreme Court of Lithuania on 20 December 1993.

AI Index: EUR 53/04/94

Date: 15 February 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Republic of Lithuania: Antanas Varnelis

Abstract: Antanas Varnelis has been sentenced to death by the Supreme Court of Lithuania. According to a report by Lithuanian Radio on 2 February 1994, he was convicted of the murder of six people. There is increased concern following the recent spate of executions.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Lithuania: The death penalty; allegations of ill-treatment; new legislation on preventive detention. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 53/05/94

Date: 28 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Republic of Lithuania: Aleksandras Gladkovas

Abstract: Aleksandras Gladkovas was sentenced to death by the Supreme Court of Lithuania on 14 June 1994. He was convicted of the murders of two people and had a previous conviction for attempted murder.

AI Index: EUR 53/07/94

Date: 28 November 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Republic of Lithuania: Boris Dekanidze

Abstract: Boris Dekanidze, a 52-year-old stateless man of Georgian origin, was sentenced to death by the Lithuanian Supreme Court on 10 November 1994. He was convicted of ordering the murder of a journalist who had been investigating his activities as the alleged leader of a mafia gang. Boris Dekanidze has maintained his innocence throughout. The Supreme Court is to begin reexamining his case on 1 January 1995.

EUR 32 LUXEMBOURG

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Luxembourg. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Luxembourg: Prolonged isolation of prisoners. In: Concerns in Europe Mag - October 1993
(EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 32/01/94

Date: 2 February 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Luxembourg: Prolonged isolation

Abstract: AI has learned that Satko Vidrovic was placed in isolation in Schraessig prison on 3 December 1993 as a punishment for attempting to escape. He is not due to be released from solitary confinement until 3 June 1994. He previously spent a period of eight and a half months in solitary confinement as result of a previous attempt to escape. AI is concerned that prolonged isolation may have serious effects on the mental and physical health of a prisoner.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Luxembourg: Prolonged isolation of prisoners. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 65 MACEDONIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Macedonia. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 29 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia: Call for protection of refugees following tragic death of deported Muslim girl (Ilda Pasie). In: Amnesty International News Service 159/94 (NEWS 11/159/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Macedonia. In: Peace-keeping and human rights (IOR 40/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Macedonia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of: Forceful return of ethnic Albanian asylum seekers from Kosovo; alleged ill-treatment of ethnic Albanians. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Macedonia (Former Yugoslav Republic of): ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 59 MOLDOVA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Moldova. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 59/01/94

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 7

Title: Moldova: Developments on the death penalty

Abstract: This paper examines the moves towards abolition of the death penalty in Moldova and outlines the current state of legislation and practice concerning the death penalty. Appendices give information on the offences in the Moldovan Criminal Code currently carrying a possible death sentence; statistics on the application of the death penalty; and extracts from international human rights standards relating to the death penalty. Information is also given on a death sentence handed down in the self-proclaimed Dnestr Moldovan Republic.

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Moldova: The trial of the "Tiraspol Six": Ilic Ilaseu sentenced to death. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 59/02/94

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Moldova: Update on the trial of the "Tiraspol Six"

Abstract: The trial of Ilic Ilaseu, Alexandru Leasco, Tudor Petrov-Popa, Andrei Ivantoc, Petru Godiaie and Vladimir Garbuz, known as the "Tiraspol Six", ended on 9 December 1993. Ilic Ilaseu was sentenced to death and the other five men to varying terms of imprisonment. The five had been accused of planning and carrying out various acts of terrorism against the Dnestr Moldovan Republic. AI takes no position on territorial disputes but is concerned in this case about reports of beating and ill-treatment of the men in detention and that they may not have received a fair trial.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Moldova: The trial of the "Tiraspol Six"; the death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 35 NETHERLANDS

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Kingdom of the Netherlands. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Netherlands Antilles: Unlawful use of police violence. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Netherlands Antilles: Alleged ill-treatment by prison guards and police. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 37 POLAND1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Poland. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Poland: Conscientious objectors to military service; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe
May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

EUR 38 PORTUGAL

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Portugal. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Portugal: United Nations Committee against Torture criticized "relative impunity" for offenders guilty of torture and ill-treatment. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Portugal: Allegations of torture and ill-treatment. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 38/03/94

Date: 21 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Portugal: The alleged ill-treatment of José Pedro Tavares Telles da Rocha by public security police officers in Oporto

Abstract: On 3 January 1994 José Pedro Tavares Telles da Rocha, a 27-year-old man suffering from mental illness, was arrested by plainclothes police officers and reportedly assaulted. The police officers claim that he kicked and punched them but no independent evidence is available to support this charge. The man was released and the prosecutor is to investigate the case.

EUR 39 ROMANIA

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Romania. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 39/01/94

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 10

Title: Romania: Criminal law reform on the wrong track

Abstract: Amnesty International is concerned about certain provisions of the Romanian Penal Code. Articles 238 and 239 criminalize defamation of state officials. AI believes that these articles violate the right to freedom of expression as set out in Article 19 of the ICCPR. A journalist was recently arrested under article 238 and detained for five days for writing a satirical article. Another provision which contravenes international treaties ratified by Romania is Article 200, which allows for the arrest, prosecution and imprisonment of consenting adults engaging in homosexual acts in private. AI learned of five men imprisoned under this provision in 1993 whom it considered to be prisoners of conscience.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 May 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Romania: Proposed changes to law threaten freedoms. In: AI Newsletter May 1994 (NWS 21/05/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Romania: Amnesty International concerned by proposed revisions to penal code. In: Amnesty International News Service 39/94 (NWS 11/39/94)

Date: 20 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Romania: "Public scandal" ruling threatens rights of homosexuals. In: AI News Service 156/94 (NWS 11/156/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 8

Title: Romania: Work for legislative change; work for prisoners of conscience. In: Violations of the rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Romania: Allegations of torture and ill-treatment; homosexuality; authorities failed to protect the Roma community of Hadarzeni; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 April 1994
Pages: 1
Title: Romania. In: The 81st International Labour Conference: Amnesty International's concerns relevant to the Committee on Application of Standards (IOR 42/01/94)

All Index: EUR 39/02/94
Date: 26 May 1994
Pages: 3
Title: Romania: The case of Emil and Virgil Macau

Abstract: It is concerned that the detention of Emil and Virgil Macau, two Rom (Gypsy) brothers from Victoria, Brasov County, may have been arbitrary and motivated by the defendants' ethnic background. This report describes the circumstances leading to their arrest. It is concerned that they may be possible prisoners of conscience.

