EXTERNAL AI Index: MDE 24/02/98

UA 145/98 Medical Concern / Prisoners of Conscience 7 May 1998

SYRIA'Abdalla Qabbara, aged 60, a lawyer Nu'man 'Abdu, former student Juryus al-Talli, aged over 60 Jalal Ali Masu'd, aged 48 Akram Wajih al-Bunni, aged 42 Faysal 'Allush, aged 40

Marwan Hammad al-'Ali, aged 36

Munir Sha'bu, aged 35

There has been a serious deterioration in the state of health of the above-named prisoners of conscience. All of the men are serving prison sentences of a minimum of ten years, in extremely harsh conditions, for their involvement in opposition political activities. All require urgent specialist medical care

'Abdalla Qabbara is suffering from chronic diabetes. He was arrested in 1987 and sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment in 1994 in connection with his involvement with the Communist Party Political Bureau (CPPB). He is being held at the Tadamur Military Prison, known for its harsh conditions. He was reportedly tortured during the interrogation stage of his detention.

The remaining detainees were all arrested and charged in connection with their involvement in the Party for Communist Action (PCA).

Nu'man 'Abdu is suffering from a chronic open leg wound according to reports provided by former prisoners. He was arrested in 1992 and sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment by the Syrian Supreme State Security Court (SSSC). He is held in 'Adra Prison.

Juryus al-Talli is suffering from diabetes and serious ear problems which is believed to have affected his hearing. He was arrested in 1992 or 1993 and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. He is also currently held in 'Adra Prison.

Jalal Masu'd is suffering from serious kidney problems. He was arrested in 1986 and sentenced to 13 years in Sadnaya Prison.

Akram Wajih al-Bunni is believed to be suffering from paralysis in one hand, caused by being torture on the "German Chair" (a metal chair with moving parts which causes acute hyperextension of the spine and severe pressure on the victim's neck and limbs). He was arrested in 1987 and sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment in Sadnaya Prison.

Faysal 'Allush, Marwan al-'Ali and Munir Sha'bu, all held in Sadnaya Prison, are reportedly suffering from serious eye problems. Munir Sha'bu also suffers from degeneration of the neck vertebrae. All were sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment in 1993.

## BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Hundreds of prisoners of conscience and political prisoners are currently serving long-term prison sentences in Syria, of up to 22 years, in connection with their involvement and membership of various unauthorised political parties. Torture and ill-treatment of such prisoners is routine, particularly

during the interrogation stage of detention. This, combined with a lack of medical care, has led to dozens of deaths in custody in recent years. In 1995 Karim al-Haj Hussain, a prisoner of conscience, died twenty-four hours after his release from custody, as a result of tuberculous meningitis. He was 30 years old and had spent eight years in detention.

## RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/faxes/express/airmail letters in English, Arabic, French or your own language:

- urging that the above-named prisoners of conscience be given immediate access to whatever medical care they require;
- calling for their immediate and unconditional release as prisoners of conscience.

## APPEALS TO:

His Excellency President Hafez al-Assad Presidential Palace Damascus, Syrian Arab Republic

Telegrams: President al-Assad, Damascus, Syria

Telexes: 419160 prespl sy Salutation: Your Excellency

## COPIES TO:

His Excellency
Dr Muhammad Harba
Minster of the Interior
Ministry of the Interior
Merjeh Circle
Damascus
Syrian Arab Republic

Faxes: + 963 11 222 3428 Telexes: 411016 AFIRS SY

His Excellency Nasser Qaddur Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Ministry of Foreign Affairs Al-Rashid Street Damascus, Syrian Arab Republic

His Excellency
Dr Iyad al-Shatti
Minister of Health
Ministry of Health
al-Majlis al-Niyabi Street
Damascus, Syrian Arab Republic

and to diplomatic representatives of Syria accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 18 June 1998.