

# URGENT ACTION

## FATHER OF MORSI'S AIDE ARRESTED

**Egyptian armed security forces arrested 67-year-old Adly al-Qazzaz at his home in Cairo, at 3 am on 24 October. A State Security Prosecutor is investigating accusations that he belongs to a "banned group". Amnesty International is concerned that Adly al-Qazzaz, who is in poor health, was arrested because his son is an aide to the deposed president, Mohamed Morsi.**

According to the information available to Amnesty International, the security forces who arrested Adly al-Qazzaz did not show any warrant and were dressed in plain clothes. They took **Adly al-Qazzaz** to Moqattam Police Station and then to the Supreme State Security Prosecution Office in New Cairo where he was questioned over accusations that he belongs to a banned group, and has taken part in terrorist-related activities. The security forces then transferred Adly al-Qazzaz to the Tora Prison complex, south of Cairo. Adly al-Qazzaz was not allowed to inform his family and lawyer of his whereabouts for three days after his arrest. The State Security Prosecutor will question Adly al-Qazzaz again today.

Adly al-Qazzaz's lawyer told Amnesty International that the Prosecutor did not present any incriminating evidence during the questioning to support the accusations against Adly al-Qazzaz. Instead, the questioning focused on his political beliefs. The accusations are likely to relate to Adly al-Qazzaz's support of the outlawed Muslim Brotherhood movement and Egypt's deposed president, Mohamed Morsi. Adly al-Qazzaz's son, Khaled al-Qazzaz, is one of Mohamed Morsi's aides and has been detained without charge and trial by the authorities in an unknown location since 3 July.

A medical report states that Adly al-Qazzaz suffers from heart disease, diabetes and high blood pressure. He was also due for a knee-replacement operation and recently underwent an operation on his back. His family is concerned that the authorities are not giving him adequate medication for his diabetes and heart condition.

### **Please write immediately in Arabic, English or your own language:**

- Urging the Egyptian authorities to release Adly al-Qazzaz unless he is charged with a recognizably criminal offence and tried before a civilian court, in full compliance with international fair trial guarantees;
- Calling on them to immediately grant Adly al-Qazzaz access to his family;
- Urging them to ensure Adly al-Qazzaz has any medical treatment he may require.

### **PLEASE SEND APPEALS BEFORE 12 DECEMBER 2013 TO:**

#### Interim President

Adly Mahmoud Mansour  
Office of the President  
Al Ittihadia Palace  
Cairo, Arab Republic of Egypt  
Fax: +202 2 391 1441

**Salutation: Your Excellency**

#### Minister of Defence

General Abdel Fattah al-Sisi  
Ministry of Defence  
Cairo, Arab Republic of Egypt  
Fax: +202 2 290 6004  
+202 2 291 6227

**Salutation: Dear General**

#### Public Prosecutor

Hesham Mohamed Zaki Barakat  
Office of the Public Prosecutor  
Supreme Court House, 1 "26 July" Road  
Cairo, Arab Republic of Egypt  
Fax: +202 2 577 4716  
+202 2 575 7165

(switched off after office hours, GMT+2)

**Salutation: Dear Counsellor**

**Also send copies to diplomatic representatives accredited to your country.**

Please check with your section office if sending appeals after the above date.

**AMNESTY  
INTERNATIONAL**



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### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The authorities have continued their sweeping crackdown on supporters of Mohamed Morsi and members of the Muslim Brotherhood movement to which he is closely linked. Since 3 July, the security forces have arrested thousands of Mohamed Morsi's supporters, including most of the leadership of the Muslim Brotherhood. Lawyers have told Amnesty International that in many cases those detained were not given their due process rights, such as having access to lawyers or being brought before a judge.

In September the Court of Urgent Matters outlawed all the activities of the Muslim Brotherhood, banned the movement and any affiliated associations and ordered the seizure of its assets and offices. The Ministry of Social Affairs subsequently removed it from the list of approved non-governmental organizations.

In Egypt, cases involving offences the authorities deem to be security-related are investigated by a special branch of the Public Prosecution - the Supreme State Security Prosecution. In practice, Egypt's Code of Criminal Procedures (CCP) gives sweeping powers to the Heads of Public Prosecutor offices across the country to detain people suspected of terrorist offences. In any terrorism-related cases, the Public Prosecutor can order the pre-trial ("precautionary") detention of such suspects for 15 days in his capacity as a Public Prosecutor. He can also extend the detention for up to 45 days as an examining magistrate and continue, as an accusation chamber, to renew the detention for periods not exceeding 15 days each. This means that the Public Prosecutor has the power to detain people for months without independent judicial oversight as required by Articles 202 and 203 of the CCP and international human rights standards.

As a result, those held in "precautionary" detention are deprived of their right to be brought promptly before a judge or other officer authorized by law to exercise judicial power. They are also denied the right to challenge their detention before a judicial authority established by law in order to review the lawfulness of their detention.

Name: Adly al-Qazzaz  
Gender m/f: m

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