All Index: EUR 39/03/94
Date: 26 May 1994
Pages: 3
Title: Romania: Update on the revision of Article 200 of the penal code

Abstract: Amnesty International has on several occasions expressed its concern that Article 200, paragraphs 1 and 4, allow for the arrest, prosecution and imprisonment of consenting adults engaging in homosexual acts in private. On 27 April 1994 the Juridical Commission of the Chamber of Deputies debated the draft law revising Article 200 and adopted a proposal to modify paragraphs 1 and 5. On 5 May 1994 the Constitutional Court of Romania held its first public hearing in this case, but decided to adjourn the hearing until 5 July 1994.

Date: 1 June 1994
Pages: 1
Title: Romania: Criminal law reform on the wrong track. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

All Index: EUR 39/04/94
Date: 16 November 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Romania: The alleged ill-treatment of Gabriela-Ioana Gavrila

Abstract: It is concerned about the reported beating and ill-treatment by police officers of Gabriela-Ioana Gavrila on 4 July 1994. Two police officers reportedly arrested her as she left her flat. She was charged with being a prostitute. When she resisted attempts to take her away she was physically ill-treated. She was later questioned in the prosecutor's office about the business affairs of the firm where she was employed. Gabriela-Ioana Gavrila later complained to the prosecutor about the ill-treatment. She suspects that it and the criminal complaint against the firm where she works may be motivated by the dismissal from the same company of a temporary assistant.

File Index: EUR 39/06/94

Date: 21 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Romania: The alleged ill-treatment of Ioan Neagu

Abstract:AI is concerned about the reported beating of Ioan Neagu, a factory worker, by police on 30 September 1994. Mr Neagu had gone to S.C. Fartec S.A., a factory in Brasov from which he had been dismissed in violation of a court ruling. Mr Neagu apparently wanted to see the President of Romania, who was to visit the factory that afternoon. While waiting outside the factory entrance he was reportedly surrounded by police who beat and kicked him and brought him to Brasov police station. He was later released without charge.

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Romania. In: Amnesty International's concerns at the 51st United Nations Commission on Human Rights (IOR 41/11/94)

File Index: EUR 39/05/94

Date: 19 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Romania: The alleged ill-treatment of Gheorghe and Dorin Anghel

Abstract:AI is concerned about the reported ill-treatment of Gheorghe Anghel and of his son, Dorin, on 3 August 1994 by a police officer who came to his house to serve Gheorghe Anghel with a civil court ruling. When Gheorghe Anghel explained that the ruling was not final as an appeal was pending, the officer reportedly struck him, breaking his glasses. The officer also reportedly ill-treated his son Dorin, who had come into the courtyard in response to his father's cries for help.

File Index: EUR 39/07/94

Date: 19 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Romania: The case of Valentin-Walter Stoica

Abstract:AI is concerned that Valentin-Walter Stoica, aged 21, may have been imprisoned for engaging in a consensual homosexual act between adults in private and that the charge against him is not corroborated by evidence in the court file. AI believes that he may be a prisoner of conscience.

EUR 46 RUSSIAN FEDERATION

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Russia. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Russia: Beatings and deportations follow state of emergency. In: Amnesty International Newsletter January 1994 (NWS 21/01/94)

Date: 1 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Russia: Commission investigates allegations of police brutality (Anatoly Rassadkin). In: AI Newsletter July 1994 (NWS 21/07/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 16 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Russia: Amnesty International appeals for respect for humanitarian law. In: Amnesty International News Service 284/94 (NWS 11/284/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 5

Title: Russian Federation: Work for prisoners of conscience; overview of recent legal changes. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Russia: Alleged ill-treatment in police and army custody; deportation of refugees; legislative changes. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Russia: Allegations of ill-treatment in detention; the death penalty; the case of Vil Sultanovich Mirzaganov; conscientious objection to military service; appointment of a parliamentary commissioner for human rights. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 72 SLOVAK REPUBLIC5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 3 February 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Slovak Republic: Amnesty International concerned about violations of freedom of speech. In: Amnesty International News Service 23/94 (AWS 11/23/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Slovak Republic: Discriminatory regulations; Prime Minister's apparently anti-Roma remarks; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Slovak Republic: Enforcement of the defamation law leads to prosecutions. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 68 SLOVENIA

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Slovenia: Ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 41 SPAIN

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Spain. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Spain: Prisoner hangs himself after beatings (Jose Luis Iglesias Amaro). In: AI Newsletter July 1994 (NWS 21/07/94) (includes photograph)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Spain: Allegations of torture and ill-treatment: cases and trials. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 41/01/94

Date: 17 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Spain: The alleged ill-treatment and suicide of Jose Luis Iglesias Amaro in Picassent II prison, Valencia

Abstract: On 25 February 1994 Jose Luis Iglesias' body was discovered by guards in cell 101 of Block 8 in Picassent II prison. He had been held in isolation and had reportedly hung himself with a noose made from his shoe laces. There have been numerous consistent allegations from fellow prisoners that he had been repeatedly beaten by guards in the days preceding his death. An autopsy carried out on 1 March 1994 confirmed that his death was consistent with suicide, but also noted that there were other injuries to his face and other parts of his body. An independent forensic specialist considered that these were in keeping with the allegations of ill-treatment in the days prior to his death. There was also concern that a prisoner with his mental health record should have been placed in isolation.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Spain: Allegations of torture and ill-treatment; cases and trials; Basque industrialist hostage released by armed Basque group. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 42 SWEDEN

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Sweden. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Sweden: Ill-treatment in custody (Tony Mutka); Expulsion of asylum-seeker (Monica Castillo Paz). In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Sweden: Government decides not to extradite man to Japan. In: Death penalty news June 1994 (ACT 55/02/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Sweden: Ill-treatment in custody. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 43 SWITZERLAND

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Switzerland. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 43/02/94

