(a company limited by guarantee)

Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

Company No: 2007475

Charity No: 294230

Amnesty International Charity Limited (a company limited by guarantee)

Contents

Section	Page
Legal and Administrative details	3
Trustees' Report	4
Independent Auditor's Report	9
Statement of Financial Activities	11
Balance Sheet	12
Cash Flow Statement	13
Notes to the financial statements	14

(a company limited by guarantee)

Legal and Administrative details

Directors (and Trustees):

Melvin Coleman

Andrew Dick

George Macfarlane

Company Secretary:

Nicholas Williams

Address and Registered Office:

1 Easton Street

London WC1X ODW

Company Registration Number:

2007475

Charity Registration Number:

294230

Date of incorporation:

7 April 1986

Constitution:

Company limited by guarantee, with articles of association.

Solicitors:

Blake Lapthorn LLP Seacourt Tower West Way

Oxford OX2 OFB

Bankers:

HSBC Bank plc 74 Goswell Road

London EC1V 7DA

Auditors:

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

St Bride's House 10 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8EH

(a company limited by guarantee)

Trustees' Report for the year ended 31 December 2013

The Trustees, who are also the Directors of the Charity, present their annual report on the affairs of the Charity, together with the financial statements and auditors' report for the year ended 31 December 2013.

1. Relationship between Amnesty International, Amnesty International Charity Limited and Amnesty International Limited

Amnesty International (AI) is an unincorporated, international movement, which has as its objective securing the observance of the provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other human rights instruments throughout the world. The AI movement consists of national sections in different countries throughout the world, an International Secretariat (IS) whose main office is in London and overseas offices that the IS controls as branches undertaking specific functions; the Charity forms part of the IS. Delegates of the national sections meet on a biennial basis at International Council Meetings to co-ordinate their activities and to elect an International Board to implement the Council's decisions and appoint a Secretary General. The IS is responsible through the Secretary General to the International Board.

The International Board is an elected body which normally consists of nine individuals. The members of the International Board are elected by the representatives of the country sections of Amnesty International for a four year term at biennial International Council Meetings. The International Board has appointed a Finance & Audit Committee which also reports directly to Trustees on matters pertaining to the Charity.

During 2013 the work of the IS was undertaken primarily by Amnesty International Limited, a company limited by guarantee; the Charity, Amnesty International Charity Limited undertook certain of those aspects of the work of the IS which are charitable under the law of England and Wales.

The Charity undertakes activities by granting funds to Amnesty International Limited ("AIL") to carry out charitable activities on its behalf under the terms of a memorandum of understanding on grant procedures signed in December 2012. The Charity granted funds to AIL for carrying out such commissioned work as the Trustees of the Charity determined.

In June 2012, Amnesty International Limited was appointed as the sole member of the Charity. The Charity is considered a subsidiary of AIL and from 2013 has been consolidated into the Group accounts of AIL.

The Charity continues to grant funds to AIL insofar as these are available through legacies, grants and donations, while retaining an appropriate level of free reserves to manage the risk of unforeseen expenditure in the future.

2. Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2013

2.1 Aims and activities

Amnesty International Charity Limited ("the Charity") is a registered charity. It was incorporated on 7 April 1986 to undertake certain of those aspects of the work of the Amnesty International, International Secretariat ("the IS") which are charitable under the law of England and Wales.

The governing documents of the Charity are its Articles of Association.

As explained above, the Charity largely grants funds to AIL to undertake charitable activities of the kind described below on its behalf. The Charity's objects are as follows:

"Having regard to the Statute for the time being of Amnesty International, the objects for which the Charity is established are to promote human rights (as set out in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and subsequent United Nations conventions and declarations) throughout the world by all or any of the following means:

(a company limited by guarantee)

Monitoring abuses of human rights;

Obtaining redress for the victims of human rights abuse;

Relieving need among the victims of human rights abuse (and in particular medical, rehabilitational or financial assistance);

Research into human rights issues;

Providing technical advice to government and others on human rights matters;

Contributing to the sound administration of human rights law;

Commenting on proposed human rights legislation;

Raising awareness of human rights issues;

Promoting public support for human rights;

Promoting respect for human rights among individuals and corporations;

International advocacy of human rights;

Eliminating infringements of human rights, including without limitation procuring the abolition of torture, extrajudicial execution and disappearance.

2.2 Public Benefit

In setting the Charity's objectives and planning our activities, the Trustees have given careful consideration to the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit. The Trustees always ensure that the activities undertaken by the Charity are in line with its charitable objects and aims.

