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"Disappea

### Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (FRY)

UA 314/99

## Teki Bokshi - ethnic Albanian lawyer and human rights activist from Kosovo

Ethnic Albanian lawyer Teki Bokshi was detained by Serbian police on 3 December. The authorities have not given any information about his whereabouts, and Amnesty International is seriously concerned for his safety.

Teki Bokshi, who lives in Kosovo, works for a Belgrade-based human rights organization, the Humanitarian Law Center (HLC). He was returning to Belgrade from visiting clients in Sremska Mitrovica prison, northwest of the city, with two other ethnic Albanian HLC lawyers, when their car was stopped about 15 kilometres from Belgrade by plainclothes police in a grey Mercedes with Ministry of the Interior licence plates.

The police took the car keys and demanded all three men's identity documents. Teki Bokshi had left his documents at the Belgrade hotel where he was staying. The police kept the other two lawyers' documents and ordered them to wait at the roadside, saying that they were taking Teki Bokshi to the hotel to check his identity.

Teki Bokshi was taken off at about 2pm. At 5pm the two other men raised the alarm. Despite appeals to the Serbian authorities, HLC director Nataša Kandi\_has been unable to obtain news from them of Teki Bokshi since his "disappearance".

## BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The HLC, established in 1992, is a well-respected national human rights organization with offices in Belgrade, Montenegro and Kosovo. Teki Bokshi and the other two lawyers were defending some of nearly 2,000 ethnic Albanian prisoners from Kosovo, including some women and minors, detained on suspicion of committing acts of "terrorism" and accused of being members of the Kosovo Liberation Army, the main ethnic Albanian armed group in the conflict in Kosovo. Some have already been convicted in trials Amnesty International believes were unfair.

The Serbian authorities transferred the ethnic Albanians to prisons in Serbia proper after the Serbian police withdrew from Kosovo in June. It is likely that many of them have been tortured or ill-treated in detention. Some 300 prisoners have been released after charges against them were dropped.

# RECOMMENDED ACTION: Please send telegrams/telexes/faxes/express/airmail letters in English, French, German, Russian or your own language:

- asking for information about the whereabouts of Teki Bokshi, who was detained by police between Sremska Mitrovica and Belgrade on 3 December 1999;
- calling for his immediate and unconditional release;
- expressing concern for his safety while he remains in unacknowledged detention.

## APPEALS TO:

 $\frac{\texttt{President}}{\texttt{Slobodan MiloŠevi}} \ \underline{ \ \ } \frac{\texttt{Tederal Republic of Yugoslavia}}{\texttt{Slobodan MiloŠevi}}$ 

Predsednik SRJ

Bulevar Mihaila Pupina 2 11070 Beograd, Yugoslavia

Telegrams:President, Belgrade, Yugoslavia

Faxes:+ 381 11 636 775 Telexes: 11062 siv yu

E-mails: slobodan.milosevic@gov.yu

Salutation:Dear President

Minister of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Serbia

Vlajko Stojiljkovi

Ministar unutrašnjih poslova Republike Srbije

Kneza Miloša 101

11000 Beograd, FR Yugoslavia

Fax: +381 11 3617 508 Salutation: Dear Minister

Federal Minister of Internal Affairs

Zoran Sokolovi

Ministar za unutrašnje poslove

Savezno ministarstvo za unutrašnje poslove

11000 Beograd, FR Yugoslavia

Telegrams: Federal Minister, Belgrade, Yugoslavia

Faxes:+ 381 11 361 7730

E-mails: zoran.sokolovic@gov.yu

Salutation:Dear Minister

#### COPIES TO:

 $\underline{\texttt{Federal}}\ \underline{\texttt{Minister}}\ \underline{\texttt{of}}\ \underline{\texttt{Foreign}}\ \underline{\texttt{Affairs}}$ 

Ministar za inostrane poslove

\_ivadin Jovanovi\_

Savezno ministarstvo za inostrane poslove

Kneza Miloša 24-26

11000 Beograd, Yugoslavia Faxes:+ 381 11 367 2954

Telexes: 11173

E-mails: zivadin.jovanovic@gov.yu

and to diplomatic representatives of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia accredited to your country.

PLEASE SEND APPEALS IMMEDIATELY. Check with the International Secretariat, or your section office, if sending appeals after 17 January 1999.