Date: 19 April 1994

Pages: 26

Title:Switzerland: Allegations of ill-treatment in police custody

Abstract:This document describes AI's concerns about alleged use of physical violence by police against detainees. Many cases involve foreigners and Swiss citizens of non-European descent. A high proportion concern the Canton of Geneva. The following cases of alleged ill-treatment are described: 28-year-old Guinean asylum-seeker Bruno Traore in August 1990; Portuguese citizen Joao Manuel Coelho Ribeiro in May 1991; Francois Bellil, a French citizen of North African descent, in June 1991; Beat Schatti, a curator at Geneva's Natural History Museum, in October 1991; Sidat Sisay, a Gambian aid worker in January 1993; Patricia Schweizer, described by the press as a prostitute, in March 1993, Geneva; a 58-year-old woman with partial hearing in April 1993; architect Michel Aequaroli, April 1993; Hamid G., Algerian, January 1994; Erak Svetlo, a Bosnian, in January 1994; Trevor Kitchin, a British citizen, in December 1992; B., an Angolan national, January 1993; A.B., a Swiss citizen of Moroccan origin, July 1993; and S.B., an Algerian asylum-seeker, February 1994.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Switzerland: Swiss police face allegations of ill-treatment of detainees. In: AI Newsletter June 1994 (NWS 21/06/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 19 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Switzerland: Allegations of ill-treatment in police custody: a substantial cause for concern. In: Amnesty International News Service 58/94 (NWS 11/58/94)

Date: 28 April 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Switzerland: United Nations Committee against Torture recommends reform of legislation on police custody following reports of ill-treatment by police. In: AI News Service 88/94 (NWS 11/88/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Switzerland: Allegations of ill-treatment in police custody; conscientious objection to military service. In: Concerns in Europe Mag - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

All Index: EUR 43/01/94

Date: 14 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Switzerland: Adoption of prisoner of conscience: the case of Grégoire Fiaux

Abstract: Grégoire Fiaux, a 23-year-old laboratory assistant, began a prison sentence of eight months for refusing to perform military service. He reported for military recruit school training at a barracks in Bierre on 15 July 1991, but within a few days concluded that further military service was incompatible with his conscientiously held beliefs. After refusing to take part in shooting exercises on 17 and 25 July, he was sent home. On 19 March 1992 a military divisional tribunal sentenced him to eight months' imprisonment. He was also ordered to pay trial costs, and the costs of a pre-trial psychiatric examination. He is a prisoner of conscience.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Switzerland: Allegations of ill-treatment in police custody. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 60 TADZHIKISTAN

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Tadjikistan. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Tadjikistan: Extrajudicial execution of Mirzonazar Imomnazarov (includes photograph). In: AI Newsletter April 1994 (NWS 21/04/94) (Worldwide appeals)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 18 February 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Tadjikistan: Reports of "unofficial" prison camps holding and executing "disappeared" prisoners. In: AI News Service 36/94 (NWS 11/36/94)

Date: 1 August 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Tadjikistan: AI concerned about fate of captured government soldiers. In: AI News Service 169/94 (NWS 11/169/94)

Date: 16 August 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Tadjikistan: Journalists arrested in clampdown against opposition newspaper (Maksud Rhusaynov, Mukhammadrakhim Saydar). In: Amnesty International News Service 186/94 (NWS 11/186/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Tadjikistan: Prisoners of conscience and political prisoners; extrajudicial executions and "disappearances"; human rights abuses by opposition forces; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Tadjikistan: Prisoners of conscience; extrajudicial executions and "disappearances"; the death penalty; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 60/05/94

Date: 12 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Tadjikistan: medical action: Dr Ayniddin Sadgkov

Abstract: Dr Ayniddin Sadgkov, a neurosurgeon and member of the opposition Democratic Party, "disappeared" after being detained by armed men in Dushanbe on 21 April 1993. On the morning of his "disappearance" he had been carrying a medical report on Bozor Sobir, intending to present it to the authorities in an attempt to secure Bozor Sobir's release from prison.

AI Index: EUR 60/07/94

Date: 7 November 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Tadjikistan: Rahim and Hassan Rakhmatolloyev, Buri Baiminov, Avazshah Dzhononov, Sobir Safoyev, Ibrahim Amrollah Nurulloevich

Abstract: All of the above-named have been sentenced to death in 1994. The first four of those named above were sentenced on 4 February; they were convicted of banditism. Sobir Safoyev and Ibrahim Amrollah Nurulloevich were sentenced in July 1994. The former was convicted of banditism and Ibrahim Amrollah Nurulloevich was convicted of banditism, treason and conspiracy to overthrow the government.

EUR 44 TURKEY

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Turkey. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POs 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 44/13/94

Date: 1 February 1994

Pages: 16

Title: Turkey: A time for action

Abstract: This report outlines AI's most pressing concerns in Turkey. Human rights violations are increasing rapidly in gravity and scale. Political killings occurred almost daily in 1993 and the number of "disappearances" recorded is growing. Many of these violations occur in the context of the conflict between government forces and PKK guerrillas in southeast Turkey, much of which is under emergency legislation. AI is concerned about the persistence of routine torture in police stations and gendarmeries in many parts of Turkey. At least 24 people died in police custody during 1993, apparently after interrogation under torture. The freedom to report human rights violations is under constant attack: journalists, writers, trade unionists and academics are being tried and imprisoned for expressing their non-violent views. Intimidation, torture and killing of lawyers and human rights activists has been reported. Abuses committed by PKK guerrillas are also described in this report.

AI Index: EUR 44/15/94

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 8

Title: Turkey: More people "disappear" following detention

Abstract: This report describes 12 cases of "disappearance" which occurred between 18 March 1993 and 5 January 1994. There has been a striking increase in reports of "disappearances", particularly in the southeast, during 1993/1994. There were at least 26 reported "disappearances" in Turkey in 1993. The cases reported here are: Ahmet Sahin; Ebedin Yasli; Abdolvahap Timurtas; Umit Tas; 11 male villagers from Hlica; Ahmet Cakici; Uzeyir Kurt; Huseyin Ugurlu; Cemile Sarli and her brother Ramazan Sarli; Fethi Yildirim. The following disappearances were reported from Istanbul during the same period: Ali Efzoglu; Ayseel Malkac.

AI Index: EUR 44/16/94

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 26

Title: Turkey: Selective protection: discriminatory treatment of non-European refugees and asylum-seekers

Abstract: AI is concerned that the security of hundreds of refugees and asylum-seekers in Turkey is at risk as the Turkish Government increasingly refuses to cooperate with the office of UNHCR in Turkey. Iranians, Tunisians and Iraqis, some of whom had been recognized by the UNHCR, have recently been returned to the countries they came from, even though many risk serious violations in their countries of origin. Turkey limits its obligations under the 1951 Convention on the Status of Refugees to refugees from European countries, of which it has accepted hundreds of thousands. No legal provisions exist for non-Europeans to apply for asylum and there is no clear provision for prohibiting their refoulement. An informal

arrangement with UNHCR, whereby non-Europeans accepted by UNHCR were allowed to stay until a resettlement country was found appears to be breaking down.