The Charities Act 2006 makes provision for the advancement of human rights as a charitable purpose. Our objectives and purposes, and the activities that flow from them are broadly aligned to those summarised in the Charity Commission's guidance publication "RR12 - The Promotion of Human Rights".

2.3 Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The management of activities and the execution of the Charity's strategy are subject to a number of risks.

Risks are reviewed by the Board of Trustees and appropriate processes are in place to monitor and mitigate them. Key risks affecting the Charity are set out below:

Reputational risk

Reputational damage to the Charity may arise from adverse publicity for a number of reasons, including errors or bias in research reports, poor decision making or misconduct by the Trustees, involvement of regulators or actions taken by other parts of the Amnesty International movement, including the staff and officers of the IS.

Financial risk

Due to the unpredictable nature of the Charity's income, the Trustees consider a principal risk to be the possibility of commitments exceeding income. To mitigate this, the Trustees maintain an appropriate level of free reserves and agree any future grants to Amnesty International Limited on excess frees reserves and prudent financial forecasts.

2.4 Achievements and Performance

In the year to 31 December 2013, the Charity continued to support the charitable activities of the IS. Grants of £65,000 were made to the parent company, AIL, to support its international work. In addition, the Charity incurred direct costs of £100,000 in support of the work of the IS. Detailed information of the work of the IS for the year ended 31 December 2013 is available on the website: www.amnesty.org.

Some examples of the IS's achievements during 2013 are shared below:

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- Following publication of the IS's report, the Qatari authorities acknowledged for the first time that there are serious human rights issues for migrant workers in Qatar.
- The Indian government and Supreme Court of India upheld the rights of tribal people to refuse the development of a bauxite mine by Vedanta, a case we have been campaigning on for a number of years.
- In mid-2013 an OECD complaints mechanism found that Shell had used misleading data on oil pollution in a case brought up by Al and Friends of the Earth.
- Amnesty campaigned on behalf of a number of Prisoners of Conscience individuals were released in Bahrain, Cuba, Turkey, Russia and Turkmenistan, among others.
- Following extensive campaigning by Amnesty members from around the world, a young woman from El Salvador was eventually accepted for treatment in a hospital after having initially been refused a lifesaving abortion.

2.5 Plans for future periods

In 2014, the Charity plans to work towards its objects and aims by continuing to grant funds to AIL contributing to that organization's charitable activities. In 2014 the Charity will grant AIL £135,000 of funds received from Google in 2013 to support the projects described in note 12 to the accounts.

3. Governance and Management

The Charity is a company limited by guarantee and does not have share capital. AIL is the sole member of the Charity.

The Trustees, who are also Directors of the Charity, are appointed by AIL. The Trustees of the Charity during the year were as follows:

Mr Melvin Coleman Mr Andrew Dick Mr George Macfarlane

New Trustees receive an induction from the Company Secretary shortly after their appointment, covering a general overview of the organization and administrative details; fiduciary responsibilities; and legal and statutory responsibilities. This induction will also include understanding the relationship with ALL and the Al movement.

The Trustees have responsibility for the oversight of the Charity. They commission AIL to carry out charitable work on behalf of the Charity under the terms of the grant agreement referred to at paragraph 1 above. Any conflicts of interest arising out of the Charity's governance structure are managed by the Trustees in accordance with the Charity's articles of association and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The activities of AIL are managed by the Secretary General supported by a senior management team and approximately 500 staff based in London and in a number of IS offices around the world.

4. Financial review

The results for the Charity show net incoming resources of £199,000 (2012: net outgoing resources of £1,229,000). Both income and expenditure have substantially reduced again in 2013 in light of the changes made in 2012 to grant arrangements with the UK and Canadian Amnesty International member sections. During 2012, these member sections began making assessment contributions direct to AIL instead of the Charity. This was due to AIL being appointed as the sole member of the Charity in 2012 and subsequent changes implemented to reduce the administrative costs of the Charity.

The principal sources of funding for the Charity in 2013 were donations and legacies. Incoming resources fell by

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90% compared to the prior year due to the change noted above.

As at 31 December 2013, the Charity has net assets of £402,000 (31 December 2012: £203,000) and unrestricted funds totalling £178,000 (31 December 2012: £114,000).

Net cash inflow from operating activities for the period was £232,000 (31 December 2012: £1,025,000); the Charity has net funds of £437,000 as at 31 December 2013 (31 December 2012: £205,000).

