EXTERNAL AI Index: MDE 11/02/96

UA 26/96 Fear of torture / Medical concern 2 February 1996

BAHRAINShaikh 'Abd al-'Amir Mansur al-Jamri

Shaikh Hassan Sultan Shaikh 'Ali Ashour Shaikh 'Ali bin Ahmad al-Jeddhafsi Shaikh Hussein al-Deihi Hassan Meshema'a Sayyed Ibrahim Adnan al-Alawi Abdul Wahab Hussein

and many others

The eight prominent Muslim Shi'a leaders and religious figures named above, arrested on 22 January 1996, are among hundreds reported to have been arrested and held in incommunicado detention following recent protests in Bahrain. Amnesty International fears that all those so detained are at risk of torture.

Security forces launched mass arrests in January 1996 after they clashed with protestors demonstrating against the security forces' closure of a number of mosques where prominent Shi'a clerics had been calling on the government to restore democratic rights. The renewed demonstrations had begun in October 1995 in protest against the continued detention of about 500 people in connection with earlier unrest, between December 1994 and April 1995, in which protestors demanded the restoration of democratic rights.

The government has put the number of people detained since the recent unrest at 186 and said it will try the eight leaders named above for instigating violence and sabotage. Opposition sources and lawyers say about 2,000 people are currently detained, most of them with no access to families or lawyers.

Shaikh al-Jamri is a prominent Shi'a Muslim and religious scholar from the village of Bani Jamra, and a member of the former National Assembly which was dissolved in 1975. Shaikh al-Jamri, Hassan Meshema'a and Abdul Wahab Hussein embarked on a hunger-strike and were reportedly moved to the Military Hospital at the end of January 1996. Their present medical situation and whereabouts are not known. The eight leaders were detained in the 1994-1995 unrest, and held without charge or trial until their release in September 1995.

Reports that some detainees held during the 1994-1995 unrest were tortured to extract information has heightened Amnesty International's fears for those currently detained.

RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/faxes/express/airmail letters in English, Arabic or your own language:

- urging the prompt release of all those arrested since January 1996 and of detainees held since earlier unrest, unless they are to be charged with recognizably criminal offences;
- seeking information about the identities and current whereabouts of all the detainees and the reasons for their arrest and details of any charges and trial proceedings against them;
- seeking assurances that all the detainees are being humanely treated and urging that they be granted immediate access to lawyers, relatives and independent doctors in accordance with international standards.

APPEALS TO:

His Highness

Shaikh 'Issa Bin Salman Al Khalifa Office of His Highness the Amir P.O. Box 555

The Amiri Court, Rifa'a Palace, Bahrain

Telexes: 8666 Qasar BN; 8500 Qasar BN

Telegrams: His Highness the Amir, al-Manama, Bahrain

Faxes: +973 668884 Salutation: Your Highness

His Excellency

Shaikh Muhammad Bin Khalifa Al Khalifa

Minister of Interior

P.O. Box 13, al-Manama, Bahrain

Telexes: 9572 PSMKT BN or 8333 ALAMAN BN

Telegrams: Minister of Interior, al-Manama, Bahrain

Faxes: +973 276765 or 290526

Salutation: Your Excellency

His Excellency

Shaikh Khalifa Bin Salman al Khalifa

Prime Minister

P.O. Box 1000, al-Manama, Bahrain

Telexes: 9336 PROM BN or 7889 PMPO BN

Faxes: +973 533033 Salutation: Your Excellency

COPIES TO: Diplomatic representatives of Bahrain accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 25 March 1996.