AI Index: EUR 44/45/94

Date: 22 June 1994

Pages: 16

Title: Turkey: Dissident voices jailed again

Abstract: Turkey is once again imprisoning people for the expression of their non-violent political opinions, including journalists, writers, politicians, trade unionists and human rights activists. This report describes cases of prisoners of conscience and shows the context of violent attacks on those who oppose the government's policy in the southeast, including arbitrary detention, alleged torture by police, extrajudicial executions and "disappearances". The following cases of prisoners of conscience are given: Omer Agin, Ahmet Zeki Okeuoglu, Mehdi Zana, Ayse Nur Zarakolu, Gunay Islan, Munir Ceylan, Fikret Baskaya and Selim Okeuoglu, Haluk Gergiz, Sedat Islantas and Sakin Fidan: the Digarbakir Democracy Platform. The PKK has also killed journalists, local politicians and civilians, and this paper includes the case of Bekas Aveli held prisoner by the PKK.

AI Index: EUR 44/88/94

Date: 1 September 1994

Pages: 8

Title: Turkey: Human rights defenders at risk

Abstract: Human rights activists monitoring the fast deteriorating human rights situation in Turkey are being harassed, detained, tortured, imprisoned, murdered and "disappeared". This report describes the difficulties and dangers facing members of the Turkish Human Rights Association (THRA), which has 56 branches throughout Turkey and a membership of 15000.

AI Index: EUR 44/146/94

Date: 19 December 1994

Pages: 9

Title: Southeast Turkey: medical action: The health professions in the emergency zone

Abstract: Health professionals in the Emergency Zone of southeast Turkey work in a climate of fear generated by flagrant human rights abuses carried out both by government forces and by armed opposition groups such as the PKK. They are intimidated by the security forces into producing inadequate or misleading forensic reports. They risk violence, arrest or imprisonment for carrying out their legal and ethical obligations to treat wounded people. Evidence gathered by AI and by the Turkish Medical Association (TMA) indicates that these violations have not only continued in 1994, but have become more widespread. The health professions in the Emergency Zone of southeast Turkey are now depleted and demoralized after years of violence and harassment. The availability of health care to the general population has diminished, adding a further dimension to the government's policy of "total war" against separatism.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Turkey: Women in the war zone (Ayse Malkae). In: AI Newsletter March 1994 (Focus - Women under attack) (NWS 21/03/94)

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Turkey: "Disappearance" of Abdulvahap Timurtas (includes photograph). In: AI Newsletter March 1994 (Worldwide appeals) (NWS 21/03/94)

Date: 1 May 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: A high price for workers' rights. Union President Munir Ceylan receives prison term after speaking out on political killings (includes photograph). In: All Newsletters May 1994 (NWS 21/05/94) (Focus)

Date: 1 June 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: Eight Kurdish civilians killed by Turkish warplanes. In: All Newsletters June 1994 (NWS 21/06/94)

Date: 1 August 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: Mehmet Gokalp. In: All Newsletters August 1994 (NWS 21/08/94) (Focus: Freedom's front line)

Date: 1 August 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: Prisoner of conscience, author and TV journalist Gunay Islan. In: All Newsletters August 1994 (NWS 21/08/94) (Worldwide appeals)

Date: 1 August 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: Attack on free speech intensifies. In: All Newsletters August 1994 (NWS 21/08/94) (includes photograph)

Date: 1 December 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: Abdolvahap Timurtas (Focus: Sending letters of hope - includes photograph). In: Amnesty International Newsletters December 1994 (NWS 21/12/94)

Date: 1 December 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: Baki Erdogan (Focus: Sending letters of hope). In: Amnesty International Newsletters December 1994 (NWS 21/12/94)

Date: 1 December 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: Istanbul march delivers petition calling for the right to freedom of expression. In: All Newsletters December 1994 (NWS 21/12/94) (includes photograph)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 14 January 1994
 Pages: 3
 Title: Turkey: Security offensive cloaked by information blackout - torture, "disappearance" and extrajudicial execution in the southeast province. In: Amnesty International News Service 07/94 (NWS 11/07/94)

Date: 14 January 1994
 Pages: 1
 Title: Turkey: Amnesty International welcomes Turkish Medical Association statement on the death penalty. In: Amnesty International News Service 08/94 (NWS 11/08/94)

- Date: 21 January 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: All fears for the safety of Iranian and Iraqi refugees and asylum seekers. In: Amnesty International News Service 12/94 (AWS 11/12/94)
- Date: 26 January 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Foreign nationals subjected to cruel, inhuman and degrading treatment. In: All News Service 16/94 (AWS 11/16/94)
- Date: 3 March 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Kurdish MPs in incommunicado detention. In: Amnesty International News Service 41/94 (AWS 11/41/94)
- Date: 4 March 1994
Pages: 1
Title: Turkey: Further arrests of Kurdish MPs. In: All News Service 43/94 (AWS 11/43/94)
- Date: 18 March 1994
Pages: 1
Title: Turkey: Amnesty International sends appeal to PKK. In: Amnesty International News Service 55/94 (AWS 11/55/94)
- Date: 21 March 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Pattern of "disappearances" continues. In: Amnesty International News Service 56/94 (AWS 11/56/94)
- Date: 23 March 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Harassment of human rights monitors in southeast - what is Turkey hiding? In: Amnesty International News Service 58/94 (AWS 11/58/94)
- Date: 30 March 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Discrimination puts non-European asylum-seekers at risk. In: Amnesty International News Service 58/94 (AWS 11/58/94)
- Date: 13 April 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: More victims in a growing trend of "disappearances". In: Amnesty International News Service 74/94 (AWS 11/74/94)
- Date: 24 May 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Four-year prison sentence for giving testimony on human rights violations to European Parliament. In: All News Service 107/94 (AWS 11/107/94)
- Date: 22 June 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Turkish Government intensifies attack on freedom of expression. In: All News Service 125/94 (AWS 11/125/94)

Date: 23 June 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Turkish Government's denial of human rights violations in Turkey fails to match the facts. In: *All News Service* 133/94 (NWS 11/133/94)