Reserves policy

As at 31 December 2013 the level of free reserves of the Charity was £136,000 in excess of its target.

As the Charity's activities are largely carried out on its behalf by AIL under the memorandum of agreement, and as AIL waives the right to charge for the services it provides, the Charity has no requirement for significant reserves. A target level of reserves has been set at £42,000 to cover annual expenditure not met by AIL and a contingency amount for unforeseen costs required to be met directly by the Charity.

The Trustees anticipate that free reserves will be further applied to charitable activities through grants made to AIL in 2014 so as to reach the target level.

Investment policy

In the situation where it has significant funds the Charity aims to invest such funds in a prudent and ethical manner to enable funding of future activities. During the period, any cash not immediately required for operational work was placed in money market deposit accounts.

5. Going concern

A review of financial performance and the Charity's reserves position is set out above. While voluntary income has reduced substantially from 2013 onwards, the Charity continues to receive administrative support from Amnesty International Limited (AIL) for which AIL waives its right to charge. The Charity also continues to receive donations and legacies, which totalled £285,000 in 2013 (2012: £237,000). As a result the Trustees believe that the Charity has adequate financial resources and is well placed to manage business risks. The planning process, including financial projections, has taken into consideration the reductions in income noted above. The Trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Trustees believe that there are no material uncertainties that call into doubt the Charity's ability to continue. The accounts have therefore been prepared on the basis that the Charity is a going concern.

6. Auditors

As far as each of the trustees of the Charity at the date of approval of this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the Charity's auditor in connection with preparing the audit report) of which the Charity's auditor is unaware. Each trustee has taken all of the steps that he/she should have taken as a trustee in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Charity's auditor is aware of that information. Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP has expressed its willingness to continue as auditor for the next financial year.

(a company limited by guarantee)

9. Statement of Trustees' responsibilities

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Charity law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial period in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards) and applicable law.

Under charity law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of its net incoming/outgoing resources for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue to operate.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on Amnesty International's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Melvin Coleman Trustee

5 June 2014 1 Easton Street London WC1X ODW

(a company limited by guarantee)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Amnesty International Charity Limited

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of trustees and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purpose of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and international Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charitable company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the trustees; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

in addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Trustees' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Trustees' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

(a company limited by guarantee)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Amnesty International Charity Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit/

Pesh Framjee

Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

Statutory Auditor

London

15 July 2014

(a company limited by guarantee)

Statement of Financial Activities (Incorporating an Income and Expenditure Account) For the year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds 2013	Restricted Funds 2013	Total Funds 2013	Total Funds 2012
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Incoming Resources from generated funds					
Voluntary Income	3	214	150	364	3,773
Investment Income		1	<u>-</u>	1	2
Total incoming resources		215	150	365	3,775
Resources expended					
Charitable activities	4	147	15	162	4,979
Governance costs	4	4	144	4	25
· Total resources expended		151	15	166	5,004
Net incoming / (outgoing) resources Fund balances brought forward at start		64	135	199	(1,229)
of period		114	89	203	1,431
Fund balances brought forward at end of period		178	224	402	203

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

There is no difference between the net outgoing resources for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012 stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The investment income includes interest received and unrealised gains or losses incurred during the period,

There are no recognised gains and losses in either period other than the net incoming / (outgoing) resources for that period and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

The notes on pages 14 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

(a company limited by guarantee)

Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2013

Company No: 2007475 Charity No: 294230

		31 December	December
	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Current assets			2000
Debtors	9	74	41
Investments	10	182	101
Cash at bank and in hand		255	103
		511	246
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(109)	(43)
Net currents assets, total assets less liabilities and net assets		402	203
Funds			
Unrestricted Funds	14	178	114
Restricted Funds	12,14	224	89
Total Funds		402	203

Approved by the board of directors on 5 June 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Melvin Coleman Trustee

The notes on pages 14 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

(a company limited by guarantee)

Cash Flow Statement For the period ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	Dec-13 £'000	Dec-12 £'000
Reconciliation of net outgoing resources to net cash outflow from operating activities			
Net incoming/(outgoing) resources		199	(1,229)
Interest receivable		199	(2)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors		(33)	281
Increase/ (decrease) in creditors		66	(76)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		232	(1,025)
Cash Flow Statement			
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities		232	(1,025)
Returns on investment and servicing of finance			
Interest received		1	1
Management of liquid resources			
(Purchase)/sale of short term investments		(81)	199
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	13	152	(825)

The notes on pages 14 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

(a company limited by guarantee)

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2013

1 Basis of Accounting

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom and the Statement of Recommended Practice – "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" (SORP) revised in March 2005.