Date: 26 July 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: New emerging threat of containment areas. In: *All News Service* 165/94 (NWS 11/165/94)

Date: 24 October 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Ten years after - time to abolish the death penalty. In: *Amnesty International News Service* 232/94 (NWS 11/232/94)

Date: 26 October 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Amnesty International denied access to Turkey. In: *Amnesty International News Service* 243/94 (NWS 11/243/94)

Date: 9 December 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Kurdish deputies sentenced to long prison terms. In: *Amnesty International News Service* 273/94 (NWS 11/273/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Work for prisoners of conscience and to oppose cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. In: *Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials* (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994
Pages: 1
Title: Turkey: Serious human rights abuses escalate in intensified conflict; the death penalty; threat of renewed executions. In: *Concerns in Europe* Mag - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

All Index: EUR 44/01/94
Date: 10 January 1994
Pages: 3
Title: Turkey: Medical action: Possible imminent resumption of executions

Abstract: On 17 November 1993 a Turkish Parliamentary Judicial Commission approved a sentence of death for the first time in over nine years. The sentence will now be voted on by the full parliament. The Turkish Medical Association, faced with laws which require a doctor's presence at executions, have issued a statement calling urgently for an amendment to the law.

All Index: EUR 44/09/94
Date: 7 February 1994
Pages: 2
Title: Turkey: Amnesty International's position on asylum-seekers from Turkey

Abstract:The current situation in Turkey leads Amnesty International to be concerned about any cases where the authorities in asylum countries propose to return to any part of Turkey Kurdish asylum-seekers or those sympathetic towards the Kurdish cause. Among those most at risk are members and supporters of DEP and its predecessor HEP, those who are active in the Turkish Human Rights Association, lawyers, people from villages which have refused to join the village guards, or anyone with a history of detention in recent years.

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Turkey: Turkish Medical Association refuses to participate in execution. In: Death Penalty News March 1994 (ACT 53/01/94)

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Turkey: Munir Ceylan convicted for calling workers to action on human rights. In: Trade Unionists Action 1994 (ACT 73/02/94) (includes photograph)

Date: 1 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Turkey: Human rights and internal armed conflict. In: Statements to the 50th session of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights (Geneva, 31 January - 11 March 1994) (OR 41/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Turkey: University students banned for one year; Six Kurdish MPs arrested. In: Death Penalty News June 1994 (ACT 53/02/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Turkey: Disturbing increase in "disappearances"; torture "systematic" - UN Committee against Torture; death sentence approved; assault on freedom of expression. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

All Index: EUR 44/50/94

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Turkey: Amnesty International's concerns in Turkey (includes: Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe (CSCE): The power and duty to act)

Abstract:This text consists of a summary of AI's concerns in Turkey and an appeal to the Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe (CSCE) to act in the face of evidence of systematic human rights violations in Turkey.

Date: 1 July 1994

Pages: 3

Title:Turkey: Deliberate bombing of civilians, including children, in raids against Kurdish villages in Sinak province, and killings by PKK guerrillas. In: All Week 1994: cases for appeals (ACT 31/02/94) (includes photograph)

Al Index: EUR 44/54/94

Date: 15 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Turkcy: medical action: Recep Marasli

Abstract:Recep Marasli, a 38-year-old prisoner of conscience, was detained on 8 July together with ten others under Anti-Terror legislation. He is a Kurdish writer and publisher. There is concern at reports that he and the other ten have been subjected to torture and ill-treatment in police custody. He is reported to be suffering from neurological problems. His wife, Nuran Camli, who was also detained and who suffers from kidney stones, was beaten around the region of the kidneys. On 10 July another of the female detainees, Nurean Balei, was transferred to hospital with fractures to her left knee cap and lower spine. Recep Marasli and others are reported to have begun a hunger-strike in protest at their ill-treatment.

Al Index: EUR 44/65/94

Date: 22 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Turkcy: medical action: Fahrrettin Inal

Abstract:There is concern at reports that police forcibly removed and detained Fahrrettin Inal from hospital on 16 July 1994 despite the fact that he had sustained serious injuries, including multiple fractures, the day before. He is reported to have jumped from a fifth floor while being followed by police. He had previously been detained in 1992 and severely tortured. There are fears he may be undergoing further torture and ill-treatment under interrogation in incommunicado detention.

Al Index: EUR 44/82/94

Date: 17 August 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Medical action: Turkcy: Dr Rzeai Aydin

Abstract:Rzeai Aydin is a 28-year-old general practitioner (doctor). He left his work at Cinar Health Centre on 8 July 1994 but failed to arrive at his home in Diyarbakir, south-east Turkcy. His car was discovered the next day, 61 km from Diyarbakir. His family reports that he is not a member of any organization which could make him a candidate for "disappearance". However, he is a relative of Vedat Aydin, the former president of the People's Labour Party in Diyarbakir, who was murdered in July 1991. The authorities deny any knowledge of Rzeai Aydin's whereabouts. He is gravely concerned for his safety.

Al Index: EUR 44/121/94

Date: 21 October 1994

Pages: 4

Title:Turkcy: Kurdish politicians in danger of extrajudicial execution

Abstract:He is seriously concerned about the safety of officials of the pro-Kurdish People's Democracy Party (HDP) in the run-up to by-elections in Turkcy. Three HDP officials have been assassinated in recent weeks in the city of Adana (Rebih Cabuk, Mehmet Salih Sabuktekin and Serfer Cef). Others are receiving death threats. HDP is the successor to two earlier parties which were closed down by the Constitutional Court for "separatism". Like its predecessors, it has a predominantly Kurdish membership and works for the civil and political rights of the Kurdish minority.

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Turkcy: A return to the old order? In: Death Penalty News December 1994 (ACT 53/04/94)
(includes photograph)

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Turkey. In: Amnesty International's concerns at the 51st United Nations Commission on Human Rights (OR 41/11/94)

EUR 61 TURKMENISTAN

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Turkmenistan. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Turkmenistan: Prisoners of conscience; probable prisoner of conscience Karadzhar Karadzhaev; the death penalty (Yury Ayrigov); ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Turkmenistan: Probable prisoner of conscience Karadzha Karadzhaev; government reaction to Amnesty International report. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 61/04/94

Date: 20 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Turkmenistan: Valentin Popusov

Abstract: Valentin Popusov, an opposition activist of ethnic Russian origin, is reported to have been confined to a psychiatric hospital in Gzok-Tepe, Turkmenistan, in February 1994. AI is concerned by allegations that he is being forcibly detained, not for medical reasons but to punish him for his non-violent political opposition to the government. AI believes that he may be a prisoner of conscience and is seeking further information about his case.

EUR 45 UNITED KINGDOM

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 4

Title: United Kingdom. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 45/01/94

Date: 9 February 1994

Pages: 48

Title: United Kingdom: Political killings in Northern Ireland

Abstract: This report describes AI's concerns about political killings carried out in the context of the current conflict in Northern Ireland. AI is concerned about killings by the security forces, by armed groups apparently acting in collusion with the security forces and by armed political groups, such as the Provisional IRA or loyalist armed groups. The use of lethal force by the security forces is discussed, as are the investigative procedures followed in such cases. Abuses by the IRA, including killings, torture, punishment shootings and beatings and bombings are described, as are those of loyalist groups.

AI Index: EUR 45/05/94

Date: 1 July 1994

Pages: 15

Title: United Kingdom: Cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment during forcible deportation

Abstract: There is concern at allegations of cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment during forcible deportation of refused asylum-seekers and immigrants. In some of the cases highlighted in this report unauthorized equipment was used to restrain deportees, including mouth gags, adhesive tape and plastic straps. Amnesty International is calling on the government to initiate a fully independent and impartial inquiry into the alleged ill-treatment of the following cases: Mr G, Dorothy Nwokedi, Rukhsana Faqir and Mega Mangete. This report also examines the joint Home Office and Police review of removal procedures in immigration cases involving the police, and the use of private security firms by the Home Office.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: UK: Prison officers killed Zairian asylum-seeker says inquest. In: Amnesty International Newsletter January 1994 (NWS 21/01/94)

Date: 1 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title: United Kingdom: Report details collusion by the army and police. In: AI Newsletter April 1994 (NWS 21/04/94)

Date: 1 September 1994

Pages: 1

Title:United Kingdom: Deportees suffer ill-treatment by security officers. In: *AI Newsletter* September 1994 (NWS 21/09/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

AI Index: EUR 45/02/94

Date: 9 February 1994

Pages: 4

Title:*AI News Release*: United Kingdom: No peace without respect for human rights in Northern Ireland, says Amnesty International

Date: 10 February 1994

Pages: 2

Title:United Kingdom: Amnesty International calls on UK Government to address issues raised in report on political killings in Northern Ireland. In: *Amnesty International News Service* 27/94 (NWS 11/27/94)

Date: 25 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title:UK: Amnesty International welcomes quashing of Paul Hill's conviction. In: *AI News Service* 83/94 (NWS 11/83/94)

Date: 21 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title:United Kingdom: Forthcoming inquiries to be undertaken by the Home Affairs Committee. In: *AI News Service* 153/94 (NWS 11/153/94)

Date: 2 September 1994

Pages: 1

Title:United Kingdom: Irish Republican Army declares ceasefire. In: *AI News Service* 203/94 (NWS 11/203/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 3

Title:United Kingdom: Work to halt torture, cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment; Isle of Man: Work for legislative change. In: *Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from AI action materials* (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title:United Kingdom: Fair trial issues; allegations of ill-treatment and deaths in custody; killings by the security forces and collusion; killings by armed political groups. In: *Concerns in Europe* May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title:UK: Reintroduction of the death penalty rejected by a large majority. In: *Death Penalty News* March 1994 (ACT 53/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 2

Title:United Kingdom: Political killings in Northern Ireland; allegations of ill-treatment and death in custody; the right of silence; threat of refoulement; appeal hearing of Paul Hill. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 50 UKRAINE

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Ukraine. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 September 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Ukraine: Interview with human rights activist and former prisoner of conscience Myroslav Marynovych. In: AI Newsletter September 1994 (NWS 21/09/94) (Focus - The courage to fight on) (includes photograph)

Date: 1 September 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Ukraine: Vasily Mikhaylovich Krivonos, a juvenile sentenced to death on 18 November 1993. In: AI Newsletter September 1994 (NWS 21/09/94) (Worldwide appeals) (includes photograph)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 18 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Ukraine: Amnesty International appeals against imminent execution. In: Amnesty International News Service 78/94 (NWS 11/78/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Ukraine: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Ukraine: The death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Ukraine: The death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

EUR 62 UZBEKISTAN

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Uzbekistan. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 62/12/94

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 11

Title: Uzbekistan: Further prosecutions in the "Milli Mejlis" case: prisoners of conscience Otanazar Aripov and Salavat Umurzakov

Abstract: This report gives details of the cases of Otanazar Aripov and Salavat Umurzakov, two of the six defendants in the so-called "Milli Mejlis" case. They are now serving prison sentences for "conspiracy with the aim of seizing power". AI has adopted them as prisoners of conscience and is calling for their immediate and unconditional release. The report also gives details of a recent country-wide clampdown against ERK, the outlawed opposition party. An appendix to the report gives information on all the known and possible prisoner of conscience cases taken up by AI in Uzbekistan within the last year.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 April 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: Political prisoner Pulat Akhunov (includes photograph). In: AI Newsletter April 1994 (NWS 21/04/94) (Worldwide appeals)

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: Pulat Akhunov (Focus: Sending letters of hope - includes photograph). In: Amnesty International Newsletter December 1994 (NWS 21/12/94)

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 11 March 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: Prisoners of conscience arrested in country-wide crackdown against opposition newspaper. In: AI News Service 48/94 (NWS 11/48/94)

Date: 8 September 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: New criminal charge against jailed opposition leader a blatant ploy to ensure his long-term imprisonment and silence (Pulat Akhunov). In: AI News Service 206/94 (NWS 11/206/94)

Date: 3 November 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: AI welcomes announcement of amnesty for five prisoners of conscience (Otanazar Aripov, Salavat Umurzakov, Pulat Akhunov, Inamzhon Tursunov, Nosyr Zokhir). In: Amnesty International News Service 251/94 (NWS 11/251/94)

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: Work for legislative change. In: Violations of the human rights of homosexuals: extracts from Amnesty International action materials (POL 30/01/94)

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: Prisoners of conscience (the Milli Mejlis case; Pulat Akhunov); the death penalty. In: Concerns in Europe May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

AI Index: EUR 62/02/94

Date: 26 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: medical concern: Dmitry Rassokhin

Abstract: Dmitry Rassokhin, a 22-year-old ethnic Russian, was sentenced to death in July 1992 for premeditated murder. He was convicted of the murder of two Uzbek brothers during a drunken brawl. Unofficial sources have alleged discrepancies in the preliminary investigation of the crime, and suggested that the outcome of the trial was influenced by ethnic origin. Dmitry Rassokhin is held on death row in the investigation-isolation prison in Tashkent. Since his arrest and imprisonment he is reported to have developed a gastric ulcer and ulcers on his feet. There is concern that he is apparently without access to medical treatment.