After making enquires, the Trustees have reasonable expectation that the charitable company has adequate resources to continue its activities for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements as outlined in the Report of the Trustees.

Scope

These financial statements only reflect the activities of Amnesty International Charity Limited. They do not include the activities of AIL, or of the Sections of the Amnesty International movement, as these are all separate legal entities that are neither owned nor controlled by the Charity.

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding periods.

2 Accounting Policies

Incoming resources

Income is accounted for on an accruals basis in the period in which the charity is entitled to income where the amount can be measured with reasonable certainty.

Legacies

Legacies are recognised when receipt is reasonably certain and the amount is quantifiable.

Grants

Where no performance conditions relating to the receipt of incoming resources are set then restricted grant revenue is recognised when receivable (when the conditions of entitlement, certainty and measurability have been met).

Where the receipt of incoming resources relating to a restricted grant is dependent on certain contractual performance conditions, revenue is only recognised when these expenditure conditions have been met. Where grants are subject to donor imposed conditions which specify the time period in which expenditure can take place and there exist detailed expenditure budgets with explicit timescales (that have been agreed by the grantor and grantee), then incoming resources are matched with expenditure such that revenue relating to expenditure in future periods is recorded as deferred revenue when received.

Contributions from Sections

There have been no contributions from Sections of Amnesty International in the year. In the prior year the Canadian and UK Sections of Amnesty International contributed a share of their income towards the funding of the Charity until March and April 2012 respectively. The income recognised reflected the agreed level of contribution.

(a company limited by guarantee)

2 Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments

Investments, which relate to money market deposits, are carried at cost.

Fund accounting

The Charity maintains the following types of fund:

- Restricted where the donor has specified that the donation be used for a particular purpose.
- Unrestricted for use by the trustees to further the Charity's objects.

Resources expended

Resources expended are accounted for on an accruals basis and are recognised in the period to which they relate, and include an element of VAT which cannot be recovered. Liabilities are recognised as resources expended as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the Charity to the expenditure.

Resources expended are classified by the activity headings shown below. Where expenditure cannot be directly attributed to particular headings (support costs) it is allocated based upon expenditure in each category for the year as a proportion of total resources expended.

Charitable activities comprise:

- Research and publications which represents the costs incurred in conducting research to highlight grave violations of human rights.
- Abolition of torture, extrajudicial execution and disappearance which represents costs incurred in campaigning to hold governments accountable for their actions and to uphold international law and the absolute prohibition of torture, extrajudicial execution and disappearance under any circumstances.

Governance costs represent costs that relate to the general running of the Charity as opposed to the direct management functions inherent in the activities of the Charity. They provide the governance infrastructure which allows the Charity to operate and to generate the information required for public accountability and include the strategic planning processes that contribute to the future development of the Charity.

Irrecoverable VAT

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the costs recharged by AIL where it is incurred.

Foreign currency

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arise mainly on the conversion and translation of income received and held in the Charity's bank accounts. As such the net gain or loss is included within incoming resources in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Segmental analysis

The Trustees are of the opinion that the Charity has only one class of business namely securing the observance of the provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and other human rights instruments throughout the world. Further the Trustees are of the opinion that the Charity generates incoming resources from one geographical market which comprises the United Kingdom and Canada.

(a company limited by guarantee)

2 Accounting Policies (continued)

Liquid resources

Liquid resources comprise cash held in current accounts and call deposit accounts.

3 Voluntary Income

	Unrestricted Funds 2013	Restricted Funds 2013	Total Funds 2013	Total Funds 2012
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Contributions from Sections		-		2,748
Donations and bequests	135	150	285	237
Government grant funding Grant under Gift Aid from Amnesty	-		-	708
International Limited	79		79	80
Total Voluntary income	214	150	364	3,773
		*	* 1 1	

4 Resources Expended

Nesources Experience				
	Direct Costs	Support Costs	Total Funds	Total Funds
	2013	2013	2013	2012
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Research and publications into human rights violations Abolition of torture, extrajudicial execution	62	100	162	4,836
and disappearance	-	-		143
Total charitable activities	62	100	162	4,979
Governance	3	1	4	25
Total resources expended	65	101	166	5,004

Governance costs consist of the staff costs of legal, financial and other support provided to Charity Trustees by AIL staff during the period.