AI Index: EUR 62/03/94

Date: 7 February 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Uzbekistan: Vadim Vladimirovich Sazonov

Abstract: An unofficial source reports that Vadim Vladimirovich Sazonov has been sentenced to death by the Supreme Court of the Republic of Uzbekistan for premeditated, aggravated murder. An appeal against his sentence has been turned down and his last hope of avoiding execution is a petition for clemency to the President.

AI Index: EUR 62/09/94

Date: 15 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Uzbekistan: Nasrullo Saidov

Abstract: Nasrullo Saidov, an activist in the outlawed opposition Erk (Freedom) party, was arrested on 22 February 1994 at his home in Vabkent, Bukhara Region. He has been charged in connection with the discovery of a hand grenade at his home during a police search. Although Amnesty International would not normally take up the case of a person charged with such an offence, there is concern at allegations that a criminal case is being fabricated against Nasrullo Saidov because of his peaceful political opposition to the Government.

AI Index: EUR 62/10/94

Date: 17 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Uzbekistan: Mamadali Makhmudov

Abstract: Mamadali Makhmudov, a well-known writer, was arrested on 5 March 1994 at his home in Tashkent, in connection with the discovery of a pistol at his home during a police search. Although Amnesty International would not normally take up the case of a person charged with such an offence, there is concern at allegations

that a criminal case is being fabricated against Mamadali Makhmudov, because he is a friend and an associate of Muhammad Salih, the exiled leader of the outlawed opposition party Erk (Freedom).

File Index: EUR 62/11/94

Date: 31 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Uzbekistan: Otanazar Aripov, Maksud Bekzhan, Salavat Umurzakov

Abstract:It is concerned that Otanazar Aripov, Maksud Bekzhan and Salavat Umurzakov, who are associated with the outlawed Erk opposition party, are being held in police custody in Uzbekistan. It is not clear what charges have been brought but it is concerned about reports that they were arrested for possession of banned Erk newspapers and books. Otanazar Aripov is a professor of physics and a member of the Erk leadership. Maksud Bekzhan is a poet and the brother of Erk leader Muhammad Salih. Salavat Umurzakov is a journalist and member of Erk.

File Index: EUR 62/13/94

Date: 20 May 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Medical action: Uzbekistan: Otanazar Aripov

Abstract:Otanazar Aripov, a professor of physics and secretary of the central committee of the outlawed opposition party Erk, is serving a five-year prison sentence. It has adopted him as a prisoner of conscience. He is asthmatic and it is concerned by reports that he has been sent to a strict regime corrective labour colony in central Uzbekistan. Prisoners there reportedly work in a chemicals factory. It fears that such work may be detrimental to his health in view of his asthma.

File Index: EUR 62/14/94

Date: 24 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Uzbekistan: Shavkat Khalbayev, Nizmat Akhmedov

Abstract:Shavkat Khalbayev and Nizmat Akhmedov, members of the outlawed opposition Erk party, are being held in police custody in Uzbekistan. It is concerned by reports that they were arrested for possession of copies of the banned Erk party newspaper. It is seeking further information about the charges brought against them; the organization fears that they may be prisoners of conscience, imprisoned for their non-violent political activities.

File Index: EUR 62/15/94

Date: 25 May 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Uzbekistan: Abdunabi Abdigev, Arif Abdigev

Abstract:Abdunabi and Arif Abdigev, members of the outlawed opposition party Erk (Freedom), were arrested on 20 April 1994 in Bakhoriston district, Rashkadarya region. Unofficial sources report that they are currently being held in the remand cells of the directorate of internal affairs in Tashkent. Abdunabi Abdigev is a correspondent of the Erk newspaper, and there is concern at reports that he and his brother were arrested for being in possession of copies of the newspaper.

File Index: EUR 62/16/94

Date: 27 May 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Further information on medical action - Uzbekistan: Dmitry Rassokhin

Abstract:Dmitry Rassokhin, a 22-year-old prisoner on death row in Tashkent, has now begun to receive medical treatment.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 3

Title:Uzbekistan: Prisoners of conscience; beatings; the death penalty; ratifications. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

FI Index: EUR 62/21/94

Date: 12 September 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Uzbekistan: Murad Dzhurayev, Erkin Ashurov

Abstract:Murad Dzhurayev and Erkin Ashurov, activists of the outlawed Erk (Freedom) party, are being held in the custody of the National Security Service of Uzbekistan. Unofficial sources suggest that they were arrested as part of a continuing clampdown against the banned Erk newspaper. They were kidnapped and allegedly assaulted on the night of 17-18 June 1994 in Almaty, capital of Kazakhstan. It is believed that they may be prisoners of conscience.

FI Index: EUR 62/22/94

Date: 16 September 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Uzbekistan: Gaibnazar Koshechanov

Abstract:Gaibnazar Koshechanov, a teacher and secretary of the district organization of the outlawed political party Erk in Urgzneh district, was sentenced in June 1994 to two years in a labour camp for "illegal possession of a firearm, ammunition or explosives" and "illegal possession of narcotics". FI would not normally take up the case of a person charged with such offences. However, FI is concerned about allegations that a criminal case was fabricated against him because of his peaceful opposition to the Government. Gaibnazar Koshechanov is reportedly a deeply religious Muslim.

FI Index: EUR 62/28/94

Date: 25 October 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Uzbekistan: Sherali Ruzimuradov

Abstract:FI is concerned that Sherali Ruzimuradov, a university student and member of the outlawed opposition party Erk, is a possible prisoner of conscience. He was arrested on 24 May 1994 and charged with illegal possession of a firearm. Reports indicate that this charge may be false and that he may have been arrested to force the disclosure of the whereabouts of his brother, also an Erk activist, who escaped from police custody in April 1994.