Auditors' remuneration is borne by AIL and is not recharged to the Charity. The audit fee for the Charity is £3,000 + VAT (December 2012: £6,000 + VAT).

(a company limited by guarantee)

5 Support costs

	2013 Charitable activities	2013 Governance	2013 Total	2012 Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Salaries and employment benefits		-	_	191
Occupancy costs	100	1	101	129
Professional fees	- 8		-	101
Information technology costs	-	_ a , = -	- 11 <u>-</u>	22
Administration costs		-	_	62
Depreciation	-	-	-	43
Insurance	* * * * * * * •	* " L _ *	-	7
Other costs	-	_	-	10
	100	1	101	565

In 2012, due to the larger size of the unrestricted grant made to AIL, part of this grant was allocated to cover support costs incurred by AIL incurred in carrying out its charitable activities, as well as to charitable activities and governance. Due to the significant reduction in income, support costs in 2013 are only those directly incurred by the Charity.

6 Grants

The Charity granted funds to AIL in the period for work performed on behalf of the Charity; the figure granted was £65,000 in 2013.

7 Employees and Directors

The Charity had no employees during the year (2012: nil). All salaries and related costs are born by the employer, AIL. In the current year, employee costs borne by AIL on behalf of the Charity totalled £3,000 (2012: £7,000).

The trustees of the Charity did not receive any remuneration during the period (2012: nil) from the Charity for their services as directors and Trustees of the Charity.

The trustees did not receive any reimbursement of expenses from the Charity during the period. (2012: nil).

8 Taxation

As a registered charity, the Charity will not be chargeable to corporation tax on its income or profits on the basis that they are applied for wholly charitable purposes. The charitable status of the Charity has been confirmed by the Charity Commission and HM Revenue & Customs. In the light of the provisions in the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988, no tax liability arises.

(a company limited by guarantee)

9 Debtors

	Dec 13	Dec 12
	£'000	£'000
Accrued income	74	
Due from Sections		41
Total debtors	74	41

10 Investments

	Dec 13	Dec 12
	£'000	£'000
Carrying value at start of period	101	300
Additions to investment at cost	81	
Disposal of investments at cost	V -	(199)
Carrying value at end of period	182	101

Investments comprise money market deposits.

11 Creditors

Dec 13	Dec 12
£'000	£'000
109	43
109	43
	£'000 109

Creditors comprise an accrued grant commitment to Amnesty International Limited at the year end.

(a company limited by guarantee)

12 Restricted funds

	31 December 2012 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	31 December 2013 £'000
AI UK (ESR)	80		Lit I describ	80
Al Canada (Dignity)	9	6 (2)		9
Google Ireland	 	150	(15)	135
	89	150	(15)	224

Amnesty International UK (ESR)

The Charity received funds from AI UK in previous years to fund its economic and social rights project.

Al Canada (Dignity)

The Charity received funds from Al Canada during 2010 for work associated with the Dignity campaign.

These two entities will be contacted in 2014 to agree application of the carried forward funds to 2014 projects.

Google Ireland

The Charity received funds from Google Ireland in relation to two projects:

- Developing the 'Panic Button' smart phone app to alert contacts when an activist is detained.
- Developing an online activism tool to support Amnesty campaigns

13 Cash flow information

Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds			
	*	2013	2012
		£'000	£'000
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the period		152	(825)
Cash inflow/(outflow) from increase in liquid resources		81	(199)
Movement in net funds resulting from cash flows		233	(1,024)
Net funds at start of period		204	1,229
Net funds at end of period		437	205
Analysis of net funds			31-Dec-
	31-Dec-12	Cash Flow	13
*	£'000		
Cook at hand and in hand		£'000	£'000
Cash at bank and in hand	103	152	255
Liquid resources	101	81	182
	204	233	437

Liquid resources comprise short-term deposits with banks which mature within 12 months of date of inception.

(a company limited by guarantee)

14 Analysis of Net Assets between Funds

			Total 31
	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	December 2013
Current Assets	£'000	£'000	£'000
Debtors	74		74
Short term investments	93	89	182
Cash at bank and in hand	120	135	255
	287	224	511
Creditors: amounts falling due			
within one year	(109)	<u>-</u>	(109)
Net current assets and net assets	178	224	402
Total funds as at 31 December			
2013	178	224	402

15 Related Party Transactions

Under Financial Reporting Standard 8 the Charity is exempt from the requirement to disclose transactions with its parent on the basis that its results are consolidated in its parent's financial statements. There have been no other related party transactions in the year.