FI Index: EUR 62/29/94

Date: 31 October 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Uzbekistan: Anna Korol and Grigory Zalkind

Abstract:Anna Korol and Grigory Zalkind, two citizens of Israel, were taken in for questioning by police in Tashkent, Uzbekistan, on 16 February 1994. They allege gross ill-treatment by police officers in the course of the three days they spent in police custody. Anna Korol alleges that she was raped by two police officers. FI is seeking information about the outcome of complaints about this treatment lodged by Anna Korol and Grigory Zalkind.

EUR 48 FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 2

Title:Yugoslavia. In: Peace-keeping and human rights (IOR 40/01/94)

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 1

Title:Former Yugoslavia. In: Amnesty International's concerns at the 51st United Nations Commission on Human Rights (IOR 41/11/94)

EUR 70 YUGOSLAVIA, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

1. ANNUAL REPORT ENTRY

Date: 7 July 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. In: Amnesty International Report 1994 (POL 10/02/94)

3. MAJOR EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

AI Index: EUR 70/01/94

Date: 1 February 1994

Pages: 15

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia: Ethnic Albanians - trial by truncheon

Abstract: Between July and September 1993 over 90 Albanians from Kosovo were arrested on charges of preparing for armed uprising to achieve the secession of Kosovo from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. To AI's knowledge, none of those arrested has been charged with using violence; in some cases they have been charged with possessing or smuggling weapons and with making plans to organize and train paramilitary units. By 17 February a total of 27 people had been convicted and sentenced to up to five years' imprisonment. AI believes that some of these are prisoners of conscience. AI is deeply concerned about allegations that many of the accused were severely beaten and otherwise ill-treated following arrest. Some cases of alleged ill-treatment are substantiated by medical records; in others requests for medical examinations were ignored. AI is concerned also about the use of statements allegedly extracted under duress to convict defendants. An appendix to this report describes the convictions of a further 33 ethnic Albanians by courts in Kosovo province.

AI Index: EUR 70/06/94

Date: 1 April 1994

Pages: 16

Title: Yugoslavia: Police violence against ethnic Albanians in Kosovo Province

Abstract: Police violence against ethnic Albanians in the predominantly-Albanian populated province of Kosovo has escalated since the beginning of 1994. Officers of the largely Serbian police force have carried out arms searches, often arresting and severely beating male members of families even when no weapons have been found. Women, elderly people and minors have also been beaten. Political activists, particularly members of the LDK, are among the most frequent targets of police violence; teachers, students and academics are also subject to harassment. Also described are incidents of violence against ethnic Albanians by border guards, generally at border crossings with Hungary and with the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.

AI Index: EUR 70/16/94

Date: 19 September 1994

Pages: 27

Title: Yugoslavia: Police violence in Kosovo Province - the victims

Abstract: AI is extremely concerned about the dangerous escalation in human rights violations perpetrated by police against ethnic Albanians in the predominantly-Albanian-populated province of Kosovo. In late July and early August, three ethnic Albanians were shot dead by police and another wounded. Two other ethnic Albanians were shot dead near the border with Albania by army officers. In at least two cases, one of them involving the death of a six-year-old boy, the police officers in question do not appear to have been under attack. Many incidents of abuse of detainees are reported: brutal beatings, kicking and punching

are the most commonly reported forms of torture but electric shocks have apparently been used on occasion. Fourteen cases illustrative of the abuses discussed are appended to the report.

4. NEWSLETTER ENTRY

Date: 1 August 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia: Sami Kurtzshi. In: *All Newsletter August 1994 (NWS 21/08/94)*
(Focus: Freedom's front line)

Date: 1 October 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Kosovo): Ethnic Albanians suffer violent attacks by police (includes a photograph and prisoners' testimonies from Adrian Curri and Ali Murati). In: *All Newsletter October 1994 (NWS 21/10/94)*

5. PRESS RELEASE

Date: 8 March 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Yugoslavia: Unfair trials of ethnic Albanians. In: *Amnesty International News Service 45/94*
(NWS 11/45/94)

Date: 19 September 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Kosovo): Police violence against ethnic Albanians must end. In: *All News Service 205/94 (NWS 11/205/94)*

Date: 5 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Kosovo): Call for protection from torture of former police force personnel. In: *All News Service 274/94 (NWS 11/274/94)*

6. BRIEF EXTERNAL DOCUMENT

Date: 1 January 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Yugoslavia, Federal Republic of: Alleged torture and ill-treatment by police in Serbia; Kosovo province: continuing reports of ill-treatment, fair trial concerns. In: *Concerns in Europe*
May - October 1993 (EUR 01/01/94)

All Index: EUR 70/05/94

Date: 16 March 1994

Pages: 4

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia: Conscientious objection: Vilmos Almasi

Abstract: Vilmos Almasi was sentenced to four months' imprisonment by the Military Court in Belgrade for refusing to answer call-up duty in the military reserves. The Supreme Military Court in Belgrade confirmed this sentence on 11 January 1994. Vilmos Almasi, an ethnic Hungarian, is currently free, but has received a summons to report to the communal court in Kanizsa to ascertain when he should serve his sentence. He

may shortly be sent to serve his sentence, and if imprisoned would be considered a prisoner of conscience.

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia: Legislation and death sentence. In: Death Penalty News June 1994 (ACT 53/02/94)

Date: 1 June 1994

Pages: 1

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia: Kosovo province: increased police violence, fair trial concerns, prisoners of conscience; conscientious objection and the forcible return of asylum seekers. In: Concerns in Europe November 1993 - April 1994 (EUR 01/02/94)

AI Index: EUR 70/23/94

Date: 1 October 1994

Pages: 3

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Kosovo province): Prisoners of conscience: Xhabir Morina, Syljman Bytyqi, Rexhep Ismani, Hyra Emini, Ilmi Rezeica

Abstract: The above-named are all ethnic Albanians from Kosovo province, actively involved in various ethnic Albanian organizations. They were arrested on 31 January 1994, after a private concert they had held to commemorate five ethnic Albanian nationalist leaders. They were held for up to nine hours and allegedly beaten during interrogation. (Extracts from two statements describing the ill-treatment are included). One of those arrested has alleged that he was sexually assaulted by a senior police officer. They were sentenced to 30 days imprisonment by the municipal court of Urosevac on 3 March 1994. AI has learned that they have recently received a summons to start serving their sentences on 5 October 1994. AI considers them to be prisoners of conscience who should be released immediately and unconditionally.

Date: 1 December 1994

Pages: 2

Title: Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Kosovo): Bilal Idrizi. In: Trade Unionists' Appeal Cases 1994 (ACT 73/05/94) (includes